The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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FIRST EDITION.

HARRISBURG.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

THE AUDITOR GENERALSHIP.

Letter from Mr. Brigham Declining the Appointment.

McJunkin's Proviso Stricken from the Free Pipe Bill.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Press.

HARRISBURG, March 18, 1872.

Mr. C. D. Brigham Declines the Auditor Generalship.

The Senate met this evening. The Speaker presented the following communication:

PITTSBURGH, March 15, 1872.

To Hon. John W. Geary, Governor:

DEAR SIR: When you did me the honor to appoint me Auditor General for the term of three years, in the place of David Stanton, deceased, I was on the point of leaving home to be absent a number of weeks. Although the voluntary offer by you of this very responsible office was fully appreciated by me, had I acted on my own judgment, I should have promptly declined the appointment; but friends whose opinions I value induced me to give the subject further consideration. You can testify that I did not seek the office, and with perfect sincerity I assure you that I do not desire it. My instinct and interest both counsel me to decline it, and I have so decided. At the head of an independent Republican journal, my position quite satisfies my ambition, and affords employment for all of my time, and I feel that I ought to accept no position or trust which might under any circumstances interfere with the free discharge of my duties as a journalist. Renewing the expression of my grateful appreciation of your kindness and confidence, I subscribe myself, sincerely and respectfully yours, C. D. BRIGHAM.

Speaker Rutan brought this letter from Mr. Brigham to the Governor to-day, with a copy for the Senate. Mr. Brigham then left Philadelphia for the South.

Bills Introduced.

Mr. Graham, supplement to the Pittsburgh Bridge Company, authorizing the construction of a main channel span in southerly branch of said bridge a clear height of seventy-five feet above low water mark, and construct the main channel span in the northerly branch extending from the main pier to the Allegheny shore, with a clear open space of three hundred feet; provided the United States authorities permit. Also, annexing part of Reserve township to Allegheny city. Also, referring to the collection of certain taxes in Allegheny city, directing the Controller of said city to receive proposals from banks and banking institutions on certain deposits.

The Auditor Generalship.

Mr. Strang moved the discharge of the Judiciary Committee from consideration of the House bill providing in case of the death of the Auditor or Surveyor General between his election and the beginning of his term, the Governor shall appoint till the first Tuesday in December following the election of the new officer, to occur at the next October election. He made this motion to enable the Senate to consider the bill. This bill continued Mr. Hartranft in office till the next election. The motion to discharge was agreed to, yeas—Allen, Brooks, Crawford, Davis, of Philadelphia, Dechert, Delamater, Dill, Graham, Humphreys, Nagle, Randall, Strang, Rutan, 13; nays—Billingfelt, Collins, McSherry, Purman, Warfel, Weakly, 6.

Mr. Billingfelt moved a postponement of the bill till Thursday. Lost, yeas 7, nays 15.

Mr. Billingfelt moved to strike out the provision continuing Hartranft as Auditor General. The bill was then postponed to allow Mr. Allen to call up the House oil bill, repealing the proviso of the second section of the supplement to the general manufacturing bill of 1863, which supplement was passed in 1872. Passed.

This bill, which has also passed the House, on motion of Mr. McJunkin, repeals the proviso in the free oil pipe bill passed last week, which provided that no pipe shall be allowed within five miles of the State line, and that oil shall be given for transportation to the railroad having the greatest length of track in Pennsylvania.

The bill relative to the Auditor General was resumed. Mr. Billingfelt's amendment was lost, yeas—Messrs. Billingfelt, Petriken, Purman, Warfel, Weakley—5; nays—Messrs. Allen, Brooke, Crawford, Davis, Philadelphia; Dechert, Delamater, Dill, Fitch, Graham, Humphreys, McSherry, Mumma, Nagle, Randall, Strang, Rutan—16. Those not voting were absent.

Mr. Billingfelt then moved to substitute G. Dawson Coleman for Hartranft in the bill Lost. The bill then passed finally and goes to the Governor for approval. Yeas nineteen, nays two, namely, Billingfelt and Warfel. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Nothing was done of interest to Western Pennsylvania except McJunkin's bill supplement, reported in the Senate proceedings.

The Evans Committee

Meets Wednesday evening. All the gentlemen named in the Harrisburg correspondence of the New York *Sun* have requested an opportunity to be heard, and every effort will be made to have Evans present also.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

HARRISBURG, PA., March. 18, 1872.

The repeal of the proviso in the Free Pipe bill has passed both Houses.

T. W. MITCHELL.

XLII CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18, 1872.

SENATE.

Mr. CONKLING called up his resolution calling upon the departments for information as to recommendations for appointments to office by various Senators.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered an amendment asking the departments to distinguish between recommendation and mere reference of papers of applicants to heads of departments and to include the Louisiana Senators.

Mr. CONKLING accepted the modification, and the resolution as modified was then adopted.

The Chicago relief bill was then taken up and considered until the Senate went into executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

No business of general interest was transacted in the House to-day.

POLITICAL.

Mr. Sumner Denies It All.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—The *Times and Chronicle* special from Washington to-day says: Mr. Sumner this morning authorized your correspondent to say that the reported conversation with Senator Wilson, wherein he (Sumner) is quoted as telling his colleague that their political paths must soon openly diverge, is a wretched humbug and an invention of some enemy, who seems determined to misrepresent his position. No such conversation took place, and Mr. Sumner has not said that he intended soon to assail the President and the administration in the Senate chamber with all the power at his command.

Opening of the Campaign in Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, CT., March 18.—Senator Wilson delivered the opening speech of the campaign here to-night to an immense audience. His speech was an able argument, and every allusion to Grant was received with deafening applause.

Dwelling House Burned at Lucas, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LUCAS, O., March 18, 1872.

Last evening about eight o'clock the large frame dwelling of Dr. N. Baker, one of the finest residences in town, was destroyed by fire. Owing to the scarcity of water nothing could be done towards saving the house. The greater part of the furniture and the Doctor's valuable books and papers were saved. The fire is supposed to have originated in one of the flues. Loss about $4,000. The building was insured for $2,000, and the furniture for $500 in the Richland Mutual of Mansfield.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Sheriff Rodegan, of Memphis, went to President's Island on Saturday, to arrest a negro named White, and was accompanied by a crowd of armed negroes. White barricaded himself in his cabin and fought desperately, killing two and wounding four colored men before surrendering. The negroes demanded possession of him, but the officers refused, and lodged him in jail in Memphis.

St. Patrick's day was generally observed in all the principal cities of the country yesterday and in nearly all instances passed off without disturbance. In Jersey City a police officer who attempted to escort some ladies across the street through the line of the procession was set upon by the processionists and dangerously injured.

Joseph A. Thomas, a prominent fruit and oyster packer of Baltimore, was arrested on Saturday on a charge of defrauding Thomas Wilson to the amount of $56,000 by means of forged drafts. Other similar charges, involving $150,000, have been lodged against him.

Doctor Goshorn, postmaster at Degensburg, Tenn. has absconded with $4,000 of Government funds.

Samuel Russell, proprietor of a hotel at Paris, Tenn., fatally shot himself last Saturday while out hunting.

The new railroad bridge over the Ohio river at Cincinnati, between the Little Miami depot and Newport, will be tested to-day. To-morrow officials of the Pennsylvania Central will cross it in a special train.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Assassin of Earl Mayo Executed.

CALCUTTA, March 18, *via* LONDON.—The assassin of Earl Mayo has been executed. He made a confession declaring that the death of the Viceroy was not the result of a conspiracy, as he alone designed and carried out the murder. He also said that he intended to kill General Stewart, who accompanied Earl Mayo on his tour of inspection to Port Blain, and was only prevented from fully executing his purpose by the promptness of his arrest after attacking the Viceroy.

Marine News.

PLYMOUTH, March 18.—The steamship Silesia, from New York, arrived.

Bold Denunciation of England by an Irish Speaker.

DUBLIN, March 18.—The celebration of St. Patrick's Day at Cork yesterday was one of unusual proportions. A mass meeting was held at City Park, at which it is estimated nearly 15,000 persons were present. Mr. Ronyane presided, and on taking the chair made a powerful speech. He said the most despotic government in Europe would not have allowed such an occasion as the Royal Thanksgiving to pass without signalizing it by an amnesty to political prisoners. The Queen of England should remember that her dynasty owed its existence to the greatest perjurer of modern times, the Duke of Marlborough. Providence seemed to have interposed to remind her of that, for in the same carriage with the Queen when O'Connor presented his pistol and petition, sat a lady of honor who was a descendant of the Churchills. England had never granted anything from motives of justice. Concessions had always been wrung from her through fear. The speakers' bold denunciations were received with frequent and protracted cheering. The various organizations marched to and from the park with flags and bands of music. Although there was much excitement no disorder occurred, and the police force, which had been largely increased for the day, found no occasion to interfere.

Congress of Catholics.

BONN, March 18.—The old Catholic party, to the number of one hundred, held a meeting here last week, and resolved to call a general Congress to meet at Cologne in September. A petition against the Jesuits was framed to be presented to the Reichstag.

The American Reply to Granville's Note in Parliament.

LONDON, March 18.—In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Gladstone, answering Disraeli's inquiry, stated that the reply of the American Government to Lord Granville's note concerning the Alabama claims was received by Her Majesty's Government on the 14th instant. He was gratified to be able to state that it was couched in courteous and friendly terms. [Cheers.] Our views, he continued, are not adopted, hence, in the opinion of the government an answer is required, which the government of the United States appears to invite. This answer will be delivered to the American Minister in London before Thursday of next week. It would be inconsistent with public business to lay the correspondence before Parliament at present, particularly as the Congress of the United States has declined to ask it of the President. The tenor of our communication, while it shows we are anxious to carry the treaty into execution, will, I trust, not fail in that sense of the state and nature of the case which the honor of this country demands. The statement of the Premier was received at the close with loud cheers.

Granville, in the House of Lords, made a reply in substance the same to an inquiry of the Earl of Malmesbury concerning the correspondence, adding that the papers would be produced as soon as possible. He assured their Lordships that he was aware of the public anxiety on the subject, and the grave responsibility attaching to the Government in dealing with it.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, March 18.—The iron plated man-of-war Lord Clyde, ashore near the island of Pantellana, has been floated.

PARIS, March 18.—To-day being the anniversary of the uprising of the Commune, it is feared that disorderly demonstrations may be made in celebration of the event. The Government has taken precautionary measures.

ROME, March 18.—H. Von Arnim, German Ambassador to the Papal Court, will shortly present to the Pope his letters of recall.

PARIS, March 18.—It is rumored that General Bourbaki has sent a challenge to Marshal Baraguay D' Hilliers.

VERSAILLES, March 18.—The Republican Left in the Assembly will not oppose the war estimates as agreed on by Thiers and the Budget Committee. A deputy made a speech yesterday in the Assembly, in which he argued that France needed an army of 1,200,000 to keep peace with neighboring powers.

MADRID, March 18.—The *Correspondencia* says a deputation composed of men of all parties recently waited on Don Espartero and requested him to accept the nomination for the Cortes. The distinguished statesman declined the honor, declaring that he had long since withdrawn from the arena of political strife, participation in which was incompatible with his advanced years. He counseled liberal men of all shades of opinion to unite to put an end to the dissensions which afflicted Spain, and consolidate the institutions of the country on a firm basis.

LONDON, March 18.—The London Rowing Club have selected their crew for the match with the Atlanta Boat Club of New York. Following are their men: Stout, W., stroke; Ryan, Austin, Strong.

A pension of £1,000 has been granted to Lady Mayo, and £20,000 have been settled on her children by the British Government.

The bailing of the Tichborne claimant has been again postponed until Wednesday.

LONDON, March 18, Midnight.—The meeting to celebrate the insurrection of the Commune, announced for to-night in St. George's Hall, did not take place. The proprietor refused to allow the use of the hall for the purpose.

PARIS, March 18.—Pere Mauls, Canon of the cathedral of Bordeaux, has joined Pere Zunguai in his protest against the doctrine of papal infallibility.

The Markets.

LONDON, March 18, 5 P. M.—Consols, money, 92⅜; account, 92⅜a93. American bonds—5-20s, '62, 92⅜; do '65, 93⅜; do '67, 93⅛; 10-40s, 89⅛.

FRANKFORT, March 18.—5-20s, '62, 96½.

PARIS, March 18.—Rentes 55f 82c, ex-div.

LIVERPOOL, March 18.—Cotton strong; middling uplands 11½d. Red winter wheat 11s 4d. Flour 25a 26s. Corn 27s 6d. Cheese 70s.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Steps to Force the Recognition of Omaha as the Terminus of the Union Pacific.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, March 18.—Omaha has called a State Convention of Nebraska men to take steps to force the railroads terminating in Council Bluffs to recognize Omaha as the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific and the place where transfers are to be made, and the papers suggest an inter-State war if it comes to that. The excitement is intense on both sides. The Omaha and Northwestern Road proposes to ship goods to and from the east *via* Sioux City, a route sixteen to twenty miles longer than by the direct lines to Council Bluffs. Transfer boats are busy transferring goods from Iowa roads to the Union Pacific with regularity, promptness and dispatch. No delays are experienced, although the completed bridge stands idle as yet.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—The *Democrat* has a special from Omaha which says: A call for a State Convention to assemble at Lincoln on the 27th inst., signed by representative men in every county in Nebraska, is published here. The object of the convention is to take action regarding the extraordinary legislation of Iowa by which the railroads crossing Iowa are forbid, under unconstitutional and outrageous penalties, from crossing the Missouri river or delivering freight or passengers except in Iowa to Nebraska roads, thus attempting to force Nebraska roads into Iowa, where they have no chartered rights or privileges, while under the laws of Congress, passed when Nebraska was a Territory, every Iowa road has the privilege of making connection with the Union Pacific in Nebraska.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18, 1872, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The lowest barometer over northern Lake Michigan will move eastwardly into Canada, with diminishing pressure and rising temperature, thence southeastward to the Atlantic coast; increased cloudiness will prevail over the middle and New England States to-night, with threatening weather and rain or snow along the lower lake region, which may possibly extend to the middle and east Atlantic coasts by and on Tuesday morning; pleasant weather will prevail Tuesday over the Southern States, with southwesterly winds, gradually veering to a northwesterly; a rising barometer, northwesterly winds and clearing weather will prevail over the upper lake region by Tuesday morning, and extend over the Ohio valley and lower lake region by Tuesday evening.

Several Stables Destroyed in Mansfield, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., March 18, 1871.

A fire broke out about eight o'clock this evening in the livery stable of McCoy and Underwood, totally destroying that building and some six or eight stables in its vicinity. A very high wind was prevailing at the time, which carried a perfect deluge of sparks over the eastern part of the city, setting fire to a number of buildings, all of which were extinguished before doing any serious damage. The loss will probably reach ten thousand dollars.

Important Arrests at Steubenville

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

STEUBENVILLE, O., March 18, 1872.

This evening Detective Love, of this city, arrested two men named Jas. Anderson and George Lake, *alias* George or Charles Williams, who have been robbing cars on the Panhandle road for the past six months. A large amount of stolen goods was also recovered.

St. Patrick's day was celebrated in fine style. Several societies from Wheeling and Bellair participating. The procession numbered about 1,500, with several bands of music.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Chase Jealous of Judge Davis.

He Wants a Straight-Out Democratic Nomination.

GENERAL STEAMBOAT BILL AGREED UPON.

Sumner and the Cincinnati Convention.

Fight in the House Over the "Globe" Contract.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18, 1872.

The Chicago Relief Bill

Came up this afternoon in the Senate, and was discussed until adjournment. The only point which was dwelt upon in the debate to-day was as to its constitutionality. Senator Wright, of Iowa, who now has charge of the bill, was asked by Mr. Conkling whether, having given the measure careful attention, he considered it constitutional? To this question Mr. Wright replied in the affirmative. The speakers to-day were Messrs. Ferry and Carpenter against the bill, and Logan and Boreman in its favor. Mr. Ferry renewed his subsidy amendment, which proposes to give to actual sufferers by the fire four hundred thousand dollars from the United States Treasury. He then proceeded to state that he had many letters in his pocket from citizens of Chicago, protesting against the passage of the bill, whose names he would not disclose for their own protection. Carpenter's argument was that the bill violated that section of the Constitution which provides that duties on imports shall be uniform. Logan replied by showing that the whole history of Congressional legislation from the earliest precedents recognized the refunding principle which was contemplated in this bill. Boreman's argument also went to show that the bill in no sense violated the Constitution unless the whole similar system which dotted our statue books should also be classed in the same category. The bill will come up to-morrow as regular order. It now looks as if the debate would be prolonged for two or three days yet; although there is a strong disposition among Senators to sit it out to-morrow. Most of the Senators except Chandler and Ferry think it will unquestionably pass.

An Attempt to Revive the Bayfield Land Grab.

Senator Howe will make a motion in the Senate to-morrow that the latter body refuse to concur in the House amendment to the St. Croix and Bayfield land grab bill, declaring said grant reverted to the public domain and subject to homestead settlement. As has been heretofore stated, the remaining hope of the land grabbers is to get their scheme fixed up to suit themselves in a conference committee. The lobby on behalf of this bill still remain here, clinging to this forlorn hope for success.

Chief Justice Chase and the Democracy.

It is stated to-night that Chief Justice Chase will leave for New York to-morrow, for the purpose of urging August Belmont and other prominent Democrats of that place to hold a straight-out party Convention, notwithstanding the Cincinnati movement. Chase is said to regard Judge Davis's prospect for the Democratic nomination with much jealousy.

Forfeiture of Spirits.

The Supreme Court to-day, in the case of the United States vs. Henderson, decided that the spirits were forfeited by removal from the distillery with intent to defraud the Government, although removed into a bonded warehouse and subsequently sold therein to a *bona fide* purchaser, and all taxes paid thereon, Judges Miller and Field dissenting.

The South Carolina Ku-Klux Cases

Were passed in consequence of the absence of Chief Justice Chase. They will be taken up to-morrow or next day.

The General Steamboat Bill.

The House committee on commerce finally agreed to-day to the general steamboat bill, upon which the sub-committee has been at work nearly all session, and will report it to the House when next called. One of its most important sections extends to steamers upon inland waters the provisions of the former liability act, restricting the amount of suits against owners of vessels for the loss of cargo to the actual loss of the vessel.

Sumner and the Cincinnati Convention.

Inasmuch as Senator Sumner himself discredits the statement to the effect that he is to preside over the Cincinnati Convention, it is due to the character of these dispatches to state that Senator Wilson was authority for the announcement in the first instance. Fresh from an interview with his colleague, Mr. Wilson hastened to scatter this information as to Sumner's future political course, which now seems to have only been a matter of inference on his part. The latest gossip in connection with the Cincinnati Convention here is that New York influences are at work to secure Horace Greeley's nomination for the Vice Presidency on the liberal Republican ticket.

Renewal of the Globe Contract.

The fight in the House this afternoon over the renewal of the *Globe* contract was very severe, and at times exciting. General Beatty rushed out from his seat toward Mr. Kelly, gesticulating as though he intended to chastise him, and many members actually thought he did. The opponents of the renewal finally carried an adjournment, though in a minority of nearly twenty votes, which appeared steadily increasing as the discussion and roll calls progressed. The subject will be up again to-morrow. It was a noticeable fact that the Democrats almost to a man voted for the *Globe* contract, while the Republicans were badly divided. General Garfield spoke against it, while Mr. Dawes voted in its favor. There are valid and important considerations on both sides of the measure, but the indication most conspicuous to-day was that it had been diligently lobbied in advance, and that its success depended upon previous arrangement rather than upon open discussion.

Louisiana Politics.

Governor Warmouth, of Louisiana, arrived this morning, and had an outwardly pleasant interview with ex-speaker Carter in the capitol this afternoon. Warmouth does not announce any political mission, but says that he is merely observing the situation. Influences are working to defeat the confirmation of Parker as Surveyor of New Orleans, and one of the Louisiana Senators claims to be confident of success. General Butler says that he never asked the President to appoint Parker, nor asked anybody to ask the President to do it. He urged Parker not to seek nor accept the office, but now that he has been nominated he does not care to have him incur the disgrace of rejection.

The Arms Investigation.

Secretary Fish has been requested by the Senate French Arms Committee to telegraph Minister Washburne at once and ascertain whether the French Committee on war contracts ever passed a resolution requesting to be furnished with a copy of the results of our investigation, as stated in a cable dispatch and denied repeatedly by Mr. Morean. Col. W. C. Squire, Secretary of the Remington firm, began his testimony to-day, but progressed but a little way.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 1872.

EX-COLLECTOR MURPHY AGAIN INTERROGATED.

Before the Custom House Investigating Committee this afternoon, Ex-Collector Murphy was asked why he did not yield to the request of the general sentiment of New York merchants who objected to Leet and Stocking's conduct of the general order business, and recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, based on the results of the Patterson Committee, to restore business to the Jersey side. In reply the witness said he did not understand that to be the general sentiment of the merchants. He thought the Secretary of the Treasury was mistaken, and did not think the steamship companies were proper custodians of unpaid goods, their interests as importers and common carriers being identical. The witness said in the latter part of the summer of 1870, in conversation with the President, at Long Branch, the President said he wanted Leet to go into business elsewhere than New York, regretting that Leet had gone into the general order business. The President then informed Murphy that he did not want to embarrass him in his appointments, but spoke merely for the retention of two persons then in the Custom House, one of whom had been a class mate and room mate at West Point with General Grant. The witness said A. T. Stewart was in favor of the restoration of the general order business to the steamship lines, because of the business facilities they could give him, but whether the facilities were superior to those which could be afforded by other parties, was another question. He had always felt free to do justice to all parties in the general order business. Witness did not tell Cleveland, brother-in-law of Horace Greeley, that the general order business was controlled or fixed at Washington. He had a conversation with Cleveland on board the steamer on the way to Long Branch. Cleveland brought two stools, and they went towards the center of the boat and sat down, when Cleveland said: "Mr. Murphy, I don't want to embarrass you, but I would like to have a share of the general order business." Murphy said that was a delicate matter to touch. He would do something for him if he could, and promised to take the matter into consideration. He might have said to Cleveland that there was a gentleman in Washington to whom he at times thought of giving some of the business. Having been asked who that person was, Murphy responded, "The present naval officer, Laflin," who was at that time a member of Congress. Witness was asked whether he had been concerned in real estate speculations with Tweed, Connolly, Sweeny and Hugh Smith, to which questions he replied that he had made only one purchase, in which he gave them an interest. He had purchased two blocks at $542,000. After he instructed his attorney to buy, he wanted Governor Morgan to take part of the property. Governor Morgan had no time then to look into the matter, being on the eve of leaving New York to remain a week. Murphy next day met Hugh Smith, who offered to buy an interest. They got into a hack and went together to Delmonico's hotel where they talked over the subject. Smith himself made arrangements by which other parties became purchasers of part of the property. The city was at no expense, as the streets had been graded and paved, and no improvements were required to be made. He was interrogated as to removals from the Custom House, of men who adhered to the former system of carrying primary elections. He furnished their names to the Secretary of the Treasury. The postmaster and other officers might also have furnished names. Those men who were removed were Tammany Republicans, and were accused by the *Tribune* and other papers of abusing Tweed, who for several years controlled the Republican organization of New York city. Senator Bayard remarked the impression had been made that Tweed run both political parties. The witness, in connection with the subject of removals, said he was a neighbor of General Butler at Long Branch, and had received a letter from General Porter, inquiring about those subsequently removed, which he Murphy, believed to have been written under direction of the President; at least, he acted on it as such. The committee adjourned to meet to-morrow.

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION.

Remarkable Effects—Three Little Girls Killed Half a Mile from the Scene of the Occurrence—Two Other Persons Killed.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—At half past two o'clock this afternoon the fire bells rang from Liberty street and Central avenue. The signal "no fire" soon followed. It was not long till the city was shocked by the intelligence of one of the most terrific boiler explosions ever experienced here, perhaps in some respects the most remarkable as well as most singular in the history of casualties. A battery of two steam boilers in the soap and candle factory of Messrs. Woods & Conahan, occupying a long front at 698 Central avenue, had exploded, with unheard of violence. In the factory were about eighty persons. Two of these were horribly mangled and instantly killed, two slightly wounded, and all the others escaped. On Baymiller street, over a half mile distant by map measurement, in a bee line, three little girls in the front yard were jumping rope. A portion of the boiler was hurled all that distance, over the house tops, upon their heads. Two of them were killed instantly, and the third was mortally wounded, but is not yet dead. This piece of boiler was a perfect cylinder, ten feet four inches long, twenty-four inches in diameter, and weighs about a ton. Persons who saw it say it looked like a stove pipe sailing in the air just above the roofs. A party of ladies on York street, more than a half mile north from where it alighted, saw it going and say it resembled a board sailing in the air. The front yard in which it alighted is not more than eight feet deep and is inclosed by an iron railing fence. The boiler landed in the yard parallel with the fence, injuring the railing but slightly, and tearing up a stone step. Two doors further down the street there was about a fourth more of the boiler, with head of the same. This portion was much torn.

LATER—The casualties at the factory where the explosion occurred were Engineer Barney Osthaffer, who had been acting in that capacity at the works more than thirteen years. He was standing about twenty feet from the boiler that exploded putting coal in the furnace of another battery. He was mangled horribly. James Ulrich, a German about fifty years of age, who attended the tank, and had gone to the engine room on a temporary errand, was torn to pieces. George Herringer, employed in the works, was severely but not dangerously bruised. Lizzie Hoffman, also an employee, was struck in the arm and slightly wounded by a piece of boiler. Michael Schiemer, mason, working at the factory, was struck by a fragment of the boiler and injured slightly. George Harvey was covered up by debris and slightly bruised. These are all that were injured at the factory. The children killed on Baymiller street were Alice Thornton, six years old, in front of her residence, just waiting to go down town on an errand with her mother; Cora Cole, also six years old, was turning a rope with Emma Forbes, also six, for Emma Thornton, who had just learned to jump rope. Emma Forbes was mortally wounded. All these children live half a mile distant from the place of the explosion, and so far off that the report of it could scarcely if at all be heard. There were two boilers in the battery that exploded, each thirty feet long and twenty-four inches in diameter, without flues. They were eight years old, 7-16 inch iron originally. It was apparently strong; it was tested last fall with three hundred and sixty pounds cold water pressure and stood it well. Three hundred pounds pressure had been used on it in the works, but of late it had been subjected two hundred and fifty pounds. The boilers were used to supply steam for tanking out lard for making candles. A portion of one of these boilers, about ten feet long, was blown perpendicularly in the air and fell back about the spot it started from, burying itself several feet in the ground. It was probably the remainder of this boiler which went to Bay-Miller street. The other boiler was hurled through a wall of brick a foot in thickness and several feet of earth, into Providence street, where it lodged. This boiler would have careened eastwardly over the city, as the other did westwardly, but for this obstruction. The adjacent property, walls of the building, and even the furnace, were scarcely at all injured. A lard tank near the boilers, and a few wooden tank adjacent, were overturned, while other frail vessels were undisturbed. The report was not loud, and fire did not communicate to combustible materials adjacent, of which there was a large quantity. When the boiler fell on little Alice Thornton it was hot; men could not lay hands upon it, but had to get poles to lift it off her.

The cause of the explosion is not given. Few persons venture to guess what occasioned it. Investigation will probably follow.

THE OIL INTEREST.

Buffalo Bound to Bond for a Railroad to Titusville—How the South Improvement Company is Understood at the National Capital.

BUFFALO, March 18.—The City Councils to-day unanimously adopted resolutions to apply to the Legislature for permission to bond the City in aid of the Buffalo and Titusville railroad.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The House committee on commerce, to whom was referred the complaints against South Improvement company, will hear a committee of Oil producers on the subject, who are expected from Oil District in Western Pennsylvania. It is alleged that the South Improvement Company have made a combination with the New York Central, New York and Erie and Pennsylvania Central Railroad Companies for a term of five years, the object of which is to control all transportation of oil at advanced rates. The rates under this arrangement have already been advanced one dollar and fifty cents per barrel, which will amount to an increase of cost for transportation alone of over eight million dollars per annum, two-thirds of which is to go to the Improvement Company in the shape of drawbacks, and for which they render no equivalent. The people of the oil region are intensely excited, and they are holding meetings and organizing for self-protection. They have formed a secret political organization which they claim will enroll over thirty thousand voters, and be strong enough to change the political complexion of the State if necessary to protect them from the monopolists.

Wife Killed by Her Maniac Husband.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—An insane German named Schacht, living in Frenchtown, in the lower part of the city, attacked his wife to-day with a heavy iron poker, and broke her skull, one piece about four inches wide being knocked completely out of the poor woman's head, and her brains and blood scattered over the room in a horrible manner. The woman, although insensible, still lived this evening, but her death is certain. Schacht had been a hard drinker, and some four years ago had a sunstroke, since when he has been several times deranged. The assault to-day was unprovoked and entirely unexpected. The maniac was arrested, and is now confined in a cell.

Two Barns Burned in Brookville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROOKVILLE, PA., March 18, 1872.

A fire occurred here this evening. Two barns were burnt. The loss is not heavy.

Work has been resumed on the Memphis and Paducah Railroad, with the intention of pushing it through to completion.

Obituary—Captain J. C. Sample.

Another gallant soldier has received marching orders from the Great Commander, and gone to the better world where wars and rumors of wars have no place. Captain J. C. Sample died at his residence in Allegheny City at eleven o'clock Sunday night, in the thirty-first year of his age. He served his country nobly as Captain of Company I in the brave One Hundred and Thirty-ninth regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. In private as well as in military life his record was unblemished. A multitude of comrades and friends sympathize with the bereaved family.

The funeral will take place from the Arch street M. E. church, Allegheny City, at three o'clock this afternoon.

Family Favorite.

Weed Sewing Machines in every style and finish *do exactly the same range of work.* No one can buy at *any price* a better machine than that within reach of the means of the poorest. Call at 116 Market street.

INGENIOUS young men should attend Mr. Bakewell's free lecture on "Great Inventions," at the Christian Association Rooms, this evening.

Sudden Death—Coroner's Inquest.

Yesterday the Coroner held an inquest on the remains of Frederick Doerr, who died suddenly at his boarding house in Birmingham, about four o'clock in the morning. Deceased had retired to bed about eleven o'clock on the previous evening. About two o'clock in the morning he awakened his wife and said that he felt very ill. The proprietor of the boarding house was called and administered some restoratives which had the deserved effect. At four in the morning Doerr had another attack at which time Dr. Kerr was called. The physician had scarcely arrived in the house before the man was dead. The doctor gave it as his opinion that death resulted from congestion of the lungs, a verdict in accordance was rendered. Doerr was a pattern maker and had been but a short time in this city.

Those Costs in Advance.

From statements made by Deputy Mayor Nichols and others, it is now established as a fact that Mr. Nichols was not the magistrate who demanded the costs in advance from the man Walker, who desired to prefer a charge of felonious assault and battery against a man named Neish. Walker was confronted at the Mayor's office with Attorney Powers and the Deputy Mayor, but could not recognize either of them as the man who had asked him for the costs in advance. Walker maintained, however, that some one in the Deputy's office had certainly asked him to pay the costs in advance. While Mr. Nichols is fully exonerated from the charges made against him, it is very probable that during his absence from his office some one undertook to represent him. It is with pleasure that we give Mr. Nichols's side of the case.

Crazy Drunk.

The Mayor's police, yesterday, arrested a man named Bowman, near the Cathedral, just while the procession was passing. It is alleged that when arrested he was behaving in a disorderly manner. On the way to the lock-up he fought the officers most determinedly, and it was only after a severe struggle that the man was taken into custody at all. It was asserted last night that Bowman is a lunatic; if this is true he should be in an asylum and not disturbing the public peace.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

Opening of the Spring Term.

The spring term of that most ably conducted educational institution, the Pittsburgh Female College, will open to-morrow (Wednesday) morning. Every indication points to a successful session, at the close of which the usual examinations will take place, and prizes be awarded to those of the pupils who have made the greatest progress in their studies. The corps of teachers is very large and efficient, special attention being given to the ornamental branches. The school is supplied with fine cabinets and all necessary apparatus and appliances for the most complete course of study. Those intending to become pupils should be prompt in entering to-morrow.

Successful.

The Weed Sewing Machine, since its advent in the "Family Favorite" style, has achieved a success beyond precedent. Improvements are being constantly added to its almost perfection, which already place it out of reach by its closest competitor. *Do not be persuaded to purchase a machine until you have examined the Weed,* and, *then,* if we cannot satisfy you, we will not feel injured if you buy another. Jno. Biggert & Son, 116 Market street.

Order Your Roast Coffee

From T. C. Jenkins, Pittsburgh.

MECHANICS, and all interested in new patents, should hear Wm. Bakewell's lecture on "Great Inventions," at the Rooms of the Christian Association, this evening.

IN the coming balmy spring days, when married men get to "know how it is" themselves during the delightful season of house-cleaning, much money will be invested in wall paper and kindred adornments of the household. Mr. Palmer, at No. 91 Wood street, has many new styles, beautiful in design, and, more important than all, very cheap. He has all grades, from the lowest in price to the most costly, and all tastes can there find something to please them.

WM. BAKEWELL, ESQ., lectures on "Great Inventions," at the Christian Association Rooms, this evening. Admission free.

THE attention of our readers is called to the free lecture on "Great Inventions," by Wm. Bakewell, at the Christian Association Rooms, this evening. Mr. Bakewell's long experience as a Solicitor of Patents, eminently qualifies him to handle this subject, and we bespeak an interesting evening for all who attend. Admission free.

BE kind to the unfortunate; stick to your friends; paddle your own canoe, and drink nothing but Pier, Dannals & Co.'s Cream Ale, and you won't sleep the worse for it at night. Office, corner Stevenson street and Fifth avenue.

JUST received fifty head fine draft and pit mules. Inquire at D. Arnheim's, 5 Ninth street.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—TWO Chambermaids, at 188 Second avenue.

WANTED—HARNESS-MAKER—ONE good Harness Hand immediately, at J. J. YOUNG & BROS., Salem, Ohio.

WANTED—GIRLS—FOR CITY AND country; Men wanting Farm work, Gardening, Driving, &c. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth st.

WANTED—PURCHASER—FOR A good Driving and Saddle Horse. Will be sold low; owner has no use for him. Address L., Commercial office.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY AN EXPERIENCED Bookkeeper that corresponds in and speaks several languages. Address Box 135, Connellsville, Pa.

WANTED—EVERYBODY—ANNOYED with Rats, Mice or Roaches to try Abel's Vermin Exterminator. Prepared and sold by CHAS. ABEL & CO., Druggists, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—SEVERAL first-class Mortgages. Principals only need apply. Call at or address Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. Office 106 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT—SITUATION as Bookkeeper preferred, but would take a position as salesman in a wholesale or retail hardware establishment. For particulars address Z. Y——N, Box 92 Latrobe, Westmoreland Co., Pa.

WANTED—BUSINESS MAN—AN active Business Man who has an extensive acquaintance with city merchants. To such a one, with proper references and good address, may address Box G E S, Commercial office.

WANTED—PARTNER—WITH A CAPITAL of $25,000 to $50,000, to take an interest in an established Brokerage business in New York City. The nature of the business is the purchase and sale of commercial paper and railway, town, county and State bonds. The object with which capital is sought is to extend the business in *Railway Obligations* and *Securities*, and a gentleman having railway connections would be preferred. Address, giving references (none others will be noticed), "Railway Partner," Box 2,514, Postoffice, New York. TThs

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—OF 7 ROOMS. AT Hazelwood Station. Inquire of F. HARTMAN, Hazelwood.

93. FOR RENT—DESIRABLE WAREHOUSE, No. 93 Water street. Possession given immediately. Apply on premises, up stairs. tf

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE front Room, first floor, opposite Pan Handle Railway Offices, No. 62 Seventh avenue. Inquire at No. 60.

87. FOR RENT—BASEMENT STORE-ROOM in M. and M. Insurance Co.'s Building, No. 87 Wood street. Inquire of M. and M. Insurance Co. tf

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED FRONT Room, suitable for two Young Men, at No. 28 Fifth street, (formerly Pitt). References given and required.

FOR RENT—WITH POWER, A LARGE and desirable Room, on second floor. Apply to PHILLIPS, BIGGERSTAFF & CO., corner First avenue and Ferry street.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 12 Market street. A good tenant can secure a bargain by applying at once to ALEXANDER KING, 94 Water street. TThs

FOR RENT—ROOMS—ON FIFTH AVENUE, in First National Bank Building; one Room in Basement fronting Fifth avenue, one Room in Second Story fronting Fifth avenue. Inquire of J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

160. FOR RENT—OFFICES AND Lodging Rooms, at No. 160 Fourth avenue. The Rooms are spacious, well finished and suitable for these purposes. Inquire of R. B. CARNAHAN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 160 Fourth avenue. tf

169. FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—That large, substantial Four-story Brick Warehouse, No. 169 Second avenue; convenient to the Connellsville Railroad, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to ATTERBURY & CO., Carson and Tenth streets, Birmingham.

FOR RENT—AT MANOR STATION, Pennsylvania Railroad, a first-class Storeroom, 20x60 feet and Dwelling up stairs. For particulars address W. J. SMALL, Manor Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. stu

FOR RENT—A DWELLING OF EIGHT Rooms, with 11 Acres improved Grounds, within one minute's walk of Edgeworth Station, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. Apply to STONER & PATTERSON, 158 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE Dwelling, No. 162 Sheffield street, Allegheny, containing Nine Rooms, Bath Room, Stationary Wash Stands, Marble Mantles, Hot and Cold Water, with all other modern improvements. Inquire of Frazier Brothers, 158 Pennsylvania avenue, late Ohio avenue, Allegheny.

FOR RENT—THE UNDERSIGNED offers for rent to a good tenant his Residence, No. 80 Second avenue. The House is in a most convenient location, being within two minutes' walk of the Diamond Market, and in the immediate vicinity of the leading trimming and dry goods stores of the city. It contains Rooms as follows: On the first floor, Double Parlors with Sliding Doors in center, Marble Mantels, Stone Hearths, &c.; large Diningroom, Kitchen, with new Range, and Washhouse; wide Hall and Pantry. The Hall is done in Paneled Paper, varnished, the Parlors in rich Gold Paper, and the Diningroom in Oak varnished. On the second floor are a large front Bedroom in Pink varnished, with Sienna Marble Mantel; a back room, newly papered; a Room now used as Library, newly papered, back Bedroom, Bathroom, &c. On third floor, two large Bedrooms and Storeroom—all in good repair. The woodwork throughout the House is grained and varnished. Gas and Hot and Cold Water in House, and a clean, Dry Cellar running all under it. Will not be let for a boarding house. For terms apply to D. O'NEILL, Daily Dispatch office, or between the hours of 1 and 6 o'clock P. M., on the premises.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—A NUMBER OF first-class Men who can give good reference as to character and industry, to sell the NEW WHEELER AND WILSON SEWING MACHINE in this city and county. Liberal salaries will be guaranteed. WM. SUMNER & CO., 140 Wood street. TThs

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$500 WILL SECURE A HALF INTEREST in a light manufacturing business that will clear $250 per month. Safe, sure and respectable. T. H. HODGE, St. Clair Hotel, corner Sixth and Penn.

FOR SALE—THE OLD AND WELL ESTABLISHED Drug Store of W. H. Hill, deceased, is offered for sale on very reasonable terms. Will give possession on April 1st. Apply to R. E. SELLERS & Co., 45 Wood street, or address Mrs. W. H. HILL, McKeesport, Pa.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—FURNISHED ROOMS with good Boarding at No. 64 Penn street.

BOARDING—FOR RENT TO GENTLEMEN a furnished front Room, with Board. Apply at 154 Second avenue.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—ENGINES AND SAW MILLS—B. W. BLANDY, of Blandy's celebrated Engine Work, Zanesville, Ohio, and Newark, Ohio, is stopping at the Robinson House.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$10,000 TO LOAN—FIVE OR Ten Thousand Dollars secured by Bond and Mortgage on City Property for two or three years. Address Postoffice Box 743. Communications strictly private.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE SMALL UPRIGHT Engine, in good order, at No. 13 Second avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

FOR SALE—75 BARRELS CINCINNATI Extra No. 2 Lard Oil, in store and for sale by REESE OWENS, No. 21 Seventh ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—GOOD HOUSE—8 ROOMS and Bath, Gas and City Water, large Lot; adjoining city of Allegheny. Inquire of C. W. ROBB, 91 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BOXES—ABOUT 100 good strong Boxes, with lids, of various sizes, suitable for shipping Hardware, Machinery, Castings, &c. Apply to J. H. JOHNSTON, 179 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS, new and second hand, from five to thirty horse power; also, Blacksmiths' Bellows and Tire Bending Machines. RIESICK & BRO., corner Sixteenth and Pike streets.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes. Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse-power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE MANUFACTURING Site in Twelfth ward. Size 264 by 120 feet, bounded by Twenty-second street, Railroad street, Smallman street and O'Hara alley. Inquire on premises, or of F. DITHRIDGE, Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington street.

FOR SALE—BOILERS—BY BRADY & Logan, Tidioute, Pa.: 2 Stationaries, 20 feet by 42 inches, 2 flues in each—price on cars, $250; 1 Locomotive Pattern, 50 horse power, $450; 1 Locomotive Pattern, 20 horse power, $300; 1 upright Boiler and Engine 8 horse power, $125.

FOR SALE—A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S Steam Pumps, suitable for every purpose to which Steam Pumps can be applied. Having been largely improved, we offer them as the best and cheapest in the market. ATWOOD & McCAFFREY, corner Third avenue and Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. TThs

FOR SALE—MULES—FORTY HEAD OF No. 1 Kentucky Mules just arrived and for sale, including eight spans heavy Draft Mules, well matched and good workers, eighteen good Pit Mules, from 4 feet 6 inches to 4 feet 10 inches. SMITH & SIMPSON, office and stable corner School and Kilbuck streets, First ward, Allegheny.

FOR SALE LOW—HOUSE AND LOT—The large Lot corner Bluff and Marion streets, 107 by 100 feet, with two story Brick House, Stable, Carriage House and Wash House; very desirable location, with large Yard, Trees, Shrubbery, &c. Can be divided into four Lots. D. W. C. BIDWELL & CO., corner Water street and Cherry alley.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—FOURTEEN Acres of Land, on the line of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, seven miles from the city and ten minutes' walk from a Railroad Station; would divide into Lots so as to realize handsomely. For terms and further particulars apply to L. D. HARBAUGH, Attorney-at-Law, 158 Fourth avenue. tf

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE STOCK, Lease, Good Will and Fixtures of the Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Business lately conducted by William Miller & Co., and formerly by Miller & Ricketson, at No. 221 and 223 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Apply upon the premises, or by letter, to FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Administrator of Estate of Wm. Miller, deceased, 227 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—A NEW BRICK HOUSE, 8 Rooms and Bath, well finished with a half Acre of Ground, and more if desired; also, Frame House of 10 Rooms, large Lot; Gas and city Water through both houses. This property has the advantage of city and country combined, being outside the city, yet within a few rods of Allegheny City line. This property is offered very cheap, as the owner intends going West. For terms inquire of C. H. LOVE, 58 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—THAT large and well finished double House, No. 81 Fulton street, Pittsburgh, occupied by Joseph Lippincott. First floor contains large Parlor, Hall, large double Room, Diningroom, Kitchen, Washhouse; second floor, four large Bedrooms, &c., Sitting Room, Girls Room, Bathroom, finished Attic. Possession given April 1, 1872. Title clear. For further particulars and terms call on DAVID W BELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 144 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—SCHOOL BONDS—THE Central Board of Education of the city of Pittsburgh offers for sale a small number of 7 per cent. Coupon Bonds, issued in sums of one thousand dollars, with principal payable October 1st, 1876, which are confidently offered to capitalists as a perfectly safe investment, and probably the most desirable security now in the market. This is a home investment, known to be secure beyond a doubt. The Bonds are exempt from all county and municipal taxes, and present the desirable qualities of absolute safety and liberal interest. For particulars inquire of J. R. McCUNE, Treasurer, at Union National Bank.

ELECTION NOTICES.

☞ FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK—An Election for Seven Directors will be held on TUESDAY, April 2d, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M., at the Banking House, No. 12 West Ohio street. JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. Allegheny, Pa., March 19, 1872.

☞ STOCKHOLDERS ANNUAL MEETING—The Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the FORT PITT COAL COMPANY will be held at the Office of A. H. English & Co., 98 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of March, 1872, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Nine Directors, a Treasurer and a Clerk, to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

S. McCRICKART, President.

MARTIN HEYL, Clerk.

NOTICES.

☞ OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

☞ HEADQUARTERS UNION REPUBLICAN CLUB—There will be a meeting of the Club THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 19, in Select Council Chamber, at 7½ P. M., sharp, for the purpose of electing permanent Officers of the Club, and transacting other necessary business. All Republicans desiring to identify themselves with the Club are cordially invited to be present.

ARTHUR HOBSON, President.

J. R. OXLEY, Secretary.

Allegheny city, March 18, 1872.

☞ HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1872.

In pursuance of the resolution of the REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, adopted at Harrisburg, January 18, 1872, A REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION, composed of Delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District, in the number to which such District is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of April, A. D., 1872, to nominate candidates for Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court, Auditor General (should the Legislature provide for the choice of one by the people), and an Electoral Ticket; and also to elect Senatorial and Representative Delegates to represent this State in the REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, to be held at Philadelphia June 5, 1872.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

WM. ELLIOTT,
D. F. HOUSTON,
EZRA LUKENS,
P. M. LYTLE,
} Secretaries.

JUST ISSUED!

Expose of Polygamy in Utah.

By Mrs T. B. H. STENHOUSE, of Salt Lake City.

[Illustrated by Stephens.]

This intensely interesting Book is the only revelation of

The Inner Life or the Mormons

Ever Published.

12 mo. 240 pages, paper, $1, cloth bound, $1 50.
For sale by all Booksellers.

AMERICAN NEWS CO., N. Y.,
AGENTS FOR THE TRADE.

CARD.

Messrs. RIESICK & BRO.

Wish to inform their patrons and the public generally that they have moved from their old place of business to the corner of Sixteenth and Pike streets, Tenth Ward, and that Mr. Peter Riesick, our former Bookkeeper, is no longer in our employ.

The erroneous impression that there has been a change in our firm is incorrect. We still continue to Manufacture FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES AND MACHINERY of all kinds, as heretofore.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS: IN THE Court of Common Pleas, No. 133, June Term, 1872.

William H. Lemon vs. Frederick G. Weise and Thomas Lemon.

And now, to wit: March 16, 1872 upon the hearing of this case, the Court decree a dissolution of the partnership as prayed for in the bill, and LOUIS WEIDERHOED, of the city of Allegheny, appointed Receiver.

By the Court. JOSEPH ROSS, Prothonotary.

All persons are hereby notified that on and from March 16, 1872, the firm of Lemon & Weise, in pursuance of the above decree, is dissolved, and that all claims due the firm will be paid to the undersigned, and that all claims against the said firm will be presented for payment and settlement to him.

LOUIS WEIDERHOED,
Receiver of the late firm of Lemon & Weise.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: In the matter of THOMAS BAKEWELL, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a Second General Meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt, will be held at Pittsburgh, Pa., in said District, on the 2D DAY OF APRIL, A. D., 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the 27th and 28th Sections of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1867.

REUBEN MILLER, JR.,
BARCLAY PRESTON,
THOMAS J. BURCHFIELD,
Trustees.

FOR SALE—

SEEDS.

140 bags strictly prime Ohio Timothy Seed;
34 bags strictly prime Ohio Clover Seed;
10 tons ground Corn and Oats.
A pure article, the best and cheapest Feed for Horses and Cattle in the market.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

Feathers and Beeswax'

ALL GRADES.

F. G. CRAIGHEAD,

262 LIBERTY STREET

RARE CHANCE!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER THEIR

OLD ESTABLISHED

AND

Magnificent First-Class

Drug and Prescription

STORE

FOR SALE!

Also, Lease of Store and Dwelling containing 8 Rooms and Finished Attic.

The FIXTURES consist of Elegant WALNUT and ASH CASES, with MARBLE SHELVES, MARBLE TOP COUNTER. Also, a "PUFFER" OCTAGON SODA FOUNTAIN, with an Elegant MARBLE COUNTER. The BOTTLES, &c., are of the latest and improved styles. There is also a good Stock on hand. The Fixtures are as good as new, having been in use only about three years. The Conveniences connected with this Establishment for the conducting of the business are not excelled by any house in the country. This establishment is doing A LARGE ESTABLISHED PRESCRIPTION and DRUG TRADE. The Store is located on a prominent thoroughfare and in a good neighborhood, which is annually increasing in population. To an enterprising person or persons this offers a rare chance for a good and lucrative investment.

N. B.—As we are engaged in the Manufacture of Perfumery, &c., which will require our whole attention, we offer this rare inducement.

Will be sold on reasonable terms. For further particulars, &c., apply or address

CHAS. ABEL & CO.,

172 WYLIE AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

T. C. JENKINS,

WHOLESALE

GROCER, FLOUR DEALER

AND

Coffee Roaster,

Checkered Front, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

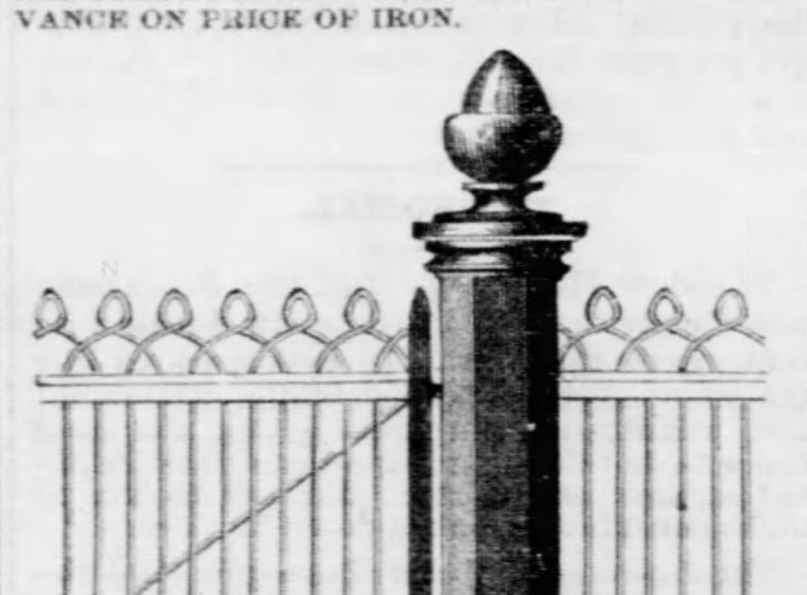
Best and Cheapest in the Market,

AT 65 AND 67 SANDUSKY STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Iron Fence Pickets

Made from 3-8 Round Iron, bent into the ORNAMENTAL SHAPES shown in cut, and sold at a SMALL ADVANCE ON PRICE OF IRON.



We have a large stock of these Pickets in store, at our Warehouse, and furnish printed instructions for Building the Fence. The Pickets weigh about 5 lbs to the foot, and cost 7 cents per pound, net. THIS FENCE COMPLETE AND PUT UP WILL NOT COST AS MUCH AS THE ORDINARY WOOD PICKET FENCE.

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,

91 AND 92 WATER STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BAR IRON, BOLTS, HINGES of all kinds, HEAVY and WAGON HARDWARE, &c.

SPRING GOODS

OPENING THIS WEEK.

Piques, Croquets and Satin Stripes.
New Styles Lace Veils.
Bridal and Black Dotted Net.
Hosiery—Cotton, Lisle and Balbriggan.
Gloves—Kid, Lisle Thread and Silk, Fancy Colors for Children.
Spring Suits for Ladies and Misses.
Corded Silks, in all new shades.

THE NEW

DOLLY VARDEN

HOOPSKIRT AND BUSTLE.

The "Reception" Hoopskirt.
New Hamburg Embroideries.

F. H. EATON,

17 Fifth Avenue.

OIL INTERESTS

FOR SALE.

Four one-eighth interests in two Wells just starting, to be bored in the Petersburg district, in *immediate* vicinity of the very best Wells on Clarion river. Price, $1,000 per eighth, one-quarter down, balance in payments. Two interests sold in this vicinity in January last have already paid one hundred per cent, and are now paying seventy-five per cent. The present owner retains one-half the Wells.

We have for sale also a number of Producing Wells, at various prices. Parties wishing to purchase will please address P. O. Box 333,

HERBST & MURRAY,

PARKER'S LANDING, PA.

WALL PAPER,

New Styles, Beautiful and Cheap,

IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

PALMER'S

NO. 91 WOOD STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth avenues, second door below Diamond alley.

WHITE PINE FLOORING

AND

HEMLOCK FLOORING,

OF BEST QUALITY,

AT 65 AND 67 SANDUSKY STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

BANNER BAKING POWDER.

The very best article for producing, in a few minutes, perfectly Light, Sweet, Nutritious and Delicious Biscuit, Rolls, Fancy and other Cakes Pastry and Puddings.

PREPARED BY JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT

PITTSBURGH.

SPRING. 1872.

McELROY & DICKSON

DRY GOODS,

AT WHOLESALE.

The condition of the Dry Goods Market is too well known to require extended remark. It is certain that prices will be fully sustained for months to come, so that Dealers can make their Spring Purchases upon a firm and advancing market.

We offer to our Customers and the Trade generally, a FULL STOCK of

Staple and Domestic Dry Goods,

AND

NOTIONS,

Of which a large proportion was purchased at rates MUCH BELOW present value.

Brown and Bleached Cotton,

FULL LINE.

Tickings, Checks, Stripes, Denims,

GREAT VARIETY.

Cambrics, Corset Jeans, Rolled Jaconets, &c., &c.

Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., &c.

Prints, Ginghams, Alpacas, Dress Goods, &c.

Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders and Notions, generally.

Carpet Chain, Cotton Yarn, Batting, Bags, &c.

NEW GOODS EVERY DAY!

54

WOOD STREET.

SAPOLIO

CLEANS WINDOWS, MARBLE, KNIVES.
POLISHES TIN-WARE, IRON, STEEL, &c.

The superiority of this excellent Preparation over any other article ever offered to the public has been demonstrated by the wonderful popularity it has attained within the brief year since it was first manufactured. Not less than

ONE MILLION HOUSEKEEPERS

Are to-day using Sapolio in this and other countries, and the demand is rapidly increasing.

REMOVES STAIN FROM MARBLE.

IN THE HOUSE—For all purposes (except washing clothes,) this article is convenient, economical and reliable.

IN THE STORE—For polishing scales, measures, (tin, brass or copper,) knives, shears, &c.

IN THE SHOP—For cleaning, polishing and removing Gums, Oils, &c., from machinery and tools.

IN THE OFFICE of the surgeon, dentist, civil engineer, painter and engraver.

IN ALL PLACES where a cleansing and polishing agent, at once *effective, economical and harmless*, is required, our Sapolio will prove its *great superiority* over all other substances.

Sold at retail at all Grocery, Drug and Housefurnishing Stores. To the trade by

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT,

Corner Smithfield Street and Second Avenue. TThs-tf

CHEAPEST

LUMBER

IN THE CITY,

AT 65 AND 67 SANDUSKY STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

ARE YOU ANNOYED?

WITH

Rats, Mice, Roaches.

If so, you can rid your House, Cellar or Stable, by trying

Abel's Vermin Exterminator.

It has no equal as a Banisher. Prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail, at

CHAS. ABEL & CO.'S,

No. 172 WYLIE AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

PATENT FLOURING MILLS,

Josephine street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets, East Birmingham,

PROVOST & McILVAIN,

Manufacture the celebrated Amber Flour, Corn Meal, and all kinds of Mill Feed, which they are selling at very low prices. Cash paid for all kinds of Grain, and Flour exchanged for Wheat. TThs

DRIED LIMA BEANS—ONE BARREL prime Dried Limas, just received and for sale by the quart or bushel, at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO., Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

Printers' Supplies.

ROLLER COMPOSITION,
THE BEST IN THE UNITED STATES.
PRINTERS' INK,
ALL COLORS.
CYLINDER TAPES,
⅜ AND 1½ INCHES WIDE.
ROLLER FELT,
ALL AT NEW YORK PRICES, THUS SAVING FREIGHT AND DELAY.

Allan C. Bakewell and Co

WOOD 75 STREET.

YELLOW PINE

FLOORING,

AT $40 PER M.,

AT 65 AND 67 SANDUSKY STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

BELT'S PATENT SHEET IRON

ROOFING!

(PATENTED AUGUST 8, 1871.)

FIRE, WATER AND WIND PROOF.

CHEAPEST AND BEST

METALLIC ROOFING

Ever offered to the public.

For further information, circulars or orders, address

W. S. BELT,

Patentee and Manufacturer, 56 and 58 EAST THIRD STREET, Cincinnati, O. 1p

FOR RENT,

ON APRIL 1st,

TWO VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS,

Corner of Market and Water streets, First and Second Floors, both with Private Offices attached. Fire-proof Vaults, Water and Gas conveniences. Also, Basement Floor. Apply to

JOHN McDEVITT,

tf No. 6 MARKET STREET

Fairbank's Standard

SCALES,

Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine.
Scales Repaired promptly.
Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawer, &c.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,

102 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS—

FOR SALE.

A large assortment of Moulds for Pressing Glassware, formerly used by the Boston Silver Glass Co. Also, 3 large and 4 small presses, all in good working order, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. For further information apply to

BOSTON SILVER GLASS CO.,
Postoffice Box 2,042, Boston, Mass.

The Daily Commercial.

TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1872.

Coming as it does from a special correspondent of the New York *World*, the statement that Mr. Dawes and Mr. Garfield repudiate all political sympathy with the malcontent minority of Republican Senators may be very confidently believed in. The *World* would not willingly say anything to weaken the hostile demonstration against President Grant.

A letter from Egypt states that the commission appointed to inquire into the administration of Consul General George H. Butler, completed its investigation some time ago, but that the evidence will probably not be forwarded to the State Department for two or three months to come; the Commissioner and Col. Butler, with one or two other gentlemen, having left Cairo for the interior of Africa for the purpose of collecting facts concerning the slave trade. The report will not be sent home until the return of the expedition.

Why cannot Senators—technically honorable and conventionally assumed to be dignified—repudiate an accusation or contradict an offensive statement without "hurling" it back in other Senators' "teeth" or "faces," and usually with "foul scorn." What special significance is there in this dental or physiognomical reference, and why should a Senator's scorn necessarily be "foul?" When will such foolish "hurly-burly" business be entirely relegated where it belongs—to the columns of the sensation story, the domain of the blood and thunder drama and the newspaper organs of cheap chivalry?

The Court of Appeals for the State of New York, has definitely decreed that an American manager, purchasing an original play of an English dramatist, is vested with absolute property in the work, the title to which must not be infringed. The point is taken and decided, that authors have rights at common law, which are not affected by the statutes of England or the United States regulating copyrights; that these rights can be enforced by State courts, whether the author is citizen or alien; that a performance of a piece is not publication, and that proprietary rights may be wholly or in part assigned. This is a sound, equitable and practical settlement of the question.

The statement that the Ways and Means Committee had agreed to reduce the duty on Bessemer steel from one-and-a-quarter cents to one cent per pound, and that on steel rails from one cent to three-quarters of a cent, is understood to have been made without authority; the truth of the matter being that the committee have taken no vote at all on the question of the duty on steel. The whole subject is still pending in the committee. Nor, it is understood, has it yet been decided to reduce the duty on pig iron to the extent represented. Neither with respect to these matters, nor with regard to the tariff on wool and woolens, have the committe given any intimation of the character of their proposed recommendations. It will probably be some two weeks yet before the bill is completed, and it is understood that the committee do not design to furnish any information concerning the nature of their action until the measure is presented to the House.

The improvement of public opinion in Canada concerning the question of Protection to home industry continues to spread. So much weaker have free trade notions grown within the past year, and so much stronger has the Protectionist tendency in the meantime become, that a number of the leading journals of the Dominion believe that a high protective tariff would secure a three-fourths vote upon a popular canvass. This is an encouraging sign. At present Canada is almost wholly dependent on agriculture, but her people are growing wise by observation and experience. The wonderful growth of manufactures in the United States under the salutary influence of a protective policy has had much to do with the birth of this new sentiment. They see how, under its fostering agency, mills, furnaces and factories have sprung up on every hand, diversifying the industries of the country, creating home markets for products of every kind, keeping at home the values that formerly found their way abroad, attracting immigration, and in almost every way adding to the general wealth and prosperity. It is not to be wondered at that the conviction of the Canadians in favor of a protective tariff should daily be gaining strength; but it is remarkable that there should be any among our own legislators and statesmen unable to see or unwilling to acknowledge the beneficent influence which this policy has exerted in promoting the development and progress of the industries to which we owe so large a portion of our prosperity at home, and our enviable standing among the nations abroad.

Since the decisive Republican victory in New Hampshire the opposition are evidently all at sea. The leading Democratic organs are putting out feelers in all directions, and casting about for new combinations in the most distracted manner imaginable. The *World* gives a three column biographical sketch of Judge Davis, the millionare candidate of the workingmen, in which it labors to prove that since his occupancy of a seat on the Supreme Bench he has been practically in accord "with such excellent Democratic magistrates as Judges Nelson and Clifford," evidently for the purpose of smoothing the way for his acceptance by the Democratic party; while, per contra, rumors are rife at Washington of a contemplated change in the labor reform ticket as it now stands, for the sake of a firmer and more open alliance with the Democracy—in connection with which it should be remembered that Gov. Parker has not yet accepted the nomination for Vice President on the labor ticket, nor given any intention that he purposes to do so. Still further to complicate affairs, while the more prominent and sagacious leaders of the Democratic party believe it imperatively necessary to form a coalition with whatever elements can be found outside of the Republican camp, not a few of the hard shell Bourbons protest lustily against the whole hybrid business, and demand that the General Committee shall issue a call for the National Convention without further hesitation or delay. Taken altogether, the distresses of the opposition, and the extraordinary attitudes and positions which the drift and tendency of public sentiment compel them to assume, furnish at once the most ludicrous and the most pitiable spectacle which modern politics have yet exhibited.

The movement which is on foot in Massachusetts looking to the establishment of industrial schools throughout the Commonwealth, is one which might be advantageously copied by other States, and in none with more profit than our own. It is matter of history that the growth of English taste in manufacturing dates principally from the establishment of National Schools of Art and Science in that country. The improvement in design, consequent upon the instruction given in those institutions, has so directly affected the value of a number of British fabrics, that the export trade in carpets, calicoes, earthenware, etc., was greater by seventy millions of dollars in 1866 than in 1855. Another suggestive fact, which is now being discussed in European papers is, that while a few years ago England was hardly known in the world of art manufactures, she has now an exhibition at Berlin of pottery of all grades, exclusively of her own workmanship, that in excellence and taste surpasses anything of similar character ever done in continental countries. Another thing: Since the French war almost every European country has offered the highest terms and inducements to secure the best workmen of France, and to get them to apply their knowledge and skill in the establishment of those manufactures which made France famous and rich. Such facts as these speak volumes in favor of a similar course of procedure in our own country; nor can there be any question that the industrial interests of Pennsylvania would be greatly promoted by the more thorough instruction of artisans and mechanics in the arts of design—that the services of workmen so trained would command a higher rate of wages and give increased value to industrial products—or that the best way of supplying the confessed want in this direction would be by the establishment of industrial schools furnished with all the necessary means of instruction. England, Germany and France have discovered that means and money expended in the art education of workingmen and the improvement of manufactures, is the most profitable investment that can be made. If our own legislators and other persons who are practically interested in the subject will give the plan due consideration and trial, they will probably in time discover the same facts.

Our Irish fellow-citizens yesterday celebrated St. Patrick's Day with evident enthusiasm. Few of the people who now-a-days observe the anniversary of their national saints continue to be in as great degree as the Irish in sympathy with the opinions, or what are held to have been the opinions of the benefactor whom they reverence. By the procession of yesterday some spectators were no doubt reminded of the fact, which was quite properly ignored, and which is not universally known, that in 1783 George III. founded for Ireland *The Order of St. Patrick*. Each successive Viceroy of Ireland was to be Grand Master of the Order, while its sign or symbol was an oblong white shield, on which were represented a red cross of St. Patrick and a three leaved clover, with three crowns. The motto *Quis separabit?* (who shall disjoin them?) no doubt hints at the practical object for which the order was founded. Though Irishmen and Germans in this country are not supposed to harmonize especially well in their ideas and purposes, our German neighbor, the *Freiheit's Freund*, contained yesterday morning an appreciative article on St. Patrick's day. Applauding the observance of the anniversary by the Irish, the *Freund* remarked that the Germans also may well look with sympathetic interest on the commemorative festival of the Apostle of Ireland, for one reason among others, that the German people owe their earliest culture to the Irish. Many centuries before the tribes of Fatherland emerged from their state of primitive barbarism, Christianity and learning flourished in Ireland, and from the schools and cloisters there, established by St. Patrick, went forth the teachers and missionaries who carried the light of religion and civilization to the forests of Germany.

JUDICIAL COURAGE.

When referring, a few days ago, to the subject of criminals in New York, we had no thought of examining the Foster case from a legal point of view, or of making any specific criticism of the action of the judge in granting a stay of proceedings. Our mention of the Foster case was intended to be merely incidental in connection with those notorious eccentricities of legal practice in New York, which have for some years been a subject of wonder and alarm in more conservative portions of the country. One deplorable effect of these irregularities has undoubtedly been to divest punishment of its power to deter by casting uncertainty over its infliction. It cannot be too often repeated that the inevitableness rather than the severity of punishment is efficacious in preventing the perpetration of crime, and that whatever causes lead to encourage the hope of impunity in law breakers, work mischief to society. Hence the practice of declaring offenders on frivolous or absurd grounds irresponsible for their crimes, and the practice of rescuing criminals from the hands of the law by tricks of legal legerdemain, or by an appeal to mere technicalities, are proceedings which may easily become the sources of far reaching evil. The escape of a single culprit, or even of several of the class, may be a trifle in itself, but the influence of the example may infect thousands with a contempt for the laws and with hopes of safety in their violation. In this country with our elective judiciary and omnipotent public opinions, one of the lessons which it is not important for the people to learn is the duty of vigilance respecting this subject imposed upon them by their relation to society. Though judges learned in the law, and trained for its administration, are set apart for the particular duty of seeing justice meted out to transgressors, it may not always be possible, and certainly it is not always easy for them to resist the clamors of the people or the strong currents of public opinion, favorable or hostile to the accused, in any case. At present these clamors of the people and the press are too often irresponsible, simply because neither people nor writers exercise sufficient reflection to comprehend the obligation which rests upon them to reason rather than to rage. That American judges, aided by the bar, upon the whole maintain their independence and integrity as magistrates and the dignity of the laws so well as they do, is creditable to their character and a striking illustration of the influence of professional traditions. An elective judiciary is, however, still in the early stages of experiment, the result of which remains to be seen. And if the evils which have arisen in certain exceptionally situated cities are not to become universal, the people must learn to support the Courts in the performance of their peculiar duties as well as to make judges only of such men as have courage and character enough to disregard the clamors of the people when the people call on them to violate the law. In the trial of Foster above referred to, it is, we see, confidently alleged that though the man's crime was clearly homicide or killing without premeditation, he was sentenced to death in deference to the prevailing indignation of the people. Indeed, the reason assigned by Judge Barrett for granting a stay of proceedings in the case was, that "the nature of the prisoner's offense was not duly considered when the penalty was fixed." As no sufficient or worthy reason for such oversight can be imagined, it may be referred to fear of popular clamor about as creditably as to any other influence, and thus understood the fact agrees well enough with the common notion of the administration of justice in New York.

South Side Consolidation.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The general tone of the press, in noticing the late election, draws entirely wrong conclusions from it. Instead of being adverse, the result is favorable to consolidation. The act of May 10, 1871, requiring an election says a *special* election. I have no doubt that the election held last week conformed to the act, because, wherever held, it was specially ordered by the Borough Council. But a different construction was placed upon it by a number of the Southside Borough Councils, and even when ordered caused many not to vote because of the supposition that it was illegal to vote on the day of the borough election. As it is, Ormsby borough voted for annexation; so, too, did Monongahela, Union and Mount Washington. South Pittsburgh and Temperanceville did not vote, so far as I can learn. But both these are favorable to consolidation, and Monongahela, Mount Washington and Union having voted to come in, makes it legal for them as abutting boroughs to come in also. West Pittsburgh only gave twenty-five for and forty against—not over seventy-five voting. But the tripartite bridge will annex her, and she stands ready any day on a full vote to come by two to one. The Birminghams gave a much stronger vote for, than I anticipated. As soon as they find the other South Side boroughs joining Pittsburgh, they will also.

The intention of those who moved in this matter was only to prepare the way to consolidate at the opening of the new Councils in January, 1873. New elections can be held, when all doubts can be removed. I am satisfied that at least six of the Southside boroughs can be ready to unite with Pittsburgh by the time of the next city election, and the remaining four or five within one or two years thereafter. I think I know whereof I write.

A Southsider.

The convention called to meet at Parkersburg, W. Va., on the 18th of April, by the friends and adherents of Chief Justice Chase, will be likely still further to complicate the political situation, so far as regards the anybody-to-beat-the-Philadelphia-nominee fraternity. It is, perhaps, chiefly significant as a protest against the nomination of Judge Davis; for the movement is unquestionably designed to prevent, if possible, his nomination by the Cincinnati convention. What a happy family it is, and how completely devoid of that plotting jealousy which is so apt to characterize movements of a similar "liberal" character. If Machiavelli were alive now he would be ashamed of his obtuse brain and sluggish blood.

Quite an earnest controversy is being waged in the Eastern papers, as to whether "to Jew" is sanctioned by good literary usage as a verb. The truth of the matter appears to us to be that the term has crept into use in the English language, but has an ignoble origin in the intolerant prejudices of past times. If a Christian dictionary maker can succeed in eliminating this unworthy use of the word from good society, he will perform a good act. There are many hallowed associations in our own religion derived from the Hebrew worship, and it is time that sneers and slurs against that ancient race were dropped among enlightened people.

It has been proposed in London to open a book of subscription for the completion of the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, as a perpetual memorial of thankfulness for the recovery of the Prince of Wales, and to keep this book in the Library of St. Paul's, as a permanent record of the year in which a crowning effort was made for the completion of the Cathedral. Two similar books are in existence, one of which was opened in 1664, and the other in 1678. Both contain the autographs of many distinguished persons.

In the money markets of the world personal character is a synonym for financial credit. The reformation in the Erie Board is already beginning to produce its legitimate results. Large orders on European account for Erie shares and United States five-twenties are coming in, in consequence of the routing of the Erie ring and the justice rendered to foreign investors. A considerable appreciation has already taken place in the stock of the railroad, and the prospect is cheerful for further speedy advancements.

The Supreme Court has recently rendered an important decision relative to the responsibility of banks for forged checks accepted by them. By this decision it would seem that a bank may make reclamation on a party depositing a check, which proves to have been forged, at any subsequent time. Heretofore the impression has prevailed that after a bank has paid a forged check the responsibility rests with it, and the reverse decision of the Court is not accepted with general satisfaction.

Mr. James F. Conover, who last year left an editorial position on the Detroit *Tribune* to enter on theological studies, was ordained to the office of deacon of St. John's Episcopal Church, Detroit, last Sunday.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

A son of Brigham Young, in response to a Gentile enquiry, admitted that the young Mormon women undoubtedly objected to the fractional husband system; but, he said, "they have to marry somebody, and if they choose a married man, they save themselves the pang which they would afterward experience if they took a single man, and he married again." There is enough of feminine human nature in that brief way of putting it to supply the text for a volume of analysis and philosophical reflection. It must be ever so much nicer to make another woman wild with jealousy and humiliation than for any dear creature to experience the process herself.

Even poverty has its compensations. The treasury of that microscopic South American republic, Colombia, is hopelessly empty, and in consequence all the public officials have become patterns of integrity, the conscription is suspended, outside war is unthought of, and even domestic anarchists are taking a breathing spell, for there are no spoils to fight over.

A subscriber to an Iowa paper, having written to say, "I don't want your paper any longer," the editor replies, "We are sorry; as we intended to lengthen it by several inches in the course of a few weeks."

An admiral of the Peruvian navy is in New York with a commission from his Government "to examine and study the fortifications, navy yards, navy and ordnance of the United States." Some of the cautious patriots, who object to the education of half a dozen of Japanese youth at West Point, should protest against this also. Only think of the advantage the knowledge this admiral will acquire might give the Peruvians in the event of a war with the United States!

Another of those terrible "iron walls" of Old England" has gone ashore in Plymouth harbor before they had a chance to send her to sea to be foundered. What glorious wholesale coffins these maritime monsters will be, if they ever get started over the Atlantic on their way to bombard New York.

The Peace Jubilee Concert people have started the idea of playing "God Save the Queen" at one of their international entertainments, with an artillery refrain to be simultaneously exploded on Boston Common and Tower Hill, London. Supposing Mr. Gilmore to discharge his battery at one of his morning entertainments—say about 11 A. M.—the slumbering Cocknies will be awakened by the deafening din at six. What horrible nightmares, suggestive of "The Battle of Dorking," will result.

A New Hampshire man recently refused to subscribe for a daily paper "because it helped to build up the business of the place, and the wealthier the town the higher the taxes would be." He voted the Democratic ticket at the late election.

The Common Council of Worcester, Massachusetts, believing that the progress of the children educated in the public schools would be increased by spending half a day in each month, during two years of their school life, in visiting some of the various manufacturing establishments of the city, have resolved to "recommend to the school board the adoption of such measures as they may deem proper to secure to the children in our public schools a proper knowledge of the mechanical industries of the city." There is a hint in this which might profitably be improved by the school authorities of Pittsburgh.

The commercial travelers of the country have formed themselves into an association which has made an arrangement with over 1,400 hotels throughout the country, so that those bearing its indorsement will be charged far less than customary bills, and it has a line of more than 30,000 miles of railroad and steamboat travel, on which the usual rate averages five cents per mile, which it reduces to three cents. On the whole, those connected with the association can travel through the West and South at one-third the usual expense.

England is about to make a new experiment in clothing her military forces. Twenty thousand men are to be clothed in scarlet tunics and blue trousers instead of the brickdust tunics and Oxford gray trousers now in use, and the button is to be of one uniform pattern, bearing the Royal arms upon it in place of a regimental device. If the experiment is found to answer, the whole army will be clothed in a similar manner.

The advance in the price of wool is expected to greatly stimulate the enlargement of flocks from lambs dropped the present Spring. Already there is an advance in Vermont of six per cent; Texas, nine per cent; Arkansas, Michigan, Wisconsin, Kansas, Nebraska, twenty-five per cent; California and Oregon, sixteen per cent. There has also been an increase in the Territories, of which reports have not been very full. The Southern States appear to be giving more attention to the production of pork, and a marked increase of numbers is manifest in the Western States, those making the greatest advance being Nebraska, thirty-five per cent; Kansas, twenty-five; Iowa, sixteen; Missouri, fifteen; Illinois, seven; Indiana and Kentucky, six per cent.

PERSONAL.

Theodore Tilton says that Ole Bull's baby was the prettiest child that he saw during a recent trip to the West. Its eyes sparkled like the diamonds in its father's violin. The proud man was absent from home giving a series of concerts, but the young mother's face exhibited enough enthusiasm and satisfaction to make sunshine for half a dozen families.

The Japanese Embassy have promised the National Centennial Commissioners to recommend the Emperor of Japan to unite in celebrating the hundredth anniversary of the existence of the Government of the United States.

Mr. George Crouch—a former war correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who has, for some time past, been literary man of all work to the Erie Railway Ring—came near to being interviewed by a revolver on Friday. Some one told Mr. "Tommy" Lynch—the ruffian employed by the Gould party to garrison their offices while the Sickles raid was in progress—that Crouch was the man who had unpleasantly immortalized him in the columns of the *Tribune*; so Lynch got madly intoxicated and hunted Crouch down at the Hoffman House. He asked if Crouch was "fixed" and produced his own weapon. Crouch parleyed with the infuriated creature till a chance for escape occurred and then discreetly fled.

The Supreme Court of the United States is, abstractly, the most august and solemn body known to American institutions; yet one, who is familiar with the awful presence of its Judges, says that he has seen one of them, while on the bench, devour the fragrant apple, and another, after enjoying a stick of molasses candy, "lick every one of his ten fingers" with all the easy grace of boyhood.

Charlotte Cushman gives two dramatic readings in Chicago this week, one of "Macbeth" and the other "Henry the Eighth." The veteran James E. Murdoch read "Hamlet" at Evanston on Saturday evening.

With a painful lack of chivalric tenderness a Chicago paper declares that Nillson is worn out with rapid traveling, much singing and jealousy of Miss Cary, and is beginning to look old and acid. They have a delightfully candid way in Chicago of saying what people elsewhere often think.

Jean Ingelow is recently described as "a fine buxom looking woman, somewhere near the forties"—an idea of her which is *not* poetical; but, by way of sentimental compensation, we are further told that she "has an abundance of soft brown hair, which she winds in a graceful fashion of her own about her head; bright dark eyes, and a lovely changing complexion which comes and goes in her cheeks with every emotion."

An old gentleman in Detroit, eighty years of age, believes that during his long life he has played 98,000 games of draughts. What a singularly checkered existence.

Caleb Rising, of Southwick, Mass., who claims relationship with Gen. Ethan Allen, was a hundred years old on last Tuesday. On Wednesday he was "Rising" a hundred and one.

A merited compliment has just been paid to the artist, Nast. He has been engaged to make sketches of some of our public men for *Vanity Fair*, the well-known English publication—an excellent thought of the conductors of that journal.

Henry A. Wise wisely says that John Quincy Adams was the wisest man in the House in his day. He knew everything that any other member knew, and many things of which all the rest were ignorant. It was this very Henry A. Wise, who speaks thus glowingly of J. Q. A., that the old man eloquent, in one of his sharp speeches, pronounced Mr. Other-*wise*.

Mayor Medill, of Chicago, has recently received a high compliment by the enactment of a law by the Illinois Legislature, giving him almost unlimited power in the appointment and removal of city officials.

Henri Rochefort, the French Brick Pomeroy, has completely lost his popularity. He is seeking in vain for a publisher for his "History of Napoleon III." Possibly Frenchmen think as did their ancestors after the downfall of the first Napoleon, when "*Assez de Bonaparte*" became a proverb.

An autograph hunter recently presented his album to Messrs. Guizot, Thiers, and de Bismarck. Mons. Guizot wrote: "In my long life I have learned two sage things: one is to pardon a great deal; the other is to forget nothing." Mons. Thiers wrote: "A little forgetfulness would not militate against the sincerity of the pardon." Prince von Bismarck wrote: "I have in my life learned to forget a great deal, and to win forgiveness for a great deal."

Vieuxtemps, who was here with Nilsson last year, has been playing at Verviers, in Belgium. After a grand concert, attended by the most distinguished society in the town, the great violinist gave the next day a morning entertainment to the workingmen of the town at low prices, and the hall was crowded to excess.

The Internal Revenue Laws.

The Scranton *Republican* of the 14th inst. contained the following official correspondence:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, March 6, 1872.

Hon. L. D. Shoemaker, House of Representatives:

Sir: I have the honor to inclose herewith, for your information, a copy of a letter addressed by me under date of the 4th inst., to H. B. Swoope, Esq., the Attorney of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, relative to indictments found in his district against persons charged with violations of the Internal Revenue laws.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
George H. Williams,
Attorney General.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1872.

H. B. Swoope, Esq., U. S. Attorney, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sir: Hon. L. D. Shoemaker, Representative from the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania, advises me that constituents of his are indicted in the United States District Court at Pittsburgh, upon insufficient grounds, for alleged violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and at the instance of informers, in consequence of which they are compelled to pay considerable sums of money to compromise the proceedings in order to avoid the trouble and expense of attending Court at a remote distance from where they reside. He represents that those informers purposely avoid going before a United States Commissioner with their complaints, but make them to the Grand Jury of Pittsburgh, so as to harass the accused parties into the payment of money, of which they expect to receive a part.

I have conferred with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and would respectfully suggest as a remedy, to some extent for this abuse, that you do not allow indictments to be found against persons for what appear to be mere technical violations of the Internal Revenue Law, without in the first place conferring with the Assessor or Collector, or both, of the district in which it is alleged such offences are committed. I think, as far as practicable, persons who have complaints of this kind to make, should be induced in the first instance to go before a United States Commisioner, so that the parties accused can have an opportunity of being heard without subjecting themselves to great trouble and expense. I believe as a general rule, it is not advisable to find indictments for alleged offences of the description above named, where no complaint has been made before a United States Commissioner without the approval of the Assessor or Collector, or both, of the district.

I submit these suggestions for your consideration.

Very respectfully,
Geo. H. Williams, Attorney General.

An Italian gentleman has invented a process by which any number of copies of a manuscript or design, traced upon a varnished metal plate, may be produced in an ordinary copying press. To the bed and upper plate of a press are attached wires leading from a small battery, so that when the top of the instrument is screwed down the two metal surfaces come into contact, and an electric current passes. An iron plate resting upon the bed of the press is coated with varnish, and upon the surface is written with a steel point any communication it is desired to copy. The letters having thus been formed in bare metal, a few sheets of copying paper are impregnated with an acid solution of prussiate of potash, and placed upon the scratched plate, which is then subjected to pressure in the copying press. An electric current passes wherever the metal has been left bare (where the writing, is therefore), and the prussiate solution acting upon the iron, there is found prussiate of iron, or Prussian blue characters, corresponding to those scratched upon the plate. The number of copies that may be produced by this electro-chemical action is almost unlimited, and the formation of the Prussian blue line is, of course, instantaneous.

Atmospheric Poison.

The spring sun calls up something beside the flowers and grasses. It evolves from the damp earth turbid rivers, stagnant pools and black morasses, the gaseous provocatives of disease. From the offal and garbage of unclean cities, too, it exhales an effluvia destructive of health and vigor. Periodic fevers of various types are now raging with unusual virulence in various parts of the country, and there are complaints from all quarters of a singularly unhealthy spring. What is to be done in this emergency? The answer is simple and to the point. Strengthen the body. Weakness predisposes the system to disease. Commence at once a course of the most genial of tonics, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Be assured that the germs of epidemic and endemic fevers will never infect the phisique that has been fortified and regulated with this glorious vegetable restorative. A moist atmosphere aggravates dyspepsia, and all diseases of a bilious type, and the sudden thermometrical changes common at this season, are a severe trial even to strong constitutions. There is but one way of combatting these deleterious agencies, and that is by invigorating the body, and imparting a healthy activity to all its functions. The only specific required for this purpose is Hostetter's Bitters. Of all vegetable tonics and alteratives, it is the purest and best. Its medicinal ingredients include all the juices and extracts of the most approved tonic, anti-bilious and antiseptic products of the Botanic Kingdom, and they are combined with a stimulant far superior in quality to the alcohol used in preparing the tinctures and extracts of the "regular" pharmacopoea.

JURUBEBA,

JURUBEBA,

A POTENT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD,
A POWERFUL TONIC, AND
PERFECT DEOBSTRUENT.

It is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the Blood, Liver and Spleen; will remove all obstructions of the Uterines and Urinary Organs, strengthen the debilitated Stomach and Intestines, restores impoverished Blood, allay Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, and animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic Temperaments.

PRICE—ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Agent,
No. 84 Market street, cor. Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

POTASH, IN CASKS,

CASTILE SOAP, Genuine,
BLUE VITRIOL,
OXALIC ACID,
SUMAC, SPONGES,
SAL AMMONIAC,
GUM SHELLAC,

Received and for sale by

George A. Kelly & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Corner First Avenue and Wood Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

PENNSYLVANIA
Military Academy,
CHESTER, DELAWARE CO., PA.
FOR RESIDENT CADETS ONLY.
Session Opens April 3d, 1872.

Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, Mathematical and Natural Sciences; the Classics and English is imparted by West Point graduates and other competent Professors.

Attention is given to the personal habits and moral training of Cadets.

For circulars apply to J. H. PAULSON, No. 80 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to
COL. THEO. HYATT,
President Pennsylvania Military Academy.

Pure Bi-Carbonate of Soda.

We ask the attention of the Drug Trade to our

Natrona Bi-Carbonate of Soda

Prepared with especial reference to medicinal use. Its absolute purity and entire freedom from traces of Neutral Carbonate of Soda, Sulphate of Soda, common Salt and other impurities, render it

Nearly Tasteless,

And being bolted through fine bolting cloth, the finest state of division is insured.

We beg that the NATRONA BI-CARB SODA may be compared—not with any of the so-called "American Bi-Carbonate," prepared from Soda Ash, and containing more or less of its impurities, but with the most celebrated brands of "New Castle" or other "English" Bi-Carbonate, to any or all of which we guarantee the NATRONA BI-CARBONATE to be superior in ever requisite. The nature and purity of our raw material, "Cryolite," and the perfection and extent of our machinery enables us always to furnish an uniform and pure product not attainable by any other process. Our works for this manufacture are the largest in the world, and the only one in the United States not using Soda Ash.

Sulphuric Acid not entering into any steps of our process, the absence of every trace of Arsenic is insured, but which is well known to be present in all the ordinary Sodas of commerce.

For sale in kegs containg 112 pounds each by nearly all wholesale dealers or by the manufacturers.

THE PENNA. SALT M'FG CO.
CLIFFORD PEMBERTON,
General Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AIKEN'S
Perfect fitting
SHIRTS

Directions for Self-Measure sent on application. Perfect Fitting Shirts of every description always in stock and warranted to fit.

JAMES H. AIKEN,
74 Fifth avenue, opposite Postoffice.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Knox Seed and Implement House.

Headquarters for reliable Garden and Flower Seeds, Egyptian Beet in stock, bon mixed Lawn Grass Seed, for gentlemen's places, a specialty; Seed Potatoes in variety, Seed Sweet Potatoes, Onion Sets, Prime Clover and Timothy, &c., at market prices.

Following Catalogues sent free to applicants, or can be had free at our store: Descriptive Catalogue or Hand-Book of Seeds, Market Gardener's List, for Gardeners only; Wholesale Price List, positively for the Trade only.

SCOBIE, REED & SMITH,
Successors to W. W. KNOX, successor to J. KNOX,
TThs No. 137 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fusi Yama Tea Importing Co.
(INCORPORATED.)
Importers and Jobbers of Teas,
No. 347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Import on Commission and sell to the Trade only.

DRY GOODS.

Silks, Silks, Silks.

Jas. Caldwell

INVITES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO HIS NEW STOCK OF

SPRING GOODS,

Which will be found Unusually Attractive.

BLACK FRENCH SILKS, all qualities.
BLACK AMERICAN SILKS.
New Styles in STRIPE SILKS, for Spring and Summer Suits.
RICH PLAIN SILKS, for Evening Wear.
JAPANESE SILKS, a very fine assortment and choice styles.
SILK POPLINS, ALPACAS and MOHAIR LUSTRES.

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

A Magnificent Assortment.

SUIT LINENS, GINGHAMS, CHINTZES, PRINTS.
HONEYCOMB AND MARSEILLES QUILTS.
NOTTINGHAM and TAMBOUR LACE CURTAINS.
SHEETING MUSLINS, IRISH LINENS.
DAMASK TABLE LINENS.
NEW STYLES SILK BASQUES.
LACE SHAWLS AND SACQUES.
LADIES SUITS, a very fine assortment.

118 and 120 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

TRIMMINGS, &C.

Ladies' Muslin
UNDERGARMENTS,
AT
JOS. HORNE & CO.'S
RETAIL.

We have Just Received Another Very Large Lot of the above Goods, consisting of

NIGHT DRESSES,
TOILET SACQUES,
CHEMIES AND DRAWERS,

WHICH WE OFFER AT

Popular Prices.

Ladies' Corsets,

Fine French and American made, Plain and Embroidered. Also, Full Lines in the different grades of

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corset,

BARGAINS ON COUNTER TO CLOSE OUT.

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY.

Notwithstanding the Recent Advance in the Cost of these Goods, we continue to offer Full Lines of

Best Makes at Last Season's Low Prices

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. ATTENTION SHOWN TO ALL.

PLEASE REMEMBER THE PLACE,

197 and 199 Penn Avenue.

RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.
1872.
ALSO,
White Goods, Embroideries, &c.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers
BONNET, TRIMMING, NECK AND SASH RIBBONS,
VELVET RIBBONS, NECK TIES,
Bonnet Silks, Satins, Velvets and Crapes,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS, ORNAMENTS, FRAMES, &c.
Straw Bonnets and Ladies and Children's Hats,
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

And in connecting Warerooms

White Goods, Linens, Embroideries,
LACES, NETS, COLLARS, SETTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, VEILING, HEAD NETS, &c., &c.

Nos. 237 and 239 Baltimore St.
BALTIMORE, MD.

These goods are manufactured by us or bought for Cash directly from the European and American Manufacturers, embracing all the Latest Novelties, unequaled in variety and cheapness in any market.

Orders filled with care, promptness and dispatch.
TThs

Just Received,
NEW STOCK
HATS AND CAPS,
AT
PALMER'S,
84 Wood Street.

Will Open our NEW ROOMS, 149 and 151 WOOD STREET, March 20, 1872, with the Largest Stock of HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS ever offered in Pittsburgh.

STENCILS

STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and
RIBBON STAMPS,
STENCIL COLORS.
BRUSHES and ALL STENCIL MATERIALS,
WHOLESALE AT
W. A. BUNTING'S
STENCIL ROOMS,
184 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

PLANING MILL,
Lumber Yard and Box Factory.
G. A. MUNDORFF,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Sash, Doors, Frames, Mouldings, &c.,
Cor. Mary and Twenty-third sts., East Birmingham, Pa.

Every description of PINE AND HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand and delivered to order. Weatherboarding, Paling, Laths and Shingles constantly on hand. Sawing and Re-Sawing done with dispatch.

GEO. E. WILLIAMS......LEVI DILLON.
Printing Presswork Establishment.

GEO. E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
No. 5 UNION STREET, Pittsburgh,
Between the foot of Fifth avenue and the Diamond.

Newspaper Publishers and others wanting the best of Presswork done, are solicited to give us their patronage. Our Presses are all new, and the largest in the city. We have also a Cutting Machine and a Newspaper Folding Machine. Wholesale Grocers wanting COFFEE LABELS PRINTED can be promptly supplied.

We have Composing Rooms to let to parties who wish to set their type in the same building with us.

GEO. E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
"Iron World Building," opposite Hare's Hotel.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c.
Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.

Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO'S RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c. Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.

PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.

Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMERICAN SARDINES—A NEW ARTICLE, put up in large cans and spiced ready for the table, just received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

DRY GOODS.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.
TO BUYERS
OF
DRY GOODS
At Wholesale.

Having completed every arrangement necessary for placing our House on a footing of equality with the very best Eastern Houses, both as regards quantity and variety of Goods, and Low Prices, we invite prompt trade to call and examine our Goods and compare Prices.

Not Fearing Competition from any quarter, we urgently invite City and Country Merchants to give us a call. Stock replenished every day. Always something new.

A. W. Erwin & Co
172 and 174
Federal Street, Allegheny.

ANNOUNCEMENT
JUST OPENED.
EUWER, CHESNUT & LONG,
LATE EUWER & LONG,

Have Removed from their old stand, No. 61 Ohio street, Allegheny, to their new and commodious Room,

No. 150 FEDERAL STREET,

Where they will exhibit to their friends and customers a Fresh Stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.
150 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY,
Three Doors from the Diamond.

SPRING, 1872.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF LADIES TO OUR FINE STOCK OF

New Goods,

SUITED FOR SPRING WEAR.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE HIGH PRICES ASKED IN THE MARKET FOR ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS, WE ARE PREPARED TO OFFER OUR ENTIRE NEW STOCK AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW COLORED SILKS,
NEW SHAWLS AND SCARFS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW RIBBONS,
NEW LACE GOODS
NEW GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
NEW CLOTHS,
NEW LINENS,
NEW PRINTS AND GINGHAMS,
NEW P. K.'S, P. K.'S,
NEW WHITE GOODS,
NEW TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.

Inspection and Comparison Solicited.

One Price! Small Profits!

The People's Store
UNDER MASONIC HALL,
55 and 57 Fifth Avenue.

Campbell Williamson & Dick.

JEWELRY.

15 PER CENT. SAVED
BY PURCHASING YOUR
PLATED WARE
AT
S. M. ORR'S
JEWELRY STORE,
114 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

THE CELEBRATED
JEWETT & GOODMAN
ORGAN
Sold on Monthly or Quarterly Payments, by
L. R. NORTON, State Agent,
118 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Opposite New City Hall, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ AGENTS WANTED. TThs

Newspaper Advertising

A Card occupying One Inch of Space can be
INSERTED ONE MONTH
IN
37 Western Pennsylvania Newspapers,
FOR THIRTY-SEVEN DOLLARS.

Advertisements inserted in over 5,000 Newspapers at lowest rates. Send orders to

J. WEAVER & CO.,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
TThs 61 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

UPHOLSTERS.

E. EDMUNDSON & SON,
WHOLESALE ANF RETAIL MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
MATTRESSES, COMFORTS,
BLANKETS,
And All Kinds of Bed Trimmings.
LACE CURTAINS, DRAPERIES
AND
Fine Curtain Goods and Trimmings, Window Shades, Cornices, &c.
55 MARKET STREET.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

We have opened for the SPRING TRADE, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of PHILADELPHIA CARPETS, TABLE, STAIR and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES and PAPER, CARPET CHAIN, COTTON, YARN, BATTING, WADDING, TWINES, WICKS, CLOCKS, LOOKING GLASSES, FANCY BASKETS, BROOMS, BASKETS, BRUSHES, BUCKETS, CLOTHES WRINGERS, WOODEN and WILLOW WARE in the United States.

Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices and furnish the best quality of Goods.

Sole Agents for the CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASHER; price $5 50. Over 13,000 sold in six months.

Terms—Carpets, 60 days. All other goods, 30 days net

ADOLPH STEUBNER,
FRESCO PAINTER,
195 FIFTH AVENUE,
Fifth Avenue Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

B. K. JAMISON & CO.
BANKERS,
PHILADELPHIA.

Transact a general Banking and Exchange Business, including Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., on Commission.

DRY GOODS.

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

AT 18½ CENTS,

WHITE INDIA TWILL,

A Superior Article for Aprons, a Great Bargain.

At 6¼c, fast colored Prints, in short lengths.
At 8½c, fast colored Light Prints, } Best Quality
At 8½c, fast colored dark Prints, } slightly
At 8½c, fast col'd Purple Prints, } misprinted.
At 8 1-3c, fast colored Second Mourning Prints.
At 12½, 15 and 18¾c, Plain and Figured Delaines, best quality.
At 12½c, 4-4 Bleached Muslin, an extra bargain.
At 25c, Plain and Corded Alpacas, all colors.
At 44, 55 and 62½c, black Mohair Lustres, extra good bargains.
At 37½c, Bright Colored Plaids, double widths.

AT $1 25,

White Bed Quilts.

Marseilles and Honeycomb, Large Size.

At 12½c, Linen Shirt Fronts.
At 6, 12, 18¾ and 25c, Gents' Silk Neckties.
At 50c, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, a job lot all Pure Linen, very fine quality.
At 50c, Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves.
At 50c, Ladies' White Merino Drawers, a great bargain.
At 12½c, Ladies' heavy Ribbed Merino Hose.
At 18¾c, Ladies' Ribbed Merino Hose, extra heavy.

Some Extra Good Bargains in Ladies' and Misses'

Handkerchiefs and Lace Collars,

ON COUNTER, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

JOHN AUDAY......J. F. J. ALLISON

AUDAY
& ALLISON,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
DRY GOODS
AND
Notions,
No. 43 WOOD STREET,
Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

A LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF GOODS WILL BE KEPT ON HAND THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.

BUYERS WILL FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE MAKING THEIR PURCHASES.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE

ALL NEW STYLES OF
WILTONS, AXMINSTERS,
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRIES.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

OIL CLOTHS,
LINOLEUM,
MATTINGS AND MATS.

Henry McCallum,
51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

CARPETS!
NEW STYLES.
MOQUETTES,
AXMINSTERS,
WILTONS,
VELVETS and
BRUSSELS,

In the Finest Drawings and most Delicate Colorings, with

Borders and Rugs to Match.

OUR SPRING STOCK NOW DAILY ARRIVING IS THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

OLIVER
McCLINTOCK
& COMPANY,
23 Fifth Avenue.

BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
MATTINGS, &C.

In taking Stock we have found many Patterns that we don't expect to buy for the Spring Trade, and will therefore close them out at a Reduced Price to make room for New Goods.

Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

PROPOSALS.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE
OF THE LIGONIER VALLEY RAILROAD,
Ligonier, Pa., March 11, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Chief Engineer's Office for the

Graduation and Masonry of Sections
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10

Of the Ligonier Valley Railroad until March 29, 1872. The Company reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Specifications and profile can be seen at the Engineer's Office after Monday, March 24th, 1872.

JOHN McFARLAND, President.
GEO. L. MILLER, Chief Engineer.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Jeffersonville, Ind., March 7, 1872.

Sealed Proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 12 M. of MONDAY, April 15, 1872, for supplying this Depot with five thousand (5,000) bushels BITUMINOUS COAL, the same to be of the best quality of Pittsburgh, and free from dust.

Delivery to commence within ten (10) days after execution of contract, to be completed within thirty (30) days, and to be at such places as the officers in charge may direct.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Coal," and addressed to the undersigned.

By order of the Quartermaster General.

C. H. HOYT,
Captain and Depot Quartermaster.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—
TIME EXTENDED.

Proposals for the Erection of a Public School Building in South Pittsburgh, will be received until TUESDAY, March 19th, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the office of Justice W. H. BARKER, No. 23 Carson street. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of Barr & Moser, Architects, 2 and 4 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, at the City of Wheeling, West Virginia, until WEDNESDAY, March the 20th, for the Grading, Masonry and Bridging of the Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Kentucky Railroad, from the junction with the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, opposite Steubenville, to the City of Wheeling, a distance of about twenty-four miles.

Profile and Specifications can be seen at the above named office after TUESDAY, March 15, 1872.

LEWIS APPLEGATE,
President Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Kentucky Railroad Company.

☞ FRAZIER, METZGER & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Manilla, Coffee, Hardware, Glass, Carpet, Baling, Roofing, Rag, and Straw Papers. Office and Warehouse, No. 82 Third avenue.

DRY GOODS.

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

A NEW STOCK OF

MILLINERY,
TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

Dolly Varden Skirts,
Dolly Varden Bustles.

WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE APRONS,
LACE AND EMBROIDERIES,
LACE RUFFLINGS for the Neck,
GENTS' NECK TIES,
LADIES' NECK TIES.

NEW HATS AND BONNETS,
Bonnet Ribbons and Flowers.

Sash Ribbons, Crape Veils.
English and French Crapes,
Boys' Underwear, at 50, 62½ and 75c.
Ladies' and Gent's Underwear.
Gents' Cloth Shirts, at 62½, 75c and $1 00.
Gents' White Dress Shirts.

Velveteens and Satins,
Shawls and Shoulder Scarfs,
Corsets, Switches and Chignons,
Hosiery and Gloves,

AT VERY LOW PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

Haines & Sheibler,
SUCCESSORS TO
CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
No. 94 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
J. B. HAINES, } General Partners.
F. G. SHEIBLER, }
DAVID McCANDLESS, Special.

Lace Curtains,
NEW PATTERNS JUST OPENED
BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Wylie Avenue Savings Bank,
NO. 153 WYLIE AVENUE,
(CORNER ELM STREET.)
CAPITAL STOCK..........$200,000.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Six per cent. paid on time deposits.
Collections made on all accessible points.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and Saturday evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock.

WM. B. HAYS, President,
E. P. JONES, Vice President,
W. W. SCOTT, Cashier.

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
MONEY LOANED
ON
UNITED STATES BONDS COLLATERAL.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

A. BRADLEY..........President.
W. VANKIRK..........Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr..........Cashier.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.,)
Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.
☞ Sight Drafts on London.

BALTIMORE ADVER'S.

STATEMENT
OF THE
CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK
OF BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, MARCH 1ST, 1872.

LIABILITIES.
DR.

To Capital Stock		$ 200,000 00
To Circulation		180,000 00
To Profit and Loss To Exchange To Interest		44,736 42
To Deposits—		
I. e. Individuals	$357,674 55	
" Banks	380,325 38	
" State Banks and Bankers	44,223 54	782,223 47
		$1,206,959 89

ASSETS.
CR.

By U. S. Bonds		$ 200,000 00
By Premiums		34,795 09
By Taxes Paid	$ 472 40	
By Taxes Paid in advance	1,380 00	1,852 40
By Banking House, Safe and Vault acc't		4,115 80
By Bills Receivable		539,809 87
By Call Loans		13,500 00
By Expense Account		13,187 18
By Protest Account		29 39
By Cash due by Banks	$210,426 62	
By Cash due by State Banks and Bankers	31,679 48	
By U. S. Stamps	675 00	
By Cash	156,889 06	399,670 16
		$1,206,959 89

JAMES O'CONNOR, President.
C. H. PITTS, Cashier.

GITTINGER, DERR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND
Commission Merchants
FOR THE SALE OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Liquors, Cigars, Breadstuffs and Country Produce,
Nos. 13 and 15 Cheapside, Baltimore.
☞ Consignments Solicited.

RENNERT HOUSE,
ON EUROPEAN PLAN.
Fayette Street, near Monument Square,
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SWAN HEMP & WIRE ROPE WORKS
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L.

WIRE ROPE.

BRIGHT STEEL AND CHARCOAL IRON of Superior Quality, for Inclined Planes, Mining, Hoisting, Belting and Ferry Purposes. Also, Galvanized Charcoal and B. B. for Ships' Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Guys, Derricks, &c. A large stock constantly on hand, from which any desired lengths are cut, at

John W. Mason & Co.'s,
43 Broadway, New York.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
193 LIBERTY ST.,
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF
Marbleized Mantels,
Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.
COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.
CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.
STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.
Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.

JAMES OLD.

The Best in the World!

Awarded THE BEST wherever exhibited. Guaranteed to prove so by the Manufacturers. Recommended as having proved so by the Purchasers.

Howe's & Sampson's U. S. Standard
SCALES,
OF ALL SIZES AND VARIETIES.

Also, STORE AND BAGGAGE TRUCKS, PATENT MONEY DRAWERS AND GROCERS' FIXTURES.

SOUDER & McCLURG,
GENERAL AGENTS, 63 WOOD STREE

DRY GOODS.

NOVELTIES
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT $1 87½ CENTS,

AMERICAN BLACK SILKS,

Quite a Superior Article, an Extra Bargain.

New Dress Goods,

Plain, Striped and Fancy Mixed.

NEW CASSIMERES.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN

SPRING SHAWLS.

NEW CHINTZES,
NEW PERCALES,
NEW PRINTS,
NEW GINGHAMS,
VERY CHEAP.

A New Stock of the Latest Novelties in

LACE COLLARS,

A Large Assortment at Attractive Prices.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS

At the Lowest Prices, Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

REMOVAL.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & Co
Have Removed to their New Building,
Nos. 239 and 241 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD STREET,
And offer an elegant new stock of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS
AND
SMALL WARES,
AT
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO CALL.

C. Arbuthnot. W. T. Shannon. J. G. Stephenson

INSURANCE.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL..........$225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

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LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
PITTSBURGH BRANCH OFFICE:
No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS - - - $7,000,000.

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GEO. H. HOLTZMAN,
General Agent, at Real Estate Savings Bank, 63 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. TThs

National Insurance Company.
Office in the Second National Bank Building,
COR. FEDERAL ST. AND THE DIAMOND
ALLEGHENY CITY.
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JNO. BROWN, Jr., Vice President.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

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JAS. L. GRAHAM, JNO. THOMPSON,
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JAS. LOCKHART, JACOB KOPP,
ROBT. REA, JOS. McNAUGHTER.
CHARLES P. WHISTON.
TThs

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH,
Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

John Watt, William Phillips,
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Samuel McCrickart, Charles Arbuckle,
James Herdman.

JOHN WATT..........President.
JOHN E. PARKE..........Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER..........Secretary.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH,
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL..........$175,000.

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

WM. A. CALDWELL..........President.
JNO. McDEVITT..........Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY..........Secretary.
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DIRECTORS:

W. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
Wm. H. Forsyth, William Means,
James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Samuel B. Robinson, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizen's Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—Corner Market and Water streets, Second Floor

WM. BAGALEY..........President.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

Insures against loss or damage by fire.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Bagley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., James M. Cooper,
W. G. Johnston, S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, John S. Dilworth,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Alexander Moore,
S. M. Kier,

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the name of HANI, ARMOR & FEURHAKE is this day dissolved by mutual consent, JACOB MILLER and CHARLES H. GILLESPIE purchasing the interest of AUGUSTUS HANI in said firm.

AUGUSTUS HANI,
W. G. ARMOR,
H. FEURHAKE,
D. M. ARMOR.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM OF HANI, ARMOR & FEURHAKE the undersigned desires to return his thanks for the patronage bestowed to the late firm, and heartily recommends a continuance of the same to the firm of

ARMOR, FEURHAKE & CO.

AUGUSTUS HANI.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY associated themselves together to conduct the business of

LITHOGRAPHY,

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, AT NOS. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair street), and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed to the late firm.

W. G. ARMOR,
H. FEURHAKE,
D. M. ARMOR,
JACOB MILLER,
CHAS. H. GILLESPIE.

Pittsburgh, March 15th, 1872.

NOTICE—
The Copartnership heretofore existing between WILLIAM MILLER, WILLIAM BRUFF, JOHN M. THORP and JEROME S. BONNETT, under the firm name of

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Has been dissolved by the death of William Miller.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

☞ Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Commercial Banking Company,
ALLIANCE, OHIO.

The undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the above name to transact

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.

Special attention will be given to Collections in ALLIANCE, CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LEETONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

Remittances made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

Reference—Tradesmen's National Bank.

DAVID MORGAN, W. D. REES,
C. C. MANFULL, H. P. McINTOSH,
R. W. TEETERS, Cashier.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,
$1,000,000.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President............DAVID GREGG.

Directors.

WM. WILLS,	PHILIP BENTEL,
J. V. McDONALD,	BENJ. SINGERLY,
JAMES T. BRADY,	HON. ROBT. McKNIGHT,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK,	HARTLEY HOWARD,
DANIEL EUWER,	L. J. BLANCHARD,
C. S. FETTERMAN,	DAVID GREGG.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

TThs

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

$20,000 Turtle Creek Division Bonds,

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R.

AT 86 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

The Only Local Security now on the Market.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE

MONDAY EVENING, March 18, 1872.

The *Financial Chronicle*, in an article on the monitary situation, remarks that the anticipated ease in the market has not developed itself, and that there is a general and well grounded belief that no relaxation will take place for some time to come, and assigns as reasons for this view that the insurance offices have been selling their government bonds and re-investing in railroad and other securities paying a higher rate of interest, thus flooding the market with bonds which require large amounts of money to manipulate; that the Savings banks have followed the same course, being compelled to by the drain on their deposits, occasioned by the late run on these institutions. Again, the funds paid out by the insurance companies for the losses sustained by the Chicago fire have been kept on deposit in New York, because the building and other purposes to which the money was destined did not yet require it, and as the spring opens these funds are rapidly moving westward.

The opinion is expressed by leading bankers that the drain of money to Chicago during the summer from monetary centers will be so great as to prevent the large accumulation of currency on deposit in the banks usual in the summer months, and that hence the experience of last season will not be repeated, and that money will probably rule higher than usual during the next few months.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Evening
U. S. Bonds of 1881	115⅜	115½	115⅜
U. S. Bonds of 1862	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1864	112	111⅞	111⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1865	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1867	112⅜	112⅛	112⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1868	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜
10-40s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
New 5s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
Gold	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
Currency 6s	114⅛	114⅞	114⅞

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	110⅛
United States 6s of 1881	115⅜
United States 5-20s of 1862	111⅞
United States 5-20s of 1864	112
United States 5-20s of 1865	112⅜
United States 10-40s	108⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	111⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	112⅜
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	112⅛
Union Pacific Railroad	....
Central Pacific Railroad	....
Currency Pacifics	114⅛

—The people of Great Britain are taking an interest in the Northern Pacific Railway not only as a field for investment but as a powerful agency for the consolidation and development of their colonial possessions, extending from Halifax to the Pacific Ocean, and for the maintenance of their trade with the far East. Below we give an extract from the London *Post* on this subject:

"The whole area of England and Scotland is about fifty seven million acres, and that of England, Scotland and Ireland is about seventy-five millions; so that the territory given by the American Government to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company exceeds that of Great Britain by three millions of acres, and is only fifteen millions of acres less than the whole area of the United Kingdom. * * Our interest in this particular American enterprise arises from the circumstance that it appears to open up to us a portion of our dominions which have hitherto been almost inaccessible. * * In short, from the eastern to the western terminus of the line the route of this road traverses a region most desirable for settlement and rich in resources, whose development will be almost as profitable to British as to American interests."

—We have had another day of great excitement in Erie stock, with immense transactions and wide fluctuations. The only new facts which have been added to what the public knew before are the resignation of Jay Gould as a director and the publication of the condition of the company's finances. The following is a synopsis of the latter:

Amount of common stock		$78,000,000
Amount of preferred stock		8,536,910
Total share capital		$86,536,910
Bonded debt	$26,458,300	
Floating debt	5,693,674 —	32,151,974
Total debt		$118,688,884
Total assets held as collateral for loans, and estimated to be worth		6,174,100
Making the net liabilities		$112,514,784

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

March 18, 1872.	10:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Gold	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
Canton	......	94		91½		
West'n Union Tel	......	71		71		
Quicksilver	......	35½		35½		
Pacific Mail	61¾	61⅞	61⅞	62	62	62
Adams Express	......	97½		97½		
Wells-Fargo Ex	......	75½		75½		
American Express	......	73⅞		73¾		
United States Ex	......	73⅞		73¾		
New York Central	95¾	95⅝	95	95⅜	95¾	95¾
N. Y. Central scrip	90⅝	90⅞	90¾	90⅜	90¾	90¾
Erie	47¼	47⅞	47¾	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛
Reading	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜
Michigan Central	......	116		115½		
Michigan Southern	93	92⅞	93	92⅞	94⅛	93
Illinois Central	......	134		134		
Cleveland & Pitts	90⅞	91	91	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
Chicago & North'n	79⅛	78⅞	79	78⅞	79	79
Do. preferred	92⅛	92	92	92	92⅛	92⅛
Rock Island	113⅛	113⅜	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
St. Paul	59⅛	59⅛	59⅜	59⅛	59⅛	59⅜
Do. preferred	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛
Wabash	......	75⅛		75⅛		
Do. preferred	......	87				
Fort Wayne	98⅜	98⅜		98⅜		98⅜
Ohio and Miss'pi	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
Chicago and Alton	......	117		117		
Do. preferred	......	120		120		
Boston, H'ford & E	......	6⅞		6⅞		
Harlem	......	112		111⅛		
New Jersey Central	......	113		112⅛		
Union Pacific	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞

		11:30 A.M.		1:30 P.M.	
Tennessee State bonds	......	66⅞	......	66⅞	......
Do. new	......	66⅞	......	66⅞	......
South Carolina, July	......	37⅛	......	37⅛	......
South Carolina, April	......	35	......	35	......
Missouri sixes	......	95	......	95	......

—Mr. Edward Young, of the Bureau of Statistics in the Treasury Department, has furnished the Associated Press with an abstract of his monthly report No. 5 of the series of 1871–72 of the foreign trade of the United States. His figures give an apparent balance against the United States of over sixty one millions ($61,071,683). The New York *Times* says the condition of our foreign trade balances, as shown on the actual returns from all ports of the United States for the first five months of the fiscal year, and at New York for three months since these returns, is suggestive of the query, how or with what means these balances are to be adjusted in the next three months. The foreign exchanges have not yet reached the point at which it would pay the bankers to ship gold coin to cover their bills, but the intermediate difference is too small to justify any very sanguine calculation that the season of active shipments can be long postponed. Last year the shipments of gold and silver of all descriptions, from April 1 to June 30, averaged something less than $10,000,000 per month. The gap then acknowledged between our ordinary exports (other than specie), and the imports marketed in this country and to be paid for, was not so wide as at present, nor had the Treasury called home from Europe for redemption in gold $30,000,000 or $32,000,000 United States 5-20s of 1862. This last operation may not possibly add a corresponding sum to our foreign adverse balances, as a considerable variety, aggregating an important if not wholly counterbalancing sum of American stocks, continues to go forward, and there is a free disposition in Wall street to use Foreign and Canadian Banking credits on our Stock Exchange. With all, however, we confess that we apprehend an unusual demand for gold for export in the next three or four months, unless a very decided revival for American Stocks, including our public funds, is experienced on the other side.

—Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penn'a Central	59	Lehigh Valley R. R.	66½
Phila. and Erie	26⅛	North Penn'a R. R.	49
Lehigh Navigation	41	Camden and Amboy	126
Catawissa	46	Schuylkill Navigat'n	17
Oil Creek & Alle'y R.	36	Reading	57

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, March 18, 1872.

REMARKS—The weather continues cool and frosty, and there are some impatient people who assert that Spring is rather tardy in putting in an appearance. Business is generally reported fair and daily increasing. Prices for the most part are unchanged, hence we do not extend our remarks. Below will be found the wholesale prices, unless otherwise noticed:

ASHES—We quote: Soda ash, common, 6¾a7c; refined (high test) 7¾a8c; nitrate soda 5¼c; pots 10c; pearls 11c.

APPLES—Sales good winter at $4 50a5 00 ℔ bbl; fancy $5a5 50; common $3 50; receipts 65 bbls.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime at 70a75c per gallon; gallon pails, per dozen $10 50; hf gallon pails $6 00.

BEANS—Prime Navy meets with ready sale at $2 25a2 50 ℔ bush.

BROOM CORN—Market dull and nominal at 7a9c ℔ lb.

BROOMS—Market quiet and steady; fancy $4 50; No. 1, $4 00; No. 2 $3 50; No. 3, $2 75; common $2 25a2 50 ℔ doz.

BAKING POWDER—Royal ¼-lb cans $1 50 per doz; ½-lb cans $3 00 per dozen; 1-lb cans $6 00 per dozen; Banner $1 75, $3 25 and $6 00 per dozen for the different sizes.

BUTTER—Under a light supply prices are a shade higher. Strictly choice commands 30a32c ℔ lb; fair to medium 25a28c; grease butter 9a11c; receipts 176 pkgs.

BACON AND PROVISIONS.—Receipts bacon, tierces, 15. Trade is reported moderately active at the following figures: Sugar cured hams 12c; sugar cured shoulders 8c; plain do 6½c; rib sides 8c; clear rib do 8¾c; clear do 9c; breakfast bacon 10¾a11½c; dried beef 17c; mess pork $14 00; hams sausage 10½c; lard in tierces 9¾c; do half bbls 10¾c; do kegs 11c; do buckets 11¼c; pigs feet $2 10 ℔ keg.

CHEESE—Receipts light and prices very firm. We quote as follows: Goshen at 20a21c; Factory 19c; no Dairy in the market. Sweitzer 15a17c.

CIDER—XXX $13 00 per bbl; large barrels $11 00a12 00; extra cured $9 00a10 00.

CANDLES—Mould, 12c; stearine, 14 ounces, 13¼c; full weight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales Pennsylvania at $6; other brands $5a5 50.

CARBON OIL—There has been an advance, and we quote at 21c ℔ gallon. Demand active.

CRANBERRIES—Sackett's Bell berries command $17a18 ℔ bbl; cultivated $12a13. Demand active.

CEMENT—Beeson's Phœnix Hydraulic $3 50a3 75; Johnston $2 25; Rosendale $4 00a4 50; Calcined plaster $4 50; Land plaster $3 50a3 75 ℔ bbl.

FRUITS—DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN—Sales dried apples at 8a9c; peaches, bright, new halves, 9½a10c; old 8a9c, mixed 7½a8½c; quarters 7a8c; currants, new crop, 10c old 8c; layer raisins ℔ box, $3 50; half box $1 75; Valencia do 13c; purnes 12½c for new.

EGGS—Arrivals free and prices weak and declining. Sales strictly fresh at 20a22c ℔ doz.

FLOUR—Receipts 655 bbls. Prices are without change with a fair demand reported. Following are the ruling figures of the market: Mills: National, white wheat, bbls $8 90; sks $8 60; Pan Handle, southern amber, bbls $8 20; sks $7 90; Morning Glory, red winter, bbls $7 80; sks $7 50; railroad, good extra, bbls $6 25; Graham flour, bbls $8 25; sks $7 90. Stores—Choice brands $8 25 ℔ bbl; good $8 ℔ bbl; bakers flour $7 60a7 85.

FISH—Sales reported at the following figures: Lake herring $3 25 ℔ half bbl. Whitefish scarce at $6 50 per half barrel; mackeral No 1 shore, $20; extra No. 1 bay $15; No. 2 shore, medium, $10; extra $14; No. 3, large, in half bbls $4 75a5 00, and $8 50 in bbls. New Codfish, 5¾c for medium, and 7c for large. New Labrador, split, $8 50; do round, $6 50.

GROCERIES—The spring trade in this branch seems to have already opened, our large wholesale dealers having as many orders as they can fill. We have information that Rio coffee is excited eastward, and up fully a half cent, gold. We wait fuller news before changing our figures. Sugars firm and refined hard to buy at Saturday's prices. Following are the ruling figures of the market:

Coffee—Fancy 25½c; prime 24¼c; good 23¼c; fair 23a23½c; Java 28c; Laguayra 26a27c; Mocha 45c; roasted coffee, loose and in one lb packages, 28c ℔ lb.

Sugars—Refined, crushed, granulated and powdered 13¼c, cut loaf 14¼c; A c offee 12¾c; B 12½c; Ex C 12c; C 11½c; C 11¼c; C yellow 10¾a11¼c. P R sugars, choice 11¼c; prime 10¾c; good 10a11c; Cuba sugars 10a11c; New Orleans sugars, fair, 9¾c; good 10c; prime 10½c; choice 11¾c.

Syrups—Havemeyer & Elder 65c; H. & E. Extra 57c; White Honey 60c; Extra Silver 55c; Red Head 52c; Lavender 50c; common 40a45c.

New Orleans Molasses—New crop, prime, 65c; choice 70c.

Rice—Carolina choice 9¼c; Rangoon 8c; Patna 8¾c.

Spices—Pepper grain 23c; pure ground 25c; Cassia bark 50c; cloves 22c; nutmegs $1 25.

GRAIN—The following are the receipts of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley for the past twenty-four hours:

Wheat, sacks	618	Rye, sacks	257
Corn, sacks	366	Barley, sacks	435
Oats, sacks	2,260		

We have no change to note in prices and continue to quote red winter, in car lots, $1 60a1 62; white $1 65a1 67. Oats—market still unsettled and prices weak and lower; sales mixed at 47a48c ℔ bush; sacked white, car lots, 47a48c. Corn—market dull with sales shelled, on track, at 56a58c, and free in elevator 59a60c; ear, mixed, in bulk, 55a57c; yellow 60c. Rye—market steady at 98c a$1 00. Barley—fall held at 80a85c; spring 75a80c.

HAY—Supply liberal; baled on wharf and track $19a22; extra choice timothy hay $22a23 ℔ ton.

HOPS—Supply light. We quote: '71s at 60a70c ℔ lb; old '70s 40a44c ℔ lb.

HUSKS—In good demand at 2¼a2¾c.

HONEY—Sales at 25a30c ℔ lb. Demand limited.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky $165 ℔ ton; single dressed $240; scutched $190a195.

HOMINY—Dull sale at $4 50a5 0 ℔ bbl.

LARD OIL—No 1 extra 85a88c; No 2, 62a64c; Cincinnati and Chicago winter strained 85a88c.

LIME—Perrysburgh white $2a2 25 ℔ bbl; Cleveland $2 25; Easton $1 75; Belfast white $1 50.

MILL FEED—Middlings $1 80a2 00; seconds $1 45a1 60; shorts $1 15; chopped corn and oats $1 50; chopped corn $1 40; bolted corn meal 75c ℔ bush.

MINCE MEAT—Good brands are held at 12a13c per lb.

ONIONS—Sales in a jobbing way at $2 50a2 90 ℔ barrell.

POULTRY—Dressed turkeys 18a20c; ducks 15a16c; geese 10a11c; chickens 15a17c.

POTATOES—Prime peachblows command 75a80c ℔ bush.

RAGS—Sales at 4a4½c ℔ lb. Demand active.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER—Sales of ¼-lb cans at $1 50; ½-lb $1; 1-lb $6 ℔ doz.

SEEDS—Clover seed $6 00a6 25; timothy seed $3 25a3 50; flax seed $1 80a1 85.

SALT—Car load $1 85; store $2 00.

SUMAC—Sales of Tennessee made at 4½c ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Demand fair with sales at 8a8¼c per lb.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky at 10c.

WHISKY—Highwines 92c; common rectified 92c@$1 00; proof rectified $1 00a1 05; rye and corn $1 60a1 65 ℔ gallon; old Monongahela whisky $6 00a8 00 as to age.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, TUESDAY, March 19, 1872.

REMARKS—The market continues dull. This, however, has been the situation for some time. Buyers are very shy and not disposed to pay the present rates; on the other hand holders refuse to make further concessions. The receipts for some days have been light, exhibiting a material falling off. The following are the asking rates:

CRUDE.

We quote nominally as follows for the various deliveries: Spot 9½c; March 9½c; S. O. first six months—11¾c; B. O. all year 12¼c. For prices in the oil regions see dispatches.

REFINED.

Prices continue weak, showing a slight decline in prices: Spot offered at 21a21½c; March 21¼c; April 22¼c; May 23c; June 24c per gallon for Eastern delivery.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, March 18.—The *Courier* says: A weaker feeling prevailed during the day on the upper and lower roads. We quote the following sales:

2,000 bbls upper road, S. O., 2d quarter	$3 65
2,000 bbls upper road, B. O., 1st 6 mos	4 25
500 bbls upper road, B. O., 1st 6 mos	4 22½
500 bbls upper road spot	3 50
700 bbls upper road spot	3 52½
800 bbls lower road, spot	3 60
1,000 bbls Oil City	3 95

NEW YORK, March 18. Closing Saturday 16.—Market weak with no sales of consequence, and quotations are nominal; crude in bulk 12¾a13c, refined 22¼a22½c. Philadelphia dull and prices more in buyers favor; refined is quoted at 21¼a21½c.

OIL CITY, March 18.—Market not yet developed—can only quote prices nominal and unchanged from Saturday.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, March 18.—Market quiet and firm at $3 65a3 70.

ROUSEVILLE, March 18.—Market quiet and dull $3 55.

TITUSVILLE, March 18.—Market quiet little doing; spot $3 60; regular $3 65.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Market quiet; S W 21¾c; crude 11¼c; cases 26¼c; April 22¼; May 23½c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Spot 21c bid; March 21¼c; April 22¼; May 23c; crude 11¼c.

PARKER'S LANDING, March 18.—Market quiet at $3 45.

OIL CITY, March 18.—Market dull at $3 40a3 45. No sales.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Petroleum entirely nominal, with very little disposition to operate. Refined 22¼c. Crude 13c in bulk; naptha 10¼a10½c for city; case oil 27½c.

ROUSEVILLE, March 18.—Market dull and quiet at $3 55. Nothing doing.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Barrels.
T P Miller	L Oppenheim	80
Wm Stewart	Star Oil Works	444
B S Duncan	Liberty Oil Works	228
Thomas King	Eagle Oil Works	296

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Leo Oppenheim	80	Star Oil Works	444
Liberty Oil Works	228	Eagle Oil Works	296
Total			1,048

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, March 16, 1872.

Standard Oil Co, 672 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works, 100 bbls to Waring, King & Co. Philadelphia.

Total.....772

New York Hop Market.

March 16.—The market is very bare of 1871s. There is more inquiry from consumers for older growths, but holders are very unwilling to sell. Cable advices from England represent more doing at advanced prices. Sales here about 350 bales 1870s and 1869s at from 25c to 37c for 1870s and 15c to 25c for 1869s:

	Bales.
Receipts for the week	174
Receipts corresponding week 1871	435
Receipts corresponding week 1870	1,560
Total receipts since September 1st, 1871	24,970
Total receipts for same period in 1870	41,108
Total receipts for same period in 1869	91,580
Export clearances for the week	301
Total exports since September 1, 1871	3,364
Imports for the week	83
Total imports since September 1, 1871	3,213

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Dry goods—Steady; fair business doing at 11¼c for fancy prints, 22½a23½c for Pacific Mills percales, 18c for Manchester do, 20c for American do, 16½c for Kearsarge satteens, 14c for Amoskeag corset jeans, 15½c for Amoskeag, Appleton and Pepperell brown drills, 22½c for N. Y. mills muslins, 21c for Wamsutta do, 18c for Lonsdale do, and 12½c for Redbank. Heavy brown sheetings are in steady request at 14¾a15c for best makes and 13½c for seconds, such as Augusta and Nashville sheetings.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Flour firm; superfine $5 50a5 75; extra family $7 50a7 75. Wheat steady; red $1 62a1 65; amber $1 70. Corn quiet; yellow western 65c. Oats dull; white 54c; mixed 52c. Crude petroleum 16¼c; refined 21¾a21½c. Whisky dull at 89a90c.

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, March 18, 1872.

Cattle.

The arrivals of cattle by the different railroads centering at the Union Yards were about 33 cars, or 600 head. In addition to these there were a few small lots driven from Washington and Butler counties, making in all probably some 650 head of cattle on sale this morning. In quality the offerings were fair, and among them we noticed some still-fed cattle (very fine), the first that have been offered here this season. We noticed an absence of the more common grades, the droves generally being pretty even and consisting of medium to fair stock. The market this morning opened up slow and dull. Drovers in purchasing at Chicago last week had to pay prices from ¼c to ½c higher than the week before, and even at the advance could hardly get a fair supply of suitable stock. The offerings here were not heavy, and drovers, after paying high prices in the West, were not disposed to sell quickly and endeavored to advance prices. The butchers, who for some time have had pretty much their own way, buying at about their own figures, were astonished, and judging from their manner almost horror struck at finding drovers ask this morning an advance of ½c over last week's figures. They were offish and held back, going from yard to yard pricing cattle, but finding a general advance at all the yards, and not wanting to buy cattle at the increased price, they were very slow in making purchases; however, finding drovers inexorable, they submitted to their demands. The market, although a very slow one was more satisfactory to the sellers of cattle than that of last week, the run not being so heavy, and the demand fully up to it. All the offerings were sold.

Stockers.

The offerings of stockers this week amounted to about four car loads, and in quality were rather common. Quite a number of farmers were in attendance this morning, and trade ruled fair. Everything offered changed hands at prices running from $4 65 to $5 per hundred. It seems our farmers want stock cattle badly, but as yet are unwilling to pay prices; and about the time they conclude to do so stockers will have advanced so they cannot touch them, as when it gets near the grass season those who own them do not care whether they sell them or not.

Hog Sales.

J. & W. Rotchild's sold 150 from $5 00 to $6 00.
G. Emerick sold 200 from $4 87 to $5 75.
F. Hector sold 120 from $5 25 to $5 75.
Keefer & Beyers sold 45 from $4 75 to $5 60.

Cattle Sales.

Jacob Lobeman sold 27 Chicago from $6 50 to $7 50.
Jacob Shamberg sold 28 Chicago from $5 65 to $7 25.
M. Kraus sold 1 car Chicago from $6 40 to $7 25.
Holmes & Hunter sold 52 head western stock from $4 65 to $7 00.
Peter Hartman sold 22 Chicago from $5 50 to $6 75.
M. Varner, 81 stockers and fat cattle, $4 25 to $7 00.
L. Shamberg, 1 car Ohio, $6 to $6 70.
Jacob Needy, 2 car Ohio, $5 75 to $6 75.
S. Lowenstine, 18 Chicago, $5 62 to $6 75.
Saddler, Havens & Co., 36 Ohio, $5 50 to $6 75; 1 car Cherokee stillers, $6 to $6 50; 1 car native stillers, $6 25 to $7 25; 1 car good stilled bulls, $5 25 to $5 75; 1 car common bulls, $4 to $5 25.
Keefer & Beyers, 35 head Chicago $5 00 to $7 00.
Greenwalt & Kahn, 65 head Chicago, $5 50 to $7 00.
S Trauerman, 37 head Chicago and Ohio, $4 75 to $7 00.
C. B. Salmon, 13 head Ohio, $4 50 to $7 00.
Marks & Bro, 4 cars Chicago, $6 25 to $7 00.
G. Kaufman, 15 head Ohio, $4 50 to $6 00.
Carr & McCallister, 17 head Kansas, $6 50 to $ 75; 12 head Ohio, $5 50 to $6 00.
No sheep in market.

Prices.

The following are the prices: Extra 1,300 to 1,500 lbs steers, $6 75 to $7 00; prime 1,200 lbs steers, $6 35 to $6 65; fair 1,000 to 1,100 lbs steers, $6 00 to $6 25; common $5 00 to $5 50; stockers $4 65 to $5 00.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 18, 1872.

FLOUR—Extra spring quiet and firm at $6 37a7 00.

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 spring unsettled and irregular at $1 19¾a1 20. Corn firm but in light demand; No. 2 mixed 36¾a36½c, cash; 36¾a36⅞ seller April. Oats—No 2 a shade firmer at 30c. Rye—No 2 quiet and easier at 66a70c. Barley—No. 2 fall dull and inactive at 49c.

PROVISIONS steadier; mess pork in better demand and firmer at $11 02½ cash, $11 25a11 30 April. Lard strong at 8 25a8 30c cash, and 8 30a8 35c seller April. Hams in pickle steady at 7¾a8¼c; hams, plain, nominal at 7a8c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4c; sides, clear rib and clear, 6¼c.

HIGHWINES—Quiet and firm at 85c.

HOGS—More active and steady $4 20a4 70; nothing doing in dressed.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Cotton moderate; sales 2,000 bales; middling upland 22¾c. Flour dull; superfine western and State $5 90a6 25: common to good extra $6 25a6 75; good to choice $6 80a7 40; white wheat western extra $7 45a7 80; St. Louis $6 75a9 50. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky firm at 90c. Wheat steady; No 2 spring in store $1 45; prime white Michigan in store $1 52; winter red western quoted at $1 62a1 68; amber western $1 70a1 75; white western $1 70a1 78. Rye firmer; western 89c, instore. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn opened dull and closed a shade firmer; western mixed afloat 68c; yellow western 68½a69½c. Oats quiet; western in store and afloat 53a55½c; Ohio 55a58c. Eggs active at 21a24c. Hops unchanged. Coffee steady; Rio 17¾a20c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8¾a9¼c; Cuba 8¾a9½c. Molasses firm. Rice firm at 8¾a9¼c. Crude petroleum 12¾a13c. Turpentine dull and heavy at 72½a73c. Pork heavy; new mess, $12 60a12 75; prime $11 00a11 25; new prime mess $13 00. Beef quiet; mess $9a10 50; extra $11 75; Hams dull at $23a24. Dressed hogs quiet at 5¾a5½c. Tierce beef nominal; mess $16a18; India $19a21. Cut meats steady; hams 8a9½c; shoulders 5a5½c; middles unchanged. Lard quiet; No 1 to prime steam 8¾a9¼c. Butter quiet; western 10a23c.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Live Stock—Total beeves for the week 6,300, or 1,100 less than previous week. Arrivals to-day 99 cars at Communipaw, and 84 at Hundredth street, and 42 at Weehawken, making 3,600 against 4,200 last Monday. Market very strong at half a cent advance, or 10a14c; most sales at 11¾a12½c, averaging close on 12c. Some fancy cattle of 19 cwt, alive, sold at 14c, 62 lbs ℔ cwt; 4 cars fine Ohio, 16 cwt gross, sold at 13a14c; 2 cars Illinois 8¼ cwt 18c; 2 cars 7½ cwt 12a13c; 4 cars 6¾ cwt 11½c; 6 cars poor scant 6 cwt, some bulls, 10¾a11½c; lot fat bulls 6c ℔ lb live weight. Closed very firm.

Sheep—4,600, making 20,200 for the week, or 1,200 more than previous week. Prices fully sustained, or 7½c for very poor, 9c for medium, and 10a10½c for prime to extra; 1 car fat fine wool Ohio, 111 lbs, sold at 10½c; 2 cars 95 lbs 9½c; 3 cars Illinois 110 lbs 10½c; car 98 lbs 8½c; 3 cars 95 lbs Ohio 10c. No lambs on sale.

Hogs—For week 28,000 live, 5,600 dressed; for today 61 cars live, worth 5¼a5½c; city dressed 6a7c, those of 160 to 180 lbs selling at 6½c; western dressed sold at 5½c; firm market.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—Cotton—an advance asked but none established; middlings 22a22½c. Flour unchanged. Wheat scarce and firm and a shade higher at $1 58a1 60; choice $1 61a1 62. Corn dull and unchanged at 44a45c. Rye dull and declined to 88a92c. Oats dull at 38a42c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Others unchanged. Mess pork quiet and weak at $11 87a12 00 asked; sales at $12 00 seller middle of April. Lard firm; steam 8¼c; kettle 8¾c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4a4¼c; sides, clear rib 5⅞a6c; clear 7¼a7½c. Bacon firm; shoulders 5¼c; sides, clear rib 6⅞a6½c. Hogs nominally higher and few offering at $4 40a4 80.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, March 18.—Tobacco active; sales 101 hhds; lugs $6 75a8 00; low to medium leaf $8 50a10; good to fine $10 50a13. Bagging firm and unchanged at 16¼a17c. Cotton firm with an upward tendency; middling 21½c. Flour firm and unchanged. Grain unchanged. Provisions quiet; bacon shoulders 5¼c; sides, clear rib, 7c; clear 7¼c; bulk meats dull and no inquiry; shoulders 5¼c; sides, clear rib, 6c; clear 6¼c; mess pork $12 50a13 00. Whisky quiet at 83c.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Beeves in fair demand and firmer; sales 2,800 at $7 50a8 00 for extra Pennsylvania and Western steers, $6 50a7 00 for fair to good and $6 for common. Sheep in fair demand; sales 12,000 at 6¾a9½c ℔ lb. Hogs in fair demand; sales 3,200 at $7 50a8 00.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.—Sugar in fair demand; common 7½c; good fair 8¾a8¾c; Molasses—demand good; common fermenting 40a42½c; prime fermenting 50c; prime not fermenting 52½c. Whisky 85a96c. Coffee quiet; fair 19¾a21¼c; good 20¼c. a20¾c; prime 21a21½c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, March 18.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; extra white Michigan $1 64; No 1 white Michigan $1 58¾a1 58¾; amber Michigan $1 54¾a1 55; No 2 red $1 50. Corn dull. Oats nominal. Clover seed $5 00 for Michigan. Dressed hogs $5 40.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, March 18.—Wheat firmer and better; No 1 red winter $1 58; No 2 held at $1 45. Corn firm at 50c. Oats firm at 42c. Refined petroleum steady and firm at 21a21½c in car lots.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, March 18.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat steady; No 1 $1 26; No 2 $1 21. Oats steady; No 2 31c. Corn dull; No 2 mixed 36½c. Rye dull and nominal; No 1 67½c. Barley dull; No 2 fall 58c. Mess pork dull at $12 37a12 50.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, March 18.—Flour steady at $7 50a7 75 for choice. Wheat steady; extra $1 56½; amber $1 52½. Corn firm at 48½c for No. 1. Oats quiet and unchanged. Cloverseed dull at $5.

COTTON MARKETS.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, March 18.—Cotton active and advanced; low middlings 21¼c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, March 18.—Cotton active and higher; low middling 21c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.—Cotton strong; sales 6,500 bales; nominally good ordinary 21¼c; low middlings 21¾c; middlings 21¾c.

ARTIFICIAL STONE,

PATENTED NOVEMBER 10, 1868.

MILLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of

STONE FOR SIDEWALKS, FIRE-PROOF FLOORS, BUILDING STONE, HOUSE FRONTS, BELT COURSE CORNERS, SILLS, LINTELS and CEMETERY WORK.

Also, Dealers in Best Imported and Native CEMENTS, FIRE CLAY, PLASTER, WHITE LIME AND SAND, SEWER PIPE AND CHIMNEY TOPS.

Office and Warerooms: 258 LIBERTY ST.

TThs

IRON AND STEEL RAILROAD
AND
STREET RAILS
OF BEST AMERICAN AND ENGLISH MAKES.

Chairs, Spikes, Fish Bars and Railroad Supplies. Muck Bars, Old Rails, Scrap, Blooms. American and Scotch Pig Iron and Metals

CHAS. W. MATTHEWS,
133 Walnut Street, Philadelphia,
(Late RALSTON & MATTHEWS, 133 Walnut.)

S A S H !

We have an immense Stock of DOORS, SASH, SHUTTERS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SIDING, SHINGLES, and GENERAL BUILDING MATERIAL.

8x10	1 inch thick,	12 lights	35c.
8x10	1¼ inch thick,	12 lights	55c.
9x12	1¼ inch thick,	12 lights	70c.
9x16	1¼ inch thick,	12 lights	80c.
12x24	1¼ inch thick,	4 lights	90c.
13x24	1¼ inch thick,	4 lights	90c.

Every size kept on hand.

OLF R O. G. DOORS, RAISED PANEL

2 feet 6x6 feet 6 inches, 1¼ thick	$2 80
2 feet 8x6 feet 8 inches, 1¼ thick	3 10
2 feet 10x6 feet 10 inches, 1¼ thick	3 40
Best 18 inch Sawed Shingles	$6 00 per M.

MELLON BROTHERS, East Liberty,
Wilkins Postoffice. Allegheny county, Pa.

TThs

3,000 BUSHELS PRIME RE-CLEANED CLOVER SEED;
500 bushels choice Timothy Seed;
450 barrels extra Winter Apples, fresh packed;
50 barrels Pure Cider, warranted to keep sweet;
75 tubs Ohio Butter; 20 barrels Fresh Eggs;
50 kegs Ohio Lard;
60 barrels Shellbarks, choice;
20,000 pounds Dried Peaches and Apples.

HENRY RHEA, JR.,
285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 110@110⅛.

NEW YORK, March 18—P. M.

MONEY.

Money active. Loaned as high as 1-32, and closed firm at 7 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange 109¼.

GOLD.

Gold dull at 110a110⅛. Loans were from 3 to 7 for carrying. Clearings $21,000,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments more active and prices improved.

Coupons 1881	115⅝	5-20s, 1867	112⅛
5-20s, 1862	111⅜	Coupons 1868	112⅜
5-20s, 1864	111⅞	10-40s	108⅛
5-20s, 1865	112⅛	Currency 6s	114⅞
5-20s, 1865, new	111⅛		

STATE BONDS.

Southern bonds steady.

Missouri sixes	95	Virginias, old	54
Tennessees, old	66⅜	North Carolinas, old	38⅛
Tennessees, new	66⅞	North Carolinas, new	21
Virginias, new	58		

THE STOCK MARKET.

Stocks opened strong but declined on first call from ⅛ to ¼ per cent.; on second call reacted slightly. Erie has been the feature of the day, opening at 46⅜ and closing 48⅛. Boston, Hartford and Erie active from 6⅞ to 7⅛. The market closed steady on the general list and strong and active on Erie.

Western Union	71	New Jersey Central	112⅛
Quicksilver	35½	St. Paul	59⅛
Adams Express	97½	do pref'd	79⅛
Wells, Fargo & Co	75⅛	Wabash	75⅛
American Express	73	do pref'd	87
U. S. Express	73¾	Fort Wayne	98⅜
Pacific Mail	61¾	Terre Haute	26⅛
New York Central	95⅜	do pref'd	58
N. Y. Central Scrip	90⅜	Chicago & Alton	117
Erie	48⅛	do pref'd	120
do pref'd	80	Ohio & Mississippi	45⅛
Harlem	111⅛	C. C. & C	88⅛
do pref'd	125	Burlington & Quincy	114
Reading	113⅜	Lake Shore	93
Mich Central	113⅛	Panama	24⅞
Cleveland & Pitts	90⅞	Illinois Central	132
Northwestern	78⅜	Union Pacific	35⅜
do prf'd	92⅛	C. P. Bonds	102
Rock Island	113⅛	Union	92

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departures from New York

1872.

Abyssinia	Mar. 20	Liverpool.
Wyoming	Mar. 20	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	Mar. 23	France.
City of New York	Mar. 23	Liverpool.
Italy	Mar. 23	Liverpool.
Minnesota	Mar. 27	Liverpool.
Cuba	Mar. 27	Liverpool.
Arragon	Mar. 30	Bristol.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., March 18, 1872.

River stationary, four feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 20 at 5 P. M. G.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., March 18, 1872.

River falling, with about seven and a half feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 42 at 6 P. M. C.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., March 18, 1872.

The Arlington left for Cincinnati at 10 A. M.; Express for Parkersburg at 11 A. M. River seven feet three inches and falling. The steamer Andes has been purchased by the Wheeling and Cincinnati Company, to take the Major Anderson's day. She arrived to-night and leaves to-morrow afternoon for Cincinnati. Weather cloudy and cool, with indications of rain. M.

Ironton, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

IRONTON, O., March 18, 1872.

River falling fast; weather clear, windy and cool; wind soutwest. The Telegraph passed down at 4 P. M.; Shamrock at 7 A. M.; the Chesspeake arrived from Portsmouth at 1 P. M., time three hours. The Fannie Dugan did not run. K.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.—Arrived—H. C. Yeager, St. Louis; Mary Houston, Louisville. Departed—Commonwealth, St. Louis. Clear and cool.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.
West Virginia	P. Donaldson	Geneva.

Departed.

Elector	R. R. Abrams	Brownsville.
E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.
R. R. Hudson	W. M. List	Louisville.

Monongahela—Five and a half feet and falling.

Boats Departing This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva U. S. Mail, 8 A. M.; 5 P. M.
Geneva—West Virginia, Donaldson, 3 P. M.
Zanesville—Julia No. 2, Stull, 4 P. M.
Cincinnati—Juniata, Brennan, 12 M.

THE marks last evening indicated five feet six inches and falling. The weather was pleasant and trade on the landing brisk.

WE ARE indebted to the officers of the Julia No. 2 for favors.

WE are indebted to the officers of the steamer Granite State for favors.

THE pilots of the steamer R. R. Hudson are B. Ogle and James Crawford.

A LARGE amount of ore is awaiting shipment at St. Louis to Wheeling and Pittsburgh at $6 per ton.

THE steamer Argosy, Captain Goodwin, was announced to leave Cincinnati for this port on Monday.

THE steamer Esperanza, Capt. J. W. Anawalt, is announced for Fort Benton direct. A fine opportunity for persons going that way.

THE splendid side-wheel passenger steamer Juniata, Captain C. L. Brennan, takes her departure on Tuesday for Cincinnati and way points.

THE favorite packet Granite State, Captain W. H. Kerr, is announced for Portsmouth and Cincinnati. Shippers and passengers will bear this in mind.

H. M. RARRIDON, formerly of Virginia, died in St. Louis, and his remains were interred by the Northern Line Packet Company. He was steward of the Pembina last year.

CORN is being shipped from St. Louis by the barge line in bulk for England and France *via* New Orleans. This corn is going forward on a contract freight of ten cents per bushel.

CAPT. JAMES O'NEIL, of the Carondelet ways, of St. Louis, has bought the barge Yellowstone from the Bridge Company for $4,200. She will be used in towing logs.

THE Louisville, for passing through the canal both ways, pays $551. Commodore James pays the canal company a weekly tax of $400 for his Evansville packets, the Charmer and Bermuda.

THE splendid side wheel passenger steamer Juniata Captain C. L. Brennan, is announced for Cincinnati, and way ports. This boat has superior accomodation and accomplished officers.

KEOKUK—Ice moved out Friday night without doing any damage. The Little Eagle is the first boat through. A large amount of freight here for shipment below.

THE Merchants' and Citizens' wharboats of Vicksburg have been consolidated, and are now under the management of Carroll, Green & Co., with their office on the Citizens' wharfboat.

THE fine steamer West Virginia, Captain P. Donaldson, takes her departure this day, at 3 P. M., for Geneva and intermediate points. For further information inquire of Captain S. L. Patterson on the wharfboat.

NEW ORLEANS.—The *Republican* says: Several merchants have concluded to ship their freight via the month of Red River in care of the Carter line St. Louis packets. This is the result of the monopoly of combination.

THE steamer Brill is offered for sale at a bargain. To those in want of a boat the present opportunity is a favorable one. For further particulars call on Capt. Carlile, on the wharfboat.

THE mail packets on the slack water leave on time, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats are in fine order and in charge of careful and attentive officers. For further information apply to Capt. A. S. Carlile, on the wharfboat.

"WE may be happy yet," 'rah for us. Will S. Hays, formerly river editor of the Louisville *Democrat*, and known to the musical world as author of some of the most popular ballads of the day, has been appointed Passenger Agent of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis Railroad, at Louisville.

CINCINNATI, March 16.—The Major Saunders comes off the ways this afternoon in complete repair. She will be towed down to the wharf this afternoon by one of the Champion towboats. Her new owners intend introducing her in the trade between here and Petersburg, a town a few miles below.

THE favorite steamer Granite State, Captain W. H. Kerr, is announced for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Portsmouth on Wednesday. This boat is noted for speed and superior accomodation. The clerks are Messrs. Dorsey and Albert, who will see that passengers are well cared for.

THE splendid passenger steamer E. H. Durfee, Captain William Coulson, is fast filling up for St. Louis and the Mountains, and will leave as advertised. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. The accomplished river editor, Captain J. W. Chambers, will do the honors in the office.

Ho for the Muskingum river. The punctual packet Julia, No. 2, Captain C. R. Stull takes her departure this day at 4 p. m. for Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville. Persons who have traveled on the Julia speak in flattering terms of her apartments. The clerks are Messrs. Hahn and Pitman, and what they don't know about clerking is not worth finding out.

THE Dubuque *Herald* says: "It is reported the Northwestern Union Packet Company will run a line of steamers through to New Orleans, taking passengers and freight from St. Paul, without reshipment at St. Louis; also that the restaurant system will be adopted the coming season on both lines of boats." This is an old report. It is quite musty.

WHY didn't the Memphis papers tell us that the City of Alton, bound up, instead of stopping at the wharf, put in at Hopefield, opposite, put out her Memphis passengers and paid their fare over on the ferryboat? Can't you see what your nice port charges are doing for you? Your city is being shunned by other steamers than Van Hook's Yaeger.

THE Submarine No. 14 has raised a large portion of the cargo of the Silver bow. She will take out all the cargo she can without touching her machinery. The Aid has taken off the J. R. Lockwood her boilers, nigger, chains, cabin fixtures, furniture, etc., and will attempt to raise her with her engines on, if not she will take them off, when she will be raised and immediately repaired and fixed up to enter her old trade.

WESLEY REYNOLDS, one of the oldest engineers on the Little Miami Division of the Pennsylvania Central and St. Louis Railway, died at his home in the Seventeenth ward, Cincinnati, from the effect of the accident a few days since, by which he had to suffer the amputation of one of his legs below the knee. Mr. Reynolds was a skilled mechanic, and was one of the engineers on the steamer Duke of Orleans when she made the fastest time on record from New Orleans to Cincinnati.

NEW ORLEANS has many wants. The *Picayune* says: We want iron steamboat hulls, iron tugs and iron barges for the river trade. We want these at cheap rates and must have them. We want iron steamships for our coastwise and Gulf trade. If Congress will only permit free trade in ships, New Orleans can raise plenty of capital abroad to invest in iron barges. English capitalists know that lines of iron barges on the Mississippi will pay splendidly and offer to take stock in them if they are built in England.

JUDGE THEARD, of New Orleans, has issued the following order: "No orders for writs of provisional seizure, sequestration, arrest, attachment or injunction will be granted by this Court after three o'clock P. M.," and explains it thus: "Supposing that a steamboat with a valuable cargo and passengers was to leave at five o'clock in the evening, and she was one hour or two before seized, would not the owner be seriously damaged, not being able to give bond on account of the Clerk and Judge being absent? And in case of a writ of arrest would not a man be unnecessarily deprived of his liberty?"

FROM LIVERPOOL TO NEW ORLEANS.—The steamship Mississippi, which arrived here a couple of days ago, consigned to Messrs. Meeker, Knox & Co., of this city, is the fourth steamer constructed by the Liverpool and Mississippi River Steamship Company, and will be followed eventually by the Texas, Missouri and Belgian. These steamers, together with the Memphis and St. Louis, will comprise the line of light draft iron steamers, specially constructed for the grain and cotton trade between the two great commercial points, which enterprise and experience have proved can be materially increased by the establishment of a well regulated steam transportation.—*New Orleans Picayune*, 12th.

IN 1850, according to the Bureau of Statistics, the tonnage on the northern lakes was 434,630 tons. In 1869 it had increased to 661,366 tons, and is now over 700,000 tons, with a large number of vessels on the stocks. The lake vessel owners, moreover, have kept fully abreast of the times, among the fleet being a large number of propellors of vast carrying capacity.

The tonnage of our river craft, however, has not kept pace with that of the lakes. According to the same authority, the tonnage on the western rivers in 1850 was 314,842 tons, not including a large number of flatboats. In 1857 the tonnage had dwindled to 322,037 tons. A series of disasters and the opening of the railroads to the west, together with the competition of the Erie canal, had begun to divert trade to the Atlantic ports. The civil war afterward had a discouraging effect, but after its close a reaction set in. In 1860, 392,901.52 tons were afloat, the number of vessels being 2,223, of which only 1,028 were steamboats, with 271,507 tons measurement. Since that time the amount has decreased some 10,000 tons. It will be seen that the tonnage of western rivers has only increased 21 000 tons within the last twenty years, and this increase has been only in large tonnage. The steamboat tonnage has actually decreased 100,000 tons.

Our River Correspondence.

Steamer Julia No. 2 left Marietta Saturday, March 16th, 8 o'clock A. M. Weather clear and pleasant. Met Shamrock at St. Mary's.

Sunday, March 17th. Passed Sampson No. 2 with Dexter as a helper at Burlington bar. Passed Billy Hodgson in Sisters. Met Carrie Brooks at Warren, met Tigeess at Mingo Island, met Venture at Mingo Island, met Messenger at Stubenville with her starboard cabin guard mashed in slightly. Met J. F. Dravo at Steubenville. Shore ice pretty thick. Met Arlington at Georgetown. Respectfully yours,

JOHN N. LYON,
MILT. C. McLAUGHLIN,
Pilots.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Dilworth Bros, 25 pails tobacco, 4 boxes of cheese. Watt, L & co, 10 tcs, 20 bbls and 35 kgs lard. S Hare & Son, 1 step ladder. Marshall Bros, 10 bbls spirits. I Dickey & co, 187 sks barley. Hostetter & S, 50 bbls spirits. Carroll & L, 176 sacks rye. R Owens, 50 tcs shoulders. F & G Noble, 2 wire mattresses. Littell & M, 25 bbls spirits. T G Young & Son, 43 bundles backing. B L Fahnestock & Son, 800 pigs of lead, 45 bbls g ware. J O'Brien, 4 do apples, 6 do eggs, 1 kg lard. H Riddle & Son, 87 bbls cider, 4 do apples, 8 do eggs. W McKern & co, 3 cars rye. Shipton & co, 50 bbls h wines. Barton & K, 1 car d oil. M F Herron & co, 1 car corn. W Barrett, lot tails. T C Jenkins, 1 cad tobacco, 100 bbls flour. J Callery & co, 5 sks scraps, 1 bale splits, 1 roll of leather. C J Schultz, 1 piano. Voight, Mahood & co, 3 bbls of apples, do eggs, 10 kegs of apple butter. Scoble R & S, 4 sks c seed. J S Dilworth & Co, 2 bbls cheese. Kiel & Ritchart, 1 kg lard, 1 bbl bacon. W H Graff & Co, 13 bbls d apples. B Pflaum, 3 bbls horns. Jas Callery & Co, 76 g hides, 4 dry do. Wallace C & Co, 1 bx l chimneys. Logan C & Co, 75 bdls hoes, 2 bbls h ware. Wm P Dean, 36 bdls hoes. Lane & Bro, 25 bdls hoes. Loh & Coolley, 16 bbls apples, 1 bbl butter, 1 do eggs, 5 kgs a butter. G W McClure, 50 bbls flour. T G Wilson, lot h h goods. Wm M Gormley, 1 bx prunes, 1 do twine, 1 do tobacco. P Duff & Son, 14 tubs butter. M W Rankin, 1 bbl and 1 kg butter. Scott & Gisell, 4 cars corn. Vangorder & S, 1 bbl eggs, 2 kgs a butter, 1 bx bacon. Mullen & M, lot old iron. John White jr, 62 bags barley. House H & Co, 131 sks rags. Marshall R & Co, 160 sks wheat. Gebhart H & Co, 200 sks oats. Brown & Co, 1 car fire clay. J G Barr & Son, 2 bxs c tomatoes. L Lutz, 1 case liquor. E Nickel, H Benaer, and W Rewkheiser, each 1 cask do. W Frances, 30 bxs soap. S P Shriver & co, 50 bxs do. Hawuth & D, 50 bxs do. McQuewan & D, 1 car lumber. H J McCracken, 5 bbls apples. Kiel & R, 15 sks t seed. Armstrong Bros & co, 3 bags corks. Lindsay, S & co, 5 cases handles. Lane & Bro, 7 do do. H Rea, Jr, 2 bbls butter, ½ do do. H Berger, lot tables, &c. Roedelheim & A, 10 bbls high wines, 10 do whiskey. W Flaccus, 8 g hides, 7 sheep skins. Carter Bros & co, 1 bx tea. Westley, M & co, 5 bbls oil. B H Ruble, 21 couplings. W H Hamilton & co, 1 bx g ware. T H Stewart & co, 1 bx brushes. J H Graff, 5 kegs butter. Pullman Pallace Car Co, 1 car. B H Emerson, 200 bags guano. Singer, N & co, 1 bx h ware.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Slack & co, 1 car lumber. W W Rigdon, 1 do do. R Graham, 1 do do. Kohne & Meyer, 1 do do. Hill, P & co, 1 do do. R P Bergan, 1 do do. Mellon Bros, 1 do do. South Side P M, 1 do do. T C Jenkins, 5 chsts y cake. E & C Maginn, 4 do do, 1 box samples. Lubbe Bros, 2 chsts cake. H Watson, 1 bx brass. W Wardorf & co, 2 bbls wine. Voigt, M & co, 5 kgs butter, 12 sks rags. S J Wallace, 4 boxes d implements. Boyd & M, 1 do mdse. Burk & B, 85 barrels plaster. H Stansell, 140 barrels apples. F Alden, 12 grindstones. S H Baird, 1 case ware. Grover & B. S. M. Co, 18 crts cabinets. J B Dodge, 11 bxs drik. Kapperham & G, 2 brls hams; do 2 brls shoulders. Fairbanks, M. & Co, 13 bxs scales. T F Keeler, 4 iron levers. L. Hare & Son, 1 bx onions. H Biddle & Sons, 3 cts y. cake. Andes Saw Co, 1 bx samples. J S Dilworth, 1 do do. Onnet & H 1 do do. S W Lea, 1 bx samples. Marshall, K. & Co, 160 sacks wheat. Pitts. Paper M'f'g Co, 31 bdls b. paper. W T Bown, 1 bx cigars. O H Alerton, 1 car hay. J Wells, 4 brls s. iron; do, 2 kegs s. iron. Jones, Nimick & Co, 6 cases knobs. J C Buffum, 4 bxs bottles. Schomaker & co, 50 bbls flour. H. Rea, jr, 6 bags c seed. Rinehart & co, 1 pkg tobacco. J Wood & co, 1 box iron. Godfrey & co, 8 sks bags. G B Barrett & co, 1 box clocks. W Welsh & co, 10 bbls flour. J W Thurst & co, 71 sks f seed, 1 bag bags. B D Moore, 588 oil bbls. J O Baden, 142 bbls apples. T Rose, 16 sacks ear corn, 48 sacks s corn. Joseph Graham, 40 sacks ear corn. Lewis, Ooliver & P, 100 salt bbls. W H Graff, 1 bbl of eggs. E Henkle, 2 do. Stern Bro, 1 pkg dry goods. Van Gorder & S, 72 bbls apples. Duff & Son, lot produce. Potter & S, 2 bbls beans, 1 lot produce. W F Steel & Bro, 1 do do. McBane & A, 123 sks corn. Jas O'Brien, 4 bxs eggs. Houck F & co, 1 do, 5 bbls beans. Loh & C, 5 bbls eggs, 2 bxs do. J Danb, 1 tub butter. L M Kier, 1 car rails. N Y & G C co, 2 do do. F W Smith, 8 do do.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

G W Glass, 40 b. t. wheels. Erskine & Co, 1 car clay. Shoenberger & Co, 1 car brick. Shoenberger, R. & Co, 7 cars limestone. Macintosh, H. & Co., 1 car machinery. Chas. Knapp, 1 do. Totten & Co, 1 do. Carnagie, K. & Co, 2 cars b iron. Wm Smith, 1 car castings. Boleman, K. & Co, 1 car cinder. Rinehart & S, 60 brls salt. Pitts. Acid Works, 80 brls copperas. A. Kenordling, 1 brl whisky. Hubbard, S. & Co, 1 circular saw. Schomaker & Co, lot bags. Logan, Gregg & Co, 2 bdls picks. Woodworth & D, lot bags, 144 brls apples. Nicholson, T. & Co, lot bags. Atwood & McC, 15 pieces artisan tubing. D Wallace, 6 bags bags. Watt, Lang & Co, 1 brl oil. G Weiser, 1 bbl mdse. J P Henderson, 1 car lime. Godfrey & Glark, 1 car junk. F Owens, 130 brls apples.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad.

Weyman & Bro, 9 hhds tobacco. Wm Summer & co, 26 s machines. R W Jenkinson, 15½ butts tobacco. Austin & co, 10 b tobacco. H Riddle, Son & co, 20 tres hams, 5 hhds bacon. T C Jenkins, 100 barrels flour. Seghmyer & V, 50 boxes starch. J H Lippincott, 5 bbls corn meal. D G Stewart & co, 300 bush corn. Dorrington Bros, 298 bags oats. I Dickey & co, 6 sks feathers. F G Craighead, 6 sks feathers. J W Bomgardner, 1 car ear corn. Laing & McK, 1 car bulk oats. Marshall & Bros, 3 brls whisky. James H Pat 2 casks hams. A Holstein, 49 g s hides. Pgh Palt co, 11 bbls oil. Hamilton, L A & co, 2 brls oil.

Zanesville.

PER STEAMER JULIA No.—Clark & co, 2 hhds tobacco, 57 bbls eggs, 1 do d apples, 1 keg lard, 6 rolls leather. Wm Barker Jr & co, 219 saks oats, 107 do d apples, 20 bbls do, 23 do d peaches, 4 bbls flour. Jno J Pettit & co, 40 jars lard, 3 do butter, 13 bbls eggs, 1 box sour meat, 1 do butter. W H Graff & co, 17 brls potatoes, 8 do apples, 1 do eggs, 1 do butter, 7 sacks dried fruit. Woodworth & D, 201 sacks ear corn, 104 do oats, 4 do e sacks, 25 doz brooms, 3 bbl eggs, 8 do d apples, 1 tub butter. H J McCracken & Bro, 12 jars lard, 1 keg do, 7 sacks rye. Voigt M & co, 2 tubs butter. John Lyon on board, 20 sacks oats, 6 boxes eggs, 1 bag pop corn, 1 tub sunds. M C McLaughlin on board, 4 bbls pop corn, 2 do eggs, 2 do d fruit, 1 coop chickens. Watt Lang & co, 66 bbls d apples. J B Campbell, 20 bbls flour. Atwell Lee & co, 10 dozen corn brooms, 2 boxes butter. Woodwell & Son, 60 wood chairs. Steamer Julia No 2, 4 sacks flax seed. M W Sacket, 1 bx chandeliers. Pittsburgh Steel Works, 3 pkgs fallow boards. Jas Loughridge, 14 horses, 2 mules, 3 bbls clover seed. Fairbanks, M & co, 1 scale beam. W J Steel & Bro, 9 bbls d apples. Hall & Speer, 3 old plows, 3 bls plates. C Fairman, 2 boxes h h goods. D B Williams, 1 bbl molasses, 1 sks peaches. Brownsville Wharf Boat, 1 bbl dry peaches. Penna Salt co, 3 empty carboys. H Rea, Jr, 12 bbls apples, 5 do eggs, 1 do beans. B P flaum, 1 bdl s pelts. McBane & A, 69 sks e corn. A C Taggart, 3,500 ft poplar lumber. T Reynolds, 4 bbls eggs, 4 do apples, 1 do chickens. Duff & Sons, 2 bbls eggs. Loh & Cooley, 4 do eggs, 2 firkins butter, 3 sks rags.

Portsmouth.

PER STEAMER GRANITE STATE—Loomis & Collard, 5 tons pig iron. Singer, N & co, 4,000 fire brick. Graff, B & co, 600 oil bbls. B D Moon, 970 oil bbls. Isaiah, D & co, 3,395 nail kegs. Phillips & M, 315 bdls keg hoops. McBane & Anjer, 170 sks bran. Hall & Speer, 2 plows. Connelsville R R, 1 bbl mdse. P Duff & Sons, 2 bgs rags, 2 bbls pop corn, 6 do eggs, 1 kg do, 4 bbls rye, 12 bbls d apples, 1 do beans, 1 do onions, 1 box tobacco, 200 sks oats. Henry Berger, 125 pkgs furniture. Wm McCully & co, 50 blocks wood. Lorenz & Wightman, 632 feet lumber. Spencer, McKay & co, 117 empty ale hf bbls. Faber & Van Dorn, 1 drill press.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER R. R. HUDSON.—Schomaker & co, 6 pkgs furniture. D W Houseman & co, 23 pkgs furniture. Jos Meyer & Son, 20 pks do. Dauler & Son, 6 doz chairs, 4 do frames, 4 pkgs and 20 bureaus. Lemon & Weise, 21 doz chairs. Steamer Elizabeth, 12 pkgs furniture. Peter Jehufer, 4 do do. John Bernhard, 19 do do. Gates & Loeffer, 12 exten tables. 21 pkgs mdse. Owners, 91 pkgs furniture. O Orbent & co, 5 packages furniture. Henry Berger, 38 pkgs furniture. T B Young & co, 7 cribs, 1 bbl varnish. Wm. Sumner & co, 20 pkgs furniture. M A Jones, 1 bbl varnish. H Lemon, 1 bbl varnish. Henderson & Bro, 55 cans. Hall & Speer, 2 pkgs. R E Sellers & co, 67 pkgs drugs. W L Miller, 9 do furniture. C Z Hammer & Son, 4 bxs. Jas H Parker, 100 bxs soap. Arbuckles & co, 200 bxs candles, 10 bbls l oil, 50 bbls molasses. J O'Brien, 20 bxs eggs, 3 bbls do. Carter Bros & co, 13 bbls molasses. S Harbough & co, 3 hhds hides, 35 doz do. E H Griffith, 3 pkgs. L M Cleaver, 12 pkgs. E W Ewing, 16 pkgs. W J H Brown, 15 bbls d apples. J C Buffum, 5 bbls porter. H W Buffum, 10 bbls ale, 5 do porter. Fairbank, Moon & co, 4 pkgs. Loomis & co, 30 tons p metal. Watt, Lang & co, 125 bxs soap.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past forty-eight hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	11	J Painter & Son, m	2
Zug & Co., m	5	J W Porter, m	1
Paul Jones & Co, m	1	Harbaugh, M & O, m	2
Hallman & H, m	6	Shoenberger B & Co, o	1
Total			29

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	11	Everson, G & Co, o	1
McKnight, P & Co, o	5	J Painter & Son, o	1
Lucy Furnace, o	7	Reese, Graff & Co, o	2
J A Caughey, o	1	Hussey, Wells & Co, o	1
Zug & Co., o	1	Reese, G & Co, m	2
Lewis, O & P, o	1	Union Mills, m	3
Dilworth, P & Co, o	1	Zug & Co., e	2
Pittsburgh Bolt Co., o	1	Moorhead & Co, m	1
Wharton & Bro, o	2	W Lea, m	1
Brown & Co., o	2		
Total			46

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Car.
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	1

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
J Moorhead, m	18	Jones & Laughlins, m	4
J. A. Caughey, m	8	Brown & Co, m	3
Moorhead & Co, m	5	J W Porter, m	2
J Reamer, m	4	Nimick & Co., m	2
Total			46

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Jones & L, m	1	J Marshall & Co, m	1
Total			2

Receipts of Coal per A. V. R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Armstrong, D & Co	29	S M Kier	68
Total			97

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CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

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405 and 407 LIBERTY STREET, opposite the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa. ROBERT BLACK, Proprietor. This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night.

ARLINGTON HOTEL
Formerly NIXON HOUSE,
ALLIANCE, OHIO.

First-class SAMPLE ROOM for Commercial Travelers.

FRANK M. KERR,
PROPRIETOR.

$1,000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

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LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M., 4 P. M.

For All Points on the Monongahela River.

STEAMER GENEVA............CAPT. M. A. COX.
STEAMER ELECTOR............CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN............CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT............CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.

For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

No Freights will be received after 5½ o'clock.

A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

MORGANTOWN AND PITTSBURGH.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

WEST VIRGINIA,

PETER DONALDSON............Commander.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning, leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of

S. R. PATTERSON, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.

Leaves every WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer

CARRIE BROOKS,

H. DARLINGTON............Commander.
H. C. CALDWELL............Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ZANESVILLE.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY FRIDAY, 8 A. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer

JULIA No. 2,

C. R. STULL............Commander.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

CINCINNATI PACKETS.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.

Leaves EVERY TUESDAY—12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Packet

JUNIATA,

C. L. BRENNAN............Commander.

Will leave as announced.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
CHAS. M. FAIRMAN, on Wharfboat, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

Leaves Pittsburgh WEDNESDAY, March 20.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer

GRANITE STATE,

W. H. KERR............Commander.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

GRAY'S IRON LINE.

For St. Louis.

LEAVES PITTSBURGH FIRST RISE.

THE STEAMER

ROVER AND BARGES,

THOMAS GREENLEE............Captain.

Will leave as above on the opening of navigation.

For Freight only apply on board.

GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY, 94 Water street.

NEW ORLEANS.

For Memphis, Vicksburg New Orleans and Intermediate Ports.

THURSDAY, March 21.

THE NEW STEAMER

EXPORTER,

JOHN A. WILLIAMS............Captain

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO., or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FORT BENTON.

Northwest Transportation Company.

For Missouri River, Fort Benton and all Intermediate Landings.

Leaves Pittsburgh March 20—4 P. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

E. H. DURFEE,

WM. COULSON............Commander.
J. W. CHAMBERS............Clerk.

For Missouri River, Fort Benton, and all Intermediate Landings.

Leaves Pittsburgh March 21—4 P. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

ESPERANZA,

J. W. ANAWALT............Commander.
J. B. CONWAY............Clerk

Will leave as announced.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO., Agents.

Leaves Pittsburgh April 2—4 P. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

WESTERN,

S. B. COULSON............Commander.
J. TODD............Clerk.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
EVANS, DALLAS & GILMORE, No. 90 Water street.
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

STEAMBOAT FOR SALE.—

The Light Draught Steamer Brill,

Length 156 feet, beam 33 feet, hold 4½ feet, is in good order, and will carry 450 tons, carries 250 tons in 3 feet. Engines 14½, with 4½ feet stroke. She is in good order, and will be sold at a bargain.

For particulars inquire of
A. S. CARLILE, Wharfboat, Pittsburgh, or
CAPT. A. JACOBS, Brownsville.

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CITY OF BRISTOL,	CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF BROOKLYN,	CITY OF PARIS,
CITY OF BRUSSELS,	CITY OF RICHMOND,
CITY OF CHESTER,	CITY OF WASHINGTON.

From Pier 45, North River, New York, EVERY THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

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First Cabin	$75 00 gold.
Steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry	30 00
Prepaid Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, through to Pittsburgh	$41 00 U. S. currency

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THOMAS H. RATTIGAN, 17 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street.

Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

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GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, HAY, BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, POTATOES, FRUITS AND COUNTRY PRODUCE GENERALLY,

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McCullough & Smith, Grocers, Pittsburgh;
Johnston & Colvin, Grocers; Pittsburgh;
Marshall, Kennedys & Co., City Flour Mills, Pittsburgh;
W. S. Meek, Pittsburgh, Pa.;
D. S. Knox, Cas. Mo'ng. Nat. Bank, Brownsville, Pa.;
B. F. Fienn en. Cas. First Nat. Bank, Waynesburg.

JAS. H. LOH, Salesman.....SAM. T. COOLEY, Bookkeeper

LOH & COOLEY,

Successors to Loh, Son & Co.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 207 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

References: Third National Ban and business men generally. ☞ We handle all kinds o Country Produce, and aim at prompt and satisfactory sales. Correspondence invited and Consignments solicited.

GROCERIES, &C.

100 CASES

McMurray's Mountain Corn.

200 cases 3 lbs. Stout's Golden Peaches;
100 cases 3 lbs. Stout's Pie Peaches;
100 cases 3 lbs. Excelsior Pie Peaches;
100 cases 3 lbs. Excelsior Tomatoes;
100 cases 3 lbs. Edwards's Tomatoes;
100 boxes Mild N. Y. Goshen Cheese;
10 tierces choice Carolina Rice;
20 bags choice Rangoon Rice,

IN STORE AND FOR SALE LOW BY

Samuel H. Baird,

NO. 112 SECOND AVENUE.

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E. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY M. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in Petroleum and its Products.

Office No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MARBLE MANTELS, MARBLEIZED MARBLE MANTELS,

FURNITURE AND WASHSTAND TOPS, MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES, TILE, &c.,

Made by Machinery, Sold Wholesale and Retail.

Sold at the Lowest Prices. For sale at the Pittsburgh Steam Marble Works, 319 and 321 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by

W. W. WALLACE.

COREY & CO., COAL AND COKE DEALERS,

Are prepared to furnish a Superior Article of

PITTSBURGH COKE,

Either in Cars for Western Orders or to the City Trade, Wholesale or Retail.

Office—362 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

RAILROADS:

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

After DECEMBER 3d, 1871, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Time:

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Southern Ex	2:33 a m
Columbus Mail	7:28 a m	McDonald Ac	7:28 a m
Washington Ac	9:08 a m	Washington Ac	8:48 a m
Pacific Express	9:43 a m	Steubenville Ac	10:13 a m
McDonald Ac	11:38 a m	Cincinnati Exp	12:13 p m
Southern Ex	3:13 p m	McDonald Ac	4:13 p m
Steubenville Ac	3:38 p m	Columbus Mail	5:48 p m
McDonald Ac	5:58 p m	Fast Line	6:58 p m
Sunday Ch train	12:58 p m	Sunday Ch train	9:58 a m

3:13 p. m. Southern Express will leave daily.

12:13 p. m. Cincinnati Express will arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Trains on Chartiers Railroad will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Washington Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 9:08 a. m., and Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:38 p. m. Returning, will connect at Mansfield with Washington Accommodation, due in Pittsburgh at 8:48 a. m., and Mail Train due in Pittsburgh at 5:48 p. m.

Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, Gen'l Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE—CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE—On and after MONDAY, November 20th, 1871, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant, and Water streets, as follows, City Time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Baltimore Ex	6:30 a m	1st McKeesport Accommod'n	6:40 a m
Cumberl'd Mail	6:50 a m	2d McKeesport Accommod'n	7:40 a m
1st McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00 a m	West Newton Ac	8:35 a m
Mixed Way	1:00 p m	Uniontown Ac	9:50 a m
Uniontown Ac	3:10 p m	Pittsburgh Ex	11:00 a m
West Newton Ac	4:40 p m	3d McKeesport Accommod'n	2:10 p m
2d McKeesport Accommod'n	6:25 p m	Cumberl'd Mail	6:10 p m
3d McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00 p m	Mixed Way	7:20 p m
West Newton Church Train*	12:50 p m	West Newton Church Train*	10:05 a m

*Sunday only. Baltimore Express departs and Pittsburgh Express arrives daily. All other Trains Daily except Sunday.

The Baltimore and Pittsburgh Express, Mail and Uniontown Accommodation east and west, will connect at Broad Ford and Connellsville with trains to Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.

Central Ticket Office, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh. Tickets Sold and Baggage Checked to all points east and south.

D. D. ANGELL, Master Transportation.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, November 20th, 1871, Three Through Trains daily, (except Sunday), will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	7:40 a m	8:45 p m.
Night Express	8:10 a m	6:30 a m
Mail	11:40 a m	5:50 p m
1st Hulton Accommodation	6:55 a m	6:45 a m
Brady's Bend Accommod'n	3:20 p m	10:20 a m
Freeport Accommodation	9:50 a m	2:00 p m
Soda Works Accommodation	6:00 p m	8:15 a m
2d Hulton Accommodation	4:35 p m	8:55 a m
3d Hulton Accommodation	10:50 p m	7:15 p m
Special Sunday Train to Parker	7:40 a m	8:45 p

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sundays) arrives at Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M., and leaves at 12:50 P. M.

A Special Sunday Train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7:40 A. M., arriving at Parker at 11:31 A. M. Returning leaves Parker at 5:00 P. M., and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8:45 P. M.

Express Trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE, General Supt., Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—After NOVEMBER 12th, 1871, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	2:50 a m	Mail Train	1:05 a m
Mail Train	7:35 a m	Fast Line	[illegible]
Cincinnati Ex	12:50 p m	Cincinnati Ex	8:25 a m
Philada. Ex	5:20 p m	Southern Ex	9:10 a m
Fast Line	7:20 p m	Through Pas	1:35 p m
		Pacific Ex	2:05 p m
		Way Passenger	8:20 p m
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Walls No. 1	6:30 a m	Walls No. 1	6:20 a m
Walls No. 2	7:55 a m	Brinton Ac. No. 1	7:50 a m
Walls No. 3	10:20 a m	Walls No. 2	8:30 a m
Walls No. 4	11:31 a m	Walls No. 3	10:05 a m
Walls No. 5	3:20 p m	Walls No. 4	1:20 p m
Johnstown Ac	4:05 p m	Wall's No. 5	3:20 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 1	4:20 p m	Wall's No. 6	5:50 p m
Brad'ks Ac. No. 1	5:30 p m	Johnstown Ac	6:40 p m
Wall's Ac. No. 6	6:05 p m	Brad'ks Ac. No. 2	6:55 p m
Brin'n Ac. No. 2	9:20 p m	Brin'n Ac. No. 2	7:20 p m
Wall's No. 7	11:05 p m	Brin'n Ac. No. 3	11:10 p m

Cincinnati Express, Pacific Express and Brinton Accommodation No. 2 leave daily. All other Trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 11:35 a. m.; Philadelphia 3:40 p. m.; Baltimore 3:00 p. m.; Washington 5:05 p. m.

Cincinnati Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:35 p. m.; Philadelphia 3:05 a. m.; Baltimore 2:20 a. m.; Washington 5:35 a. m.

Philadelphia Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 5:20 p. m.; arrives Harrisburg 2:30 a. m.; Philadelphia 6:40 a. m.

Fast Line, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:20 p. m., arrives Harrisburg 3:55 a. m.; Philadelphia 8:05 a. m.; Baltimore 7:20 a. m.; Washington 10:00 a. m.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:05 p. m.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from Hotels and Residences by the EXCELSIOR BAGGAGE EXPRESS CO., on orders left at the Ticket Offices.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets, and Local Tickets can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager Philadelphia, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

From NOVEMBER 12th, 1871, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Pacific Ex	2:23 a m
Cle & Whg Mail	6:43 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:43 a m
Erie and Ygn Ex	7:08 a m	Chicago Ex	12:13 p m
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chick. Louis Ex	1:13 p m
Pacific Exp	9:13 a m	Cleveland Ex	4:13 p m
Clev and WhgEx	2:23 p m	Erie and Ygn Ex	6:13 p m
Chicago Exp	2:43 p m	Chicago Mail	8:48 p m
Wellsville Ac	4:18 p m	Clev and Whg Ex	6:53 p m
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Ex	11:18 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:23 a m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:08 a m
Leetsdale Ac	11:53 a m	Enon Ac	9:33 a m
New Castle Ac	1:33 p m	New Castle Ac	10:23 a m
Enon Ac	3:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:43 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:23 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	5:53 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

Chicago Express leaves daily.

Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.

Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after November 13th, 1871, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny Time):

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale No. 1	6:35 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:30 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:30 a m
Express	10:30 a m	Claremont Ac	11:20 a m
Claremont Ac	1:18 p m	Springdale No. 1	2:45 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:55 p m	Express	3:35 p m
Mail	5:10 p m	Freeport No. 2	4:40 p m
Springdale No. 2	6:20 p m	Springdale No. 2	6:25 p m

The above Trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.

The 6:50 a. m. Train and 3:35 p. m. Train from Allegheny City make direct connection for Butler.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBT. NEILSON, Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

MEDICAL.

Canst thou not minister to a mind diseased?
Pluck from the memory a rooted sorrow,
Raze out the written troubles of the brain,
And with some sweet oblivious antidote
Cleanse the stuffed bosom of that perilous stuff
Which weighs upon the heart?

TAKE
MEXICAN FLUID EXT. BUCHU!
The Greatest Diuretic Ever Disc'd.

THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT!

THE PUREST AND MOST RELIABLE BUCHU PREPARED IS THE

Mexican Fluid Ext. Buchu,

"A positive and specific Remedy" for Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculous Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit and Mucuous or Milky Discharges, and all Diseases or Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings existing in men, women or children.

HOLMES & CO.'S

Fluid Extract of Mexican Buchu.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or abuses attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Wakefulness, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Museu ar System, Hot Hand, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face and Pallid Countenance.

FEMALES—In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy—as in Chlorosis, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Sterility, and for Complaints incident to the Sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the Decline or Change of Life. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives, after Confinements, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both sexes and all ages, attended with any of the above Diseases or Symptoms.

No Family Should be Without It!

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that these are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases" Insanity and Consumption. Many are aware of the cause of their sufferings, but few will confess. The records of the Insane Asylum, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which "Holmes & Co.'s Mexican Fluid Extract Buchu" invariably does.

Retailed by all Druggists at 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE, of 6 ounces, or 8 days medicine, at once placing this valuable compound within the reach of the patient, no matter how poor.

BEWARE of counterfeits. Ask for Mexican Fluid Extract Buchu. Holmes & Co., Proprietors, New York city.

BEWARE of Spurious Buchu Mixtures, prepared by self-styled doctors, which are kept before the public by notorious advertisements.

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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ESTABLISHED 1808.

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B. B. CAMPBELL, J. W. PAUL.

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PHŒNIX, SLIGO, PITTSBURGH AND EMPIRE GLASS WORKS.

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Manufacturers

WINDOW GLASS AND DRUGGISTS' GLASSWARE

Also, WINE, PORTER AND MINERAL WATER

Office, 18 and 20 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S.—We make a specialty of the manufacture FRUIT JARS, making the Co. Tin Top Jars the most desirable Self-sealers in the market.

VENTURE PATTERN WORKS,

S. L. VERA, Proprietor,

TWENTIETH STREET, NEAR PENN STREET

PATTERNS and MODELS of all descriptions, made promptly, at reasonable rates.

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JAMES IRWIN & CO.,

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA and AQUA AMMONIA.

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We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Strong as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO., Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE BEST
AND
CHEAPEST
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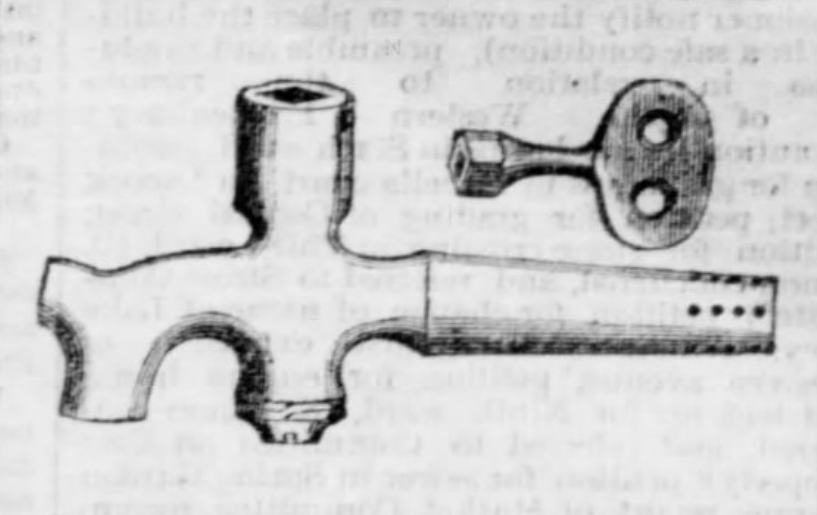

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Patent Semi-Steel

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Sand Rolls and Pinions,

Cast and Finished to Order at the Lowest Current Rates. Our Semi-Steel Mixture gives an additional strength and wearing surface of at least Fifty Per Cent.

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HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS.

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ERECTS IN ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES

Iron Roof Frames,

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Or for Slate or other Covering, for Depots, Round-houses, Blast Furnaces, Banks, &c.

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FOR ROOF FRAME BUILDINGS.

The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Siding, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

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PLAIN AND GROOVED

CHILLED ROLLS,
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MILLS FOR GRINDING FIRE BRICK IRON ORE, &c.

IRON HOUSE FRONTS
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WINDOW HEADS.

CASTINGS MADE OUT OF GUN IRON, WHEN ORDERED. ROLLS TURNED.

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CHILLED AND SAND
ROLLS,

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,
ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS,
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ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse, 209 Liberty Street.

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THE UNION IRON MILLS,

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MANUFACTURERS OF

BRIDGE IRON, PATENT SOLID ROLLED WROUGHT IRON BEAMS,

Girders, Channel Iron, Angles, Plates, Axles, Post Iron, Splice Bars, Merchant Bar, Forgings, &c.

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Western Office, 94 Dearborn street, Chicago.

☞ Lithograph of Sections furnished on application

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Iron and Wooden Bridges,
Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Roofs, &c

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Narrow Gauge Railroads,

Contractors' use, Furnaces, Mines and other special service.

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ESTABLISHED 1842.

NO. 35 MARKET STREET.

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WOVE WIRE, SIEVES, SCREENS, SAND AND COAL SCREENS, FENDERS, TRELLIS WIRE WORK, CAGES AND OF ALL KINDS.

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GRATES,
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FINISHED IN

Nickel Plate, Black, Gold and Bronze.

Cooking Ranges,
HOT AIR FURNACES,
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Fenders, Parlor Stoves,
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The Finest Qualities and Largest Assortment of the above Goods, at

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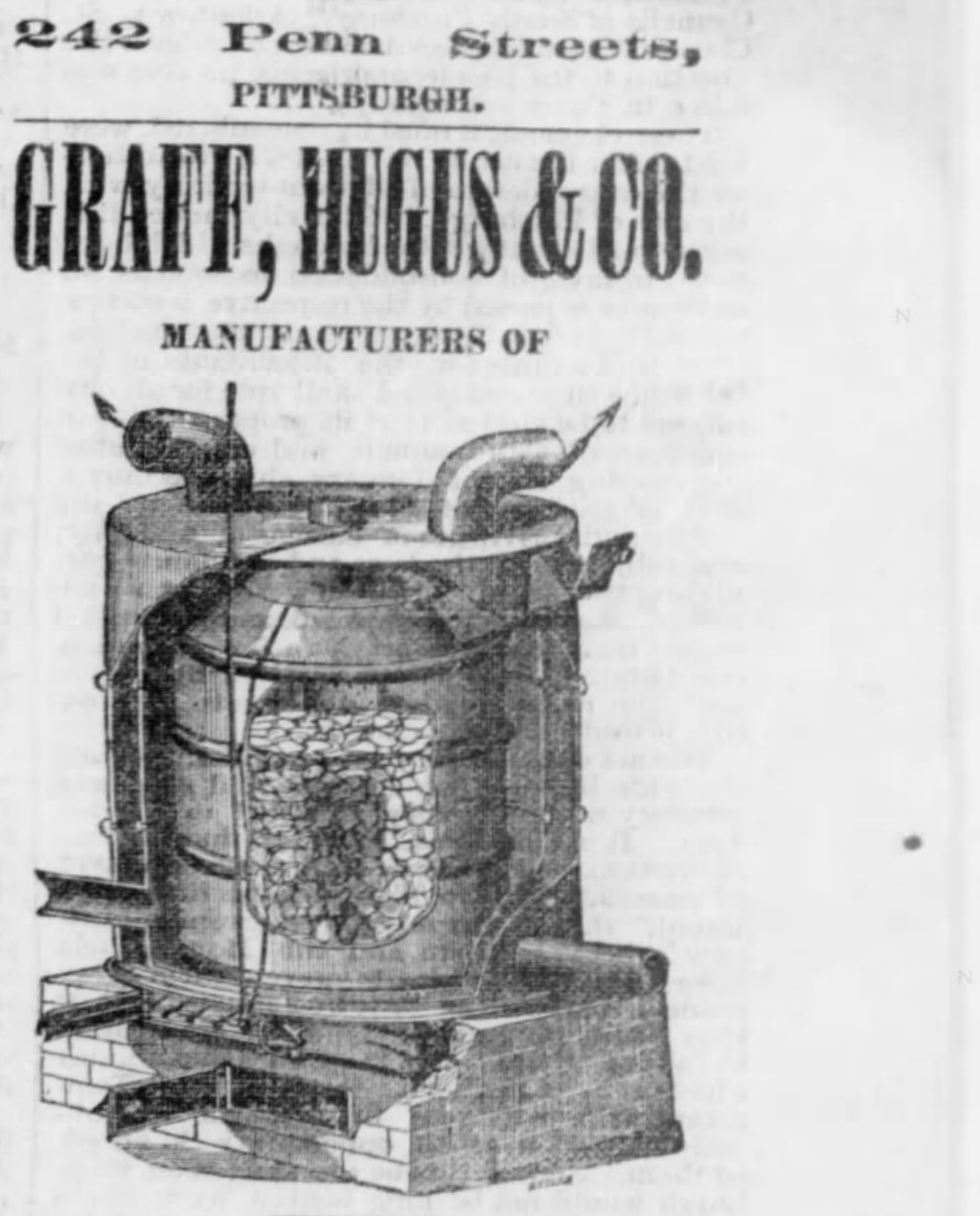

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FISH BARS AND BOLTS,

Patent Hot Hammered Bolts and Nuts,

WASHERS, WOOD SCREWS, CARRIAGE, PLOW, CAR AND BRIDGE BOLTS, RIVETS AND PATCH BOLTS.

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R. H. LEWIS, Treasurer.
H. F. LYNCH, Secretary.

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TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED AND CYLINDER FIRE-BOX

Steam Boilers,

Chimneys, Britches, Fire Beds, Ash Pans, Steam Pipe, Salt Pans, Iron Bridges, Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Oil Tanks, Settling Pans, Agitators, Condensers, Prison Doors, Gasometers.

Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of SHOVELS for FURNACES, MILLS and COAL WORKS.

Offices—Lippincott Axe Factory and Pittsburgh Saw Works, Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue.

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27, 33, 38 AND 40 WATER STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

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FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

Manufacturers of PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES for Oil Wells and Saw Mills; AIR ENGINES for Agitating Oil; STEAM ENGINES for Rolling, Grist, Planing and Saw Mills; BRICK PRESSES and PORTABLE SAW MILLS, and all kinds of Machinery.

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SASH WEIGHTS and all kinds of MACHINE CASTINGS made on short notice.

☞ Prompt attention given to Repairing.

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MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED

Clarion Star Brick

FOR ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, STEEL WORKS, BLAST FURNACES, GLASS WORKS, COKE OVENS, &C.

TILES, STOVE LINING AND FIRE BOX ARCHES, A SPECIALTY.

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THE VERY LATEST.

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	Due.
Miss Mary Barber, Petroleum Center, Pa	4
Mrs. Nannie Everhart, Millersburgh, O	3
Mrs. H. J. Higgins, Chicago, Ill	3
Miss Roubey, Pittsburgh, Pa	2
John Doyle, Steubenville, O	3
James Glenn, Pittsburgh, Pa	2
Hon. James M. Taylor, Harrisburg, Pa	3
Thos. P. Miller, Kenton, O	3
P. Higgins, Enon Valley, Pa	3
Messrs. Fulton & Son, Bucyrus, O	3
Samuel Raynor & Co., New York, N. Y	3
James Wadell, Louisville, Ky	3
R. Campbell, Allegheny City, Pa	3
W. T. Hull, Millersburg, O	3
Rev. Johnson, Williamsburg, Pa	3
Peter Gelston, Ellington, Wis	3
Wm. McKeever, Pittsburgh, Pa	2
John Pfuch, Sharpsburg, Pa	1

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

CONSOLIDATION.

The Result of the Election in the South Side Boroughs.

The result of the elections in seven of the eleven boroughs known as the "South Side," is by no means discouraging to the advocates of consolidation with Pittsburgh. On the other hand, it may be regarded as a decided success. Four out of the seven have voted in favor of consolidation, to wit: Mout Washington, Monongahela, Union and Ormsby. Birmingham, East Birmingham and West Pittsburgh voted against consolidation. The Councils of South Pittsburgh, Allentown, St. Clair and Temperanceville, did not submit the question to the people, and hence no vote was taken in those boroughs.

These elections, it must be remembered, were held under the act of May 10, 1871, "to authorize the consolidation of adjacent territory with the city of Pittsburgh." The city, under this act, can admit any of the boroughs which have voted in favor of consolidation, as soon as an ordinance is passed by the respective borough Councils; and at the next ensuing city election after said admission, the inhabitants of the boroughs so consolidated shall vote for all city officers to be elected, elect its proper number of members of City Councils, and on and after the ensuing first of January shall become a part of the city of Pittsburgh, with all the rights and privileges of citizens of said city, and subject to all the laws and ordinances regulating the same. Each new district, so admitted, shall constitute a ward, and be entitled to two members of Select Council each, and in the Common Council to such further representation as its taxable inhabitants may entitle it under the city charter.

The act does not permit the admission of any borough between which, and said city, any territory not previously admitted may intervene. It so happens, however, that the four districts named above, as having voted in favor of consolidation, are so situated as to be "adjacent;" that is, have no "intervening territory" between them and the Monongahela river. There is nothing to prevent them being made a part of the city, by January next, if they desire it, and our Councils are willing to admit them. It is said that South Pittsburgh, Allentown, St. Clair and Temperanceville will vote in favor of consolidation, as soon as an opportunity is afforded them. Should this be the case, West Pittsburgh would not be long behind, as it could not well afford to remain an independent district. Then there would be but the two Birminghams left; and these boroughs, judging from the recent vote, will not likely consolidate for a number of years—or at least until the benefits of consolidation as shown in the other districts, would work a change public sentiment. On the whole the result may be regarded as favorable to the consolidation movement.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court—Judge Stowe.

John Graf and Conrad Freund were arraigned on a charge of highway robbery, preferred by William Walsh. The information set forth that the defendants on the 20th of January last, assaulted the prosecutor in the borough of Birmingham, and robbed him of a silver watch valued at ten dollars. The jury found a verdict of guilty as to Graf and not guilty as to Freund.

Samuel Crozier and John Gorman were next arraigned to answer a charge of larceny and safe breaking, preferred by Benjamin F. Clark. These are the parties accused of having feloniously entered the dry goods house of Wm. Semple, on Federal street, Allegheny, on the night of February 20th, and having broken open the safe, robbed the same of National Bank notes and currency to the amount of $1,450. The facts have been fully detailed. The case was still on trial when the Court adjourned.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

In Judge Kirkpatrick's branch the trial of the suits of Samuel McClurkan vs. Lockhart & Frew and Byers & Co. was resumed. The legal arguments were made to the Court by and by Messrs. Watson and Shiras for defendants. Mr. Barton, for plaintiff, then addressed the jury at length on the facts, at the conclusion of whose speech the Court adjourned. This forenoon Messrs. Shiras and Woods will follow for the defence, and Mr. Acheson will close for the plaintiff.

In Judge Hampton's branch, the case of F. C. McCloskey and Emma E. Huey vs. Wm. Dunsbee, was taken up, being an action in ejectment for two acres of land in Versailles township, adjoining the borough of McKeesport. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

146. Pittsburgh vs. Ward,
147. Same vs. M. McCullough, Jr.
121. James McGinnis vs. the Pittsburgh Farmers and Mechanics' Turnpike Co.
148. Andrews vs. Hull.
164. Felix O'Neil vs. N. J. Keller.
166. Caroline Bloomer vs. Clement Hoeveler.
174. Pittock, Nevin & Co. vs. Theodore F. Phillips.
186. David Bly & Co. vs. A. Gunniston & Co.
195. City of Pittsburgh vs. Wm. Ward.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Stowe.

In Judge Collier's branch, the following cases were disposed of:

William Lampe's administrators vs. R. C. Howard. Action on a promissory note. Verdict for plaintiffs, $253 80.

Frank Nebal vs. Stephen A. Vetter, John Beckham, and Joseph Klennin. Action on a bond of indemnity. Juror withdrawn and the case continued.

Geo. Sill & Co. vs. Wm. McCombs. Action on a promissory note. On trial.

In Judge Sterrett's branch, the cese of Max Shamburg vs. Elizabeth Rist was called, being an action to recover commission as an insurance agent. The jury found a verdict for the defendant.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY:

96. Blythe vs. Caldwell.
105. Pfeiffer vs. Fisher et. al.
117. Garth vs. Knox.
119. McKelvy and wife vs. Kelly et. al.
122. Luzins and wife vs. Gunther et. al.
131. Kerstine vs. Ukas and wife.
134. Commonwealth ex. rel. vs. Penker.
135. Hussey & Co. vs. Fricke.
139. Miller et. al. vs. McCloskey.
140. Feld vs. Duqunse B. and L. Association.
144. Carpenter et. al. vs. Barnhardt.
62. McCafferty vs. Fulton et. al.

Mortuary Report.

Following is a record of the deaths in the city of Pittsburgh for the week ending March 17, 1872, as reported by J. Guy McCandless, health physician: Alcoholism, Intemperance, 2; Accident, 2; Accident, by burn, 1; Apoplexy, 1; Consumption, 4; Convulsions, 2; Croup, 1; Congestion of Brain, 2; Congestion of Lungs, 1; Dropsy, general, 1; Dysentery, 1; Eolampasia, 1; Inflammation of the Lungs, 2; Inflammation of Lungs Typhoid, 1; Inanition, 1; Jaundice, 1; Marasmus, 1; Old Age, 2; Small Pox, 4; Spinal Disease, 1; Still Births, 4. Of the above there were under one year, 8; from one to two, 2; from two to five, 1; from five to ten 3; from ten to fifteen, 1; from fifteen to twenty, 2; from twenty to thirty, 3; from thirty to forty, 3; from forty to fifty, 3; from fifty to sixty, 2; from sixty to seventy, 0; from seventy to eighty, 5; from eighty to ninety, 1. Males, 18; females, 16; white, 32, colored, 2; total, 34.

Two Slight Fires.

There were two alarms of fire yesterday. One about nine o'clock from box two at Penn and Second streets, was occasioned by some shavings in the planing mill of Mr. Douglas catching fire and communicating to the building. The fire was extinguished without much loss.

The second was at the office of Shoenberger & Co.'s nail warehouse on Water street. The trouble was caused by a defective flue allowing some sparks to settle on some wood work. The department did not go into action. The loss was trifling.

The Lock-Up This Morning.

At three o'clock this morning there were about ninety individuals, men women and children occupying cells at the lock-up. Judging from the dialects the majority of the unfortunates had been celebrating the anniversary of the birth of their patron saint. There was enough material to keep a local reporter in topics for a month to come. As the majority were new comers, making their first appearance as prisoners, the Mayor will likely deal leniently with them this morning, as the press should do.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

A very sensational drama, called "Waifs of New York," was produced last evening. It was constructed for Miss Kate Raymond, erstwhile of horseback steed "Mazeppa" fame, and will no doubt prove a source of unlimited enjoyment to those who have a fancy for such pieces. There are two terrible fires in it, two railway trains, two or more detectives, and, indeed, throughout, double the number and quality of those peculiarities that have recently become so strangely popular. It is advertised for repetition.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.

Mr. Welsh Edwards's draft upon the popular estimation in which he is held was duly honored last evening. The audience was large and enthusiastic, and showed their hearty good will for the beneficiary whenever opportunity afforded. "The Octoroon" was played capitally, and will be repeated to-night. To-morrow Mr. J. M. Charles, one of the most useful and conscientious members of the company, has his benefit, for which unusual attractions are announced as being in readiness.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

After all the "variety" programme here is twenty times better than anything of the same kind introduced into the sensation drama at the regular theaters. Manager Aims has a first class company and lots of novelties this week.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Special Meeting Last Night—Large Amount of Old Business Disposed Of.

Last night Allegheny Councils held a special meeting. The proceedings, which are devoid of any general interest, appear below:

SELECT BRANCH.

In this branch the following old business was disposed of: Resolution continuing lease of John McCance to a portion of the wharf in the Eighth ward (non-concurred in and referred to the Wharf Committee); report of Gas Committee; report of Committee on Fire Engines: ordinance increasing salary of engineers and firemen in the Fire Department (passed in C. C. S. C. non-concurred); resolution requiring John McGinnis to remove an unsafe building of his on Beaver avenue (S. C. non-concurred and directed that the Street Commissioner notify the owner to place the building in a safe condition); preamble and resolutions in relation to the removal of the Western Penitentiary; resolution for gas lamps in Sixth ward; resolution for gas lamps in Isabella court, on Lacock street; petition for grading of Central street; petition for stone crossing in Third ward, (C. C. non-concurred, and referred to Street Committee): petition for change of name of Lake alley; remonstrance against extension of Western avenue; petition for engine house and lock-up for Ninth ward, (S. C. non-concurred, and referred to Committee on City Property); petition for sewer in Spring Garden avenue; report of Market Committee recommending the creation of the office of meat inspector, and an ordinance to that effect; report of the Committee on Fire Engines, and resolution for new engine house in Fourth ward; (Not acted on.) All business not otherwise noted was concurred in.

The rules were suspended and new business taken up.

Mr. Huckenstein, a resolution instructing the Survey Committee to report in relation to the opening of Mary street. Referred.

The committee of conference reported adversely to the proposed extension of the wharf.

S. C. concured in action in relation to the proposed change in section 4, chapter 1, of the city charter which came from C. C.

On motion adjourned.

COMMON BRANCH.

In the absence of President Slack, Mr. Hugh McNeil was called to the chair.

BUSINESS FROM SELECT.

The following business from Select Council was taken up: Ordinance increasing the salary of the Market Constable to $600 per annum; an act for the extension of the wharf originally approved in Common Council was noncon-curred in in Select Council and a Committee of Conference was asked, Common Council adhered to former action and appointed Messrs. Walter, Hunker and Wettack as committee; report of the Street Committee; report of Police Committee; report of Railroad Committee: ordinances requiring flagmen at certain streets crossed by the several railroads: the ordinance requiring a flagman at Sycamore street, West Penn railroad crossing was repealed; ordinance changing the name of Ray street to Pearl; ordinance changing the name of South alley to Warner street; ordinance for grading paving and curbing South alley from Evans alley to the railway. Western avenue, opening grading and paving from Shamrock alley to Wilkins street; ordinance for grading and paving Stand alley; resolution recommended that the width of Washington street be reduced to fifty feet between Washington avenue and Byard street; ordinance for grading Fulton street from Western avenue to Ridge; ordinance for grading of Brown street: ordinance for widening Strawberry alley from Western to Beaver avenue; act relating to assessments for construction of sewers; report of committee on city property; ordinance preventing the storing of explosive fluids about the Market House; act relating to the filing of municipal liens; remonstrance against the straightening of Pine street, ordinance for review of Resaca street; remonstrance against grading of Spruce street; petition for grading and paving of Adams street; petition and resolution in relation to relieving the lien of mortgage on certain lots on poor farm; resolution in relation to legality of the Butler plankroad company maintaining a toll gate within the city limits; petition for sewer on Arch street; resolution in relation to engine house in lower district; communication in relation to sewer running through the property of Jas. Sampson; petition for grading and paving of a certain fifteen foot alley between Whig alley and Sandusky street; ordinance changing name of Western avenue (ninth ward) to Preble avenue; petition for grading and paving Market street; resolution in relation to reception of Aldermen's commitments at city lock-up; petition for removal of toll-gate from Perrysville road at head of Federal street; remonstrance against opening of Lombard street; petition for opening of Kerr street; act in relation to the recording of ordinances in the Controller's office; resolution for stone crossings (Common Council non-concur and refer to street committee); report of nuisance on McMullen's lot, Morrow street; viewers report on Iten street; order for the assessment of water rents for building purposes; the act relating to the extension of Federal street was approved by a vote of 11 to 8; ordinance for opening of Sheffield street; report of Water Committee. All the above business was concurred in, save where otherwise noted.

Mr. Grubbs—An act amending the 4th section of the charter of Allegheny City, by striking out the word "triennially" and inserting the word "annually" instead (This refers to the apportionment of the city into districts.) Adopted.

Profiles of the grades of Sturgeon and Bowen streets were approved; resolution in relation to Anderson library, and the admission of boys thereto free. In S. C. passed. C. C. non-concurred and appointed a Committee of Conference; act of Assembly in relation to licensing pawnbrokers; report of Committee on Surveys. Action on the above was concurred in save where noted.

On motion the rules were suspended for the purpose of taking up new business.

A resolution requiring the removal of a frame building from the corner of River avenue and McRoberts street. Street Committee.

Petition for water pipe on Madison street. Water Committee.

Mr. Rigby offered a resolution asking for a special committee to inquire into the place of residence of Mr. Grubbs representing the Second ward in this branch, it bring alleged that he was living out of the city. Adopted.

On motion adjourned.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

Forty-eighth Session of the Pittsburgh M. E. Conference—The Place of Holding the Next Session—Presentation of Reports, etc.

Fifth Day—Morning Session.

Conference re-assembled yesterday morning at eight o'clock, and after the usual religious exercises, which were conducted by the Rev. D. A. McCready, the Conference commenced its business session, Bishop Simpson presiding.

The minutes of the session of Saturday were read and approved.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Rev. M. S. Weekly presented a paper on "Popular Education," which was highly commendatory of the public school system, and favoring the retaining of the Bible in the schools. The paper was adopted.

The Committee on the State of the Church presented their report, in which they favored free seats and congregational singing, and deprecating any departure from the old landmarks of Methodism. The report was adopted.

Rev. W. P. Turner presented the report of the Committee on Tract Cause, and on motion it was adopted.

Dr. Cox presented a paper from the Pittsburgh Conference of the Evangelical Association of North America, appreciating the spirit which prompted the sending of fraternal greetings, and desiring that in the future the two bodies might be more closely united.

Rev. T. M. Hudson, chairman of the Committee on Pittsburgh *Christain Advocate*, presented a report. The report showed the paper to be in a prosperous financial condition, and called upon the members of the Conference to do all they could to extend the circulation of the paper.

The Committee on the Bible Cause handed in their report, and on motion, it was adopted.

Dr. Eels, Secretary of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Bible Society, made a few remarks in support of the Society and the work of extending the Bible.

The Board of Stewards, which is composed of both ministers and laymen, next presented their report. The total amount raised for the benefit of the superannuated preachers, and the widows and orphans, was $10,403 21, and was appropriated to the beneficiaries in sums ranging from $75 to $300, leaving a small balance in the treasury.

Rev. S. Wakefield, D. D., Chairman of the Centenary Committee, presented their report, recommending the continuance of the Joint Committee on Control, and the appointment of Joseph Shallenberger, Esq., to fill the vacancy in the Board of Directors caused by the death of Edward Heazelton, Esq.

The report of the Committee on Education, Rev. A. B. Castle, Chairman, was presented, showing the educational institutions under the control of the Conference, to be in a flourishing condition.

Dr. O. N. Hartshorn, President of the Mt. Union College, made some remarks in behalf of the institution.

On motion of Dr. John Williams, the report of the Committee on Orphanage was referred back to the committee.

CHURCH STATISTICS.

The following preamble and resolution was read:

WHEREAS, There is a constantntly increasing difficulty in securing the statistics of the various charges in the Conference.

Resolved, That before the character of any preacher shall be passed, he shall report his statistics in to the Presiding Elder.

After some discussion the resolution was adopted.

Conference now proceeded to fix the place of the next session, when Salem, McConnellsville and Cambridge were suggested. The Conference decided to hold its next session in Salem.

Revs. J. M. Bray, of the Erie Conference, J. C. Weldman, S. Reimensnyder, J. T. Reiber and A. J. Nest, of the Central German Conference, and E. A. Brindley, of the Sharpsburg Methodist, (non-Episcopal) church, were introduced to the Conference.

Rev. J. P. Saddler was granted a superannuated relation at his own request.

Rev. D. A. Pierce was changed from the effective to the supernumerary relation at his own request.

Rev. E. P. Jacobs was granted a superannuated relation, without any claims on the Conference fund, at his own request.

The report of the Committee on Bethel Cause was read and adopted.

TEMPERANCE.

The Committee on Temperance presented the following which was adopted:

Believing intemperance to be an evil of great and increasing importance—a great cancer upon the vitals of the nation—productive of misery, disorder and crime—and believing that this, as well as all other questions of moral reform, to suceed must enlist the hearty sympathy and support of the church, therefore

Resolved, First—We earnestly recommend our preachers, in all our congregations, to preach on the subject of temperance, agreeable to the instruction of General Conference.

Second—We pledge ourselves to support for political office no man who is not a friend of temperance reform.

Third—We favor the adoption in this State of a law already existing in the State of Ohio, wherein the vender of intoxicating liquors is held responsible for all damage resulting from the use of liquor sold by him.

Fourth—We greatly desire the passage of the bill now before the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and Ohio known as the "Local Option Law."

Fifth—We are persuaded that the use of fermented wines in the Holy Sacrament is inconsistent with the profession of the church, as well as the teachings of the Bible.

Sixth—We shall continue the agitation of this question until in all our land the manufacture and sale of alcohol as a beverage is regarded as a crime punishable by law.

THE METHODIST ORPHANAGE.

The Committee on Orphanage presented their report, as amended, changing the clause which related to the salary of the agent and allowing his salary to be raised from the collections when made. After considerable discussion the first and second resolutions were adopted, and a motion made and carried that the Bishop appoint a committee of fifteen—eight laymen and seven ministers—to confer with the agents to arrange a charter.

Dr. Walden, of the Cincinnati Book Concern, addressed the Conference on the subject of the branch of the work he represented. Dr. Horner made a few remarks in regard to compiling the minutes.

Revs. H. C. Westwood, D. D., and W. H. Morton, of the West Virginia Conference, were introduced to the Conference.

A resolution, signed by S. P. Wolfe, John Williams and N. J. Miller was presented and adopted, disapproving of the appointment of persons engaged in secular work to stations at reduced salaries.

Rev. G. R. Mills presented a resolution that no person receiving an appointment should engage in a secular work, which was adopted.

Rev. D. Crouse, an aged minister, and who had preached for the last thirty-four years, then addressed the Conference, desiring a superannuated relation on account of ill health, which was granted, and a purse of some four hundred dollars raised for his support. The recital of his trials and troubles during these years of his ministry were very affecting, and were listened to with marked attention.

Conference then adjourned with the doxology, and the benediction as pronounced by the Rev. C. Morrison.

Afternoon Session.

Conference met at half-past two o'clock, and was called to order by the Rev. R. Hopkins, who had been appointed to preside in the absence of the Bishop. Prayer was offered by the Rev. D. Hess.

Dr. Loomis, from the Committee on Church Extension, submitted a report which stated that the demands upon the society were increasing, and asked for an enlarged liberality. The committee also presented a resolution recommending the society and endorsing the request of the parent society for a contribution of $5,000 within the Conference limits. The following board to represent the Conference was also nominated:

President—Thomas Bakewell.
Vice President—Charles Thorn.
Corresponding Secretary—Rev. W. H. Locke.
Recording Secretary—Joseph Gatchel.
Treasurer—Rev. Joseph Horner.
Managers—Rev. Robert Hamilton, Hiram Miller, H. Sinsibaugh, John Coll and Messrs. A. Bradley, J. H. Hillerman, J. Walton, Joseph Horne and Frederick Smith.

The report was received and the nominations confirmed.

Dr. Endsley now obtained the floor, and in a few appropriate remarks tendered the Rev. Mr. Cross, who had been added to the superannuated list, the sum of $452, which had been collected during the morning session. Mr. Cross replied in a touching manner and thanked the members for this expression of their esteem. At the conclusion of his remarks, a number of his intimate friends gathered around him to bid him farewell, and while the hand shaking continued, Dr. Miller started the hymn commencing "Shall we gather at the river," which was followed by "Oh, think of the home over there" and others.

Dr. Davidson offered a resolution that the Conference memoralize the General Conference to fix upon a uniform system of conducting public worship on the Sabbath. Carried.

RESOLUTIONS OF THANKS.

Dr. Pershing offered the following:

The Pittsburgh Conference tender thanks as follows:

First—To the people of these cities for the generous hospitalities extended to us.

Second—To the Committee of Arrangements for their labor in our behalf.

Third, To the trustees and people of North avenue church for the use of the beautiful temple in which we are met.

Fourth, To the gentlemen of the city press for the accurate daily reports which they have given.

Fifth, To Captain Kountz for his generous action in supplying the members of the Conference with passes on his line of passenger railways, and, also, Mr. McCreery, of the Pleasant Valley Road, for like favors.

The resolutions were adopted by a rising vote.

Conference then adjourned.

Evening Session.

An immense audience assembled in the evening, and the spacious church was crowded to its utmost capacity, every available spot being occupied. It was understood that the appointments would be announced in the evening, which accounted for the large attendance.

After the usual religious exercises, Dr. Pershing proceeded to call the list of superannuated ministers, and handed to them, or in their absence, their representatives, the amounts allowed them by Conference.

Rev. J. M. Carr stated that the Conference had met and organized a Preacher's Aid Society, and appointed a committee to prepare a constitution to report at the next meeting of the Conference. He also stated that if any present had any suggestions to make, they should present them to the committee before the adjournment of Conference.

Dr. Pershing moved that a collection be lifted for the sexton which was carried. The collection was then taken up and $59 14 realized.

Revs. Boyle and Holmes were appointed a committee to wait on the Stationary Committee to ascertain whether they would be ready to report in the course of the evening.

The Secretary read the report of the Committee on Freedmen's Aid Society, which was adopted. The report showed that for this object $51,576 51 had been collected during the year. The report states that $100,000 would be necessary to carry on the work the coming year.

Rev. William Lynch, from the Board of Stewards, reported that a mistake had been made in their report, the Southeast Pittsburgh districts having been credited with contributing $100 more than they did. A member of the Board, however, had advanced one hundred dollars, so that no confusion would follow.

Rev. J. R. Mills moved that a collection be lifted immediately to liquidate this amount. No action taken.

The committee appointed to wait on the Bishop and residing Elders not yet having returned, S. Burtt and Wesley Smith sung a number of hymns, the audience joining in the chorus.

The committte now returns, and reported that the stationing committee would not be ready to announce the appointments until to-morrow.

Conference then adjourned until this morning at eight o'clock.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Pittsburgh Conference—Twentieth Annual Session—Interesting Presentation—Final Adjournment.

Saturday Evening Session.

Conference reassembled on Saturday evening at seven and a-half o'clock, and was called to order by the Bishop.

The Treasurer of the Missionary Society, Rev. Mr. Bernhart reported. Report amended and approved. Items of appropriations in the report;

Pittsburgh Mission in all	$700
Johnstown Mission in all	625
Franklin Mission in all	325
Oil City Mission in all	400
Brookville Mission in all	100
Keel Ridge Mission, if needed	50
New Castle Mission	200

GOLD WATCH PRESENTATION.

A very fine gold watch was presented to Bishop Esher at this juncture. Rev. J. J. Bernhart presented the watch, and Rev. J. Q. A. Weller made the presentation speech in behalf of the Conference, as follows:

BELOVED BISHOP:—Accept this gift as a slight memorial of the regard and esteem of the many members of this Conference. May your character and reputation ever be as pure as the gold of this watch; may your face ever be as serene as the face of this maker of time, and every time you mind it and your eye falls on the name "Pittsburgh Conference," think of the donors, and may they ever be green in your memory, and think of them when you kneel before the Throne of Grace.

The Bishop responded as follows:

BRETHREN: When I say I am surprised, I do but faintly express the feelings of my heart. Not that I should, or could, consider this token of love on your part as expressing a fully justified estimation of your Christian sentiment or brotherly feeling; but finding the merits on my part wanting, I cannot but ascribe it in a high degree to your love to the Master whom we serve in the bonds of the Gospel, and the church of our choice in which I endeavor to serve God and render what little I am capable of in the discharge of the duties of the various offices I am called to fill. As in the past, so in the future may we continue to live sweetly in the discharge of our duty until called home to our reward.

Highly as I appreciate this valuable and exceedingly beautiful indicator of time, and monitor to duty, yet vastly more does your love which prompted this bestowal call forth the sincerest gratitude of my heart. Brethren, I thank you for this token, which is the more appreciated, as on my part it was so little merited.

The watch was purchased at W. G. Dunseath, No. 76 Fifth avenue, who donated $20 toward its purchase. On the case inside is engraved, "To Bishop J. J. Esher by the Pittsburgh Conference." The whole was a very pleasant affair.

After transacting some other routine business the Conference adjourned until Monday morning.

On Sunday morning Bishop Esher preached in Emanuel Church, corner Madison avenue and Third street, Allegheny City, on Ephesians, third chapter and eighth verse, of which the following is a short synopsis:

DEAR BRETHREN: The great object of the mercy of God is the salvation of men. God himself is the author and finisher of this wondrous work and plan. In carrying forward and accomplishing this work He very often makes use of the little things of the world and the humblest among men.

I. Christ in His Person.—Christ became flesh and dwelt among men. In the Holy Scriptures He is represented as the only true object of worship in heaven and on earth by men and angels, and as the only infallible rule of faith and guide to holiness, for He was eminently faithful to the will of His Father and with our sin. By His obedience He elevated humanity from the manger to the right hand of the Supreme Majesty in glory, where He is Lord of Lords and King of Kings.

II. His Unsearchable Riches.—He feedeth His children with heavenly manna. Here we eat and drink, but we hunger and thirst again; there we eat and drink and hunger and thirst no more. He heals them from all their maladies. The physician who discovers a great remedy, is considered a benefactor to the human race; but to secure its benefits costs much time and money. But here is a physician who cures without money or price, and the very worst of all diseases, a sin-polluted soul, yields to His cleansing, healing power. He is light—the intellectual, scientific and moral light of the world—penetrating and ramifying in the utmost parts of the world, penetrating to the utmost parts of the world, among all nations and classes of men. He is light in death, lighting up and dispersing the darkness and doubt that gathers there, by the dazzling glory of His own illustrious resurrection. He is the light of eternity, the center from which emanates all light in which angels, archangels, seraphim, cherubim and all the hosts of heaven and earth dwell. He is also our great High Priest, who has made a free, a full and a complete atonement for all mankind. He cleanses us from all sin. "The blood of Jesus Christ. His Son cleanses us from all sin," and thus man, who stands before God a criminal, whom neither angel, seraph nor cherubim could redeem, is saved. O may God give his servants gifts, grace and power to preach Christ in all his offices a full and complete Savior to a fallen and ruined world. (Audible amens.)

To Christ belongs all power in heaven and on earth. The angels and archangels, saints and cherubim, nations, things and people, the minds, moves to further His great work. And it is likewise the highest joy of heaven and earth—yes, of the universe, to praise Him. Then take hold of Christ, He is yours! take hold of him in faith, take hold in earnest, take hold of Him *now* (hearty amens), and you will enjoy the peace which surpasses all human and angelic understanding, overwhelming the soul with light, power and glory, and gives them an earnest foretaste of the joys of the world to come.

We have much to contend with in this world. We are weak, burdened with care, but He makes us strong in life and a glorious victory in death. Then comes the glory of the future. I can not, will not venture a conjecture—eternity alone can disclose it to us; till then may God's abundant blessing ever be with us, keep us faithful, that we may finally all meet in the glory world. Amen.

Rev. W. Yost, Corresponding Secretary, preached in the High Street Church in the morning, and in the evening Rev. R. Dubs, editor of the *Christliche Botschafter*, preached in the Fulton Street Church. Rev. Dubs is, by men who are competent to judge, considered one of the most eloquent pulpit orators in Cleveland, and is perhaps fully entitled to the appelation of the *Beecher of the West*. Missionary collections were taken up in the different churches, and about $700 contributed.

Fifth Day of the Session.

Devotional exercises conducted by the Bishop. Journal of Saturday read and approved. Various routine business was transacted and several committees reported.

Resolved, That we tender a vote of thanks to the friends of Allegheny and Pittsburgh for their friendship and hospitality shown toward us during this Conference.

Resolved, That we tender a vote of thanks to the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL and *Der Freiheits Freund* for their kindness in publishing synopsis of the proceedings of this Conference.

Rev. G. S. Domer, in behalf of the Stationing Committee, reported the following changes: That Rev. L. H. Hetrich go to Clarion circuit instead of Springville, and that Rev. J. Arkless go to Springville.

On motion, Rev. J. Arkless was received into the itineracy.

CLOSING SCENE.

At this juncture the Bishop declared all the business transacted. The 30th hymn was then sung, and the Bishop offered an earnest prayer. The doxology was sung, and on motion of Rev. J. D. Doiner, the Conference adjournd *sine die* at 10 o'clock A. M., and the twentieth annual session of the Pittsburgh Conference was among the things of the past.

MARK HEBER'S LUCK.

An Indian Story.

Mark Heber returned home from his father's funeral with the problem of his own future pressing upon his thoughts, and demanding a prompt solution.

His home had been, from his earliest remembrance, upon a stony, worn out farm of fifty acres, situated upon the Seneca Lake, in Western New York. His father had become so heavily involved in debt, that two weeks before his death the farm had been sold by foreclosure of mortgage.

And now what was Mark to do?

He was a lad of nineteen, slight and boyish in frame, but with the strength of a man in his sinewy arms. He had had the usual advantages of education afforded to farmers' sons.

He returned home from his father's grave to the small, unpainted story and a half house, and after him came his father's only brother, a well-to-do farmer, who resided in the neighborhood.

This uncle, Mr. William Heber, was a man of sixty years, pompous and self-important. His soul was of the smallest pattern, and he had never been been known to do a generous deed, while he had done many mean ones.

"Well, Mark," said his uncle, "I've sent my folks on home, so that I can have a good talk with you. Morgan tells me he wants the farm. He has held off two weeks while George was dying, but he wants to move in next week. What are you going to do?"

"I don't know uncle. I am trying to think. What can I do?"

"I have thought the matter over," said Mr. Heber, "and have thought upon a plan. I am willing to take you, Mark, and treat you as my own son. You shall have a home at my house, and a seat at my table. What do you say?"

"You forget, uncle, that I have some one to provide for besides myself," said Mark. "Suppose I were to accept this offer of yours, what will you do for Gay?"

"The girl is no relation of yours, Mark."

The boy sighed.

"Poor little Gay," he said; "hers is a hard lot. Do you remember how the child came by her name? It is thirteen years this spring since a lady stopped at our door and asked leave to remain over night. She staid on day after day, growing weaker and weaker. It did not take long to discover that she was insane. She called the child Gay, and sometimes Gabrielle, which is Gay's true name. But she did not tell her surname, nor anything concerning herself. Late that summer she died. No one ever came to inquire after her or the child."

"Her mother was a crazy tramp, and nothing more. No wonder George was behindhand, when his wife adopted the child of a tramp and brought her up a lady," said his uncle.

Mark colored.

"I cannot hear a word against my mother, sir," he said. "I shall protect Gay while I live, and she shall not be separated from me."

"Then I wash my hands of you," exclaimed Mr. Heber angrily. "You can go your own way, and get your own living."

"Very well, sir," said Mark quietly; "that is settled then."

In one week Mark had sold a pair of colts which he had raised himself, for five hundred dollars, the household furniture for nearly as much more, and was on his way, with little Gay, to the far West, to seek their fortune.

The young travelers arrived at Leavenworth after a long and fatiguing journey.

Here Mark, while looking for a wagon and a yoke of oxen with which to cross the prairies, fell in with an old farmer named Whitman, who had been living in Western Kansas, but did not like it, and was now on his way to Nebraska. Mark concluded to join him, and Mr. Whitman assisted him in purchasing a suitable outfit, and that same night Mark and Gay were snugly ensconced in their huge traveling wagon, outside of the city, on the edge of the prairie, where Mr. Whitman, with his wife and seven children, had encamped. Six other families were with them—the seven wagons being "parked" in the form of a circle—that is the pole of one wagon resting upon the rear of another—and the oxen, horses, mules, cows, dogs and pigs being gathered into the circle thus protected.

Outside the circle of wagons a great fire was burning, and as Mark's wagon drove up, the conductor of the train, Mr. Landford, came forward and welcomed the new-comers.

It seemed to Gay and to Mark that they had entered a new and wondrous world.

Both lay long awake that night in their wagon, close up under the canvass roof, and they talked in whispers of their great future, and wondered what it had in store for them.

The next morning at daybreak the camp was astir. By sunrise the wagon train was on its way toward the northwest.

At night they halted beside a small stream and parked the wagons, and had supper, and talked and sang songs and told stories, like one great joyous family.

At daybreak, again they were on the way.

In the course of ten days, having traveled rapidly for ox teams, they reached the Little Blue river, a branch of the Big Blue. The women built fires and began the preparation of supper. The men proceeded to park the wagons.

"The last train I took over this route was attacked by Indians just here," said Conductor Landford. "They were unusually bold, and we had a tough fight— Good Heavens! What is that?"

He beheld, by the last rays of the sunset, a mounted band of Indians, their weapons glittering in the yellow light, their plumes nodding in the wind, as they came on like a whirlwind.

"Indians!" yelled the conductor, in a voice that made every woman's face turn white. "Pawnees or Sioux, I can't tell which. They seem to be on the war path. I can see their weapons. They outnumber us, counting in our women. Call in the children. We shall have to defend ourselves."

He blew a shrill blast on his bugle that rang out far and wide. They were sweeping down upon the train, with whoops and yells, murder and rapine in their very aspect.

Conductor Landford was skilled in Indian warfare, and was a scout of considerable note.

"There are twenty savages," he announced. "Remember, boys, you are fighting for your mothers and sisters. Show us what stuff you are made of."

Then he shouted:

"No, men, the gun! Have out the gun! They are in war paint, and mean mischief. When I give the word, fire!"

The Indians came nearer and nearer, advancing in a straight line.

"Now, boys, give them a hint that we are not fooling," said the guide grimly.

Mark Heber and his young comrades fired a volley.

The next moment a shower of bullets came hurtling toward the defenders of the camp.

"The gun!" cried Landford. "Give it to 'em, Whitman."

Whitman did "give it to them," mowing down three mounted savages, horses and riders rolling over and over in horrible death agony.

The remaining savages again came to a halt, but only for an instant. With a terrific war-whoop, they came on again to the onslaught, firing as they came, and looking like incarnate demons.

"All together!" cried the guide.

The other men and all the boys fired, each with especial aim. Six mounted savages fell before the deadly rain.

A panic immediately seized upon the survivors. In the midst of it, Whitman grimly touched off his field-piece anew.

This ended the conflict. The savages with horrible yells beat an instantaneous retreat, leaving their dead upon the field, and dragging away their wounded.

Amory had a bullet wound in his shoulder, and Arnold's eldest son had a flesh wound in his arm, but neither of these injuries were serious.

"Are you safe, Gay?" demanded Mark, coming toward her.

"Yes, but I'm almost smothered," answered Gay. "Have the savages surely gone, Mark?"

Gay cautiously crept forth while she was speaking. The remaining wagons disgorged their crouching occupants, women and children coming forth pale and trembling, but full of joyful gratitude at their escape from death, or a fate worse than death. The camp took on its usual appearance even before the retreating savages were entirely lost to view in the far distance. That night they encamped upon the prairie, and met with no adventure. A guard was maintained as on the previous night, but no Indians were to be seen.

Every day for the week that followed the encampment on the Little Blue was full of incident, but all of the pleasant sort, nothing occurring to alarm the emigrants.

And at the end of the week, to their great joy and relief, they arrived at Fort Kearney.

The emigrants did not halt at the fort, but pressed on to Kearney City, where they encamped just at nightfall.

Here Conductor Landford found another train, the guide of which had been stabbed the night before by a notorious man, who had escaped arrest. The train was offered to Landford to be united with his own.

The assault that had been made upon the conductor of the previously arrived train was made a matter of discussion, and regret that his assailant had escaped was universal.

"I know the fellow who dirked the conductor," said Landford. "He is a perfect demon. I know that he has killed several men. I saw him at Denver last year. He had just stabbed a miner from behind, and robbed him of all his money and gold. He is called Blue Jack."

"Blue Jack!" cried one or two boys. "What a name!"

"They call him so because one side of his face is blue, as if bruised," said Landford. "Looks as if the blood had settled under the skin."

The new train was bound for Denver, as Landford had said.

Two wagons belonged to men who had no women with them. There were five of these desperadoes, and only the smallness of their number as compared with the others induced Landford to allow them to travel under his guidance and the protection of his train.

A few introductions took place, and then the long train took up its line of march westward.

During the noon encampment, on the following day, Gay had finished her dinner, and a merry snatch of song was on her lips, when one of the desperadoes known as Burke came up to her, and paused beside her, regarding her with an insolent stare.

"Hallo, younker," he said gruffly. "I noticed you yesterday, and you are the prettiest young one I ever did see. Got no father nor mother, eh? Going west with your brother, eh? Give us a kiss, there's a doll!"

In an instant she leaped to her feet.

Child as she was, she resented the insult that had been offered her with a woman's offended pride and anger.

"How dare you," she cried. "Go away. If you touch me, I'll call my brother."

"Ah, now, young one, you're fooling," he said insolently. "You act older than I took you for. I'll warrant you no boy, except your brother, has kissed them lips o' your'n, and I'm bound to have one—so now!"

As quick as a flash, she drew from her pocket a pistol Mark had bought for her at Leavenworth, and which he had since taught her to use skillfully. She cocked the pistol, and four small dark tubes were promptly presented to the eyes of Burk for inspection. He started back in unaffected horror and amazement.

"The little vixen!" he muttered. "She acts like a highwayman instead of a shrinking girl. She beats all!

"I was only fooling," he said aloud. "I didn't mean nothing. Don't say nothing, young one. I'm off."

And he hastened to beat a retreat to his own proper quarters.

Gay's light laugh rang after him mockingly.

"Curse her!" muttered Burk. "Blue Jack would tame that wild-cat spirit of her'n, and I wish he may do it, that's all. I'll make 'em acquainted, blest if I don't!"

The train was ready to resume its march.

"Come up into the wagon, Mark," said the girl coaxingly. "I have something to tell you."

Mark climbed up beside Gay, his boyish face full of tenderness and affection as he looked down upon his adopted sister.

"Well, what is it, little Gay?" he said, as she hesitated.

"Have you noticed that man, Burk, who joined us with the other train at Kearney City?" asked Gay.

"I've seen him and noticed him," said Mark. "Mr Landford has a poor opinion of him. He's a confederate of Blue Jack, the outlaw. What have you to say about him, Gay?"

"He wanted to kiss me back at the halt," said Gay, composedly, "and, as you were busy, I just pulled out my pistol and scared him. He thought I meant to shoot him, and went off to the rear of the train."

Mark's boyish brows grew stern and his eyes flashed.

"The coward and villain!" he exclaimed. "I'll horsewhip him for that. How dared he?"

"Don't get into trouble on my account, dear Mark!" exclaimed Gay, in alarm. "He's a bad man, and he might kill you. He didn't kiss me, and I have taught him to keep his distance, so that he won't trouble me again. Don't speak to him Mark, please don't!"

But Mark would not promise.

About sunset Landford beheld in the distance a solitary horseman, who, upon looking back and observing the train, wheeled his horse about, and rode rapidly toward it. As he approached it, he said:

"Are you the conductor of this train, sir? I am bearer of dispatches from Fort Kearney to Fort Sedgwick. Will you grant me the protection of your train during the remainder of my journey?"

"What is your name?"

"Fallon, Lieutenant Fallon," was the reply, and he offered to show his credentials.

Landford bade Lieutenant Fallon welcome, and offered him the freedom of the camp.

Fallon ate supper with the Whitmans, and after conversing until a late hour, retired to the rear of the train to sleep. After all was still, he rolled over on the ground until he come to the side of Burk.

"Burk!" he hissed.

Burk started, with a smothered oath.

"Who calls?" he growled.

"Hush, you idiot!" hissed Fallon, between his teeth. "Have I fooled you and the boys as easily as I fooled the conductor of the train? Don't you know me? I haven't got my card-case with me, but I'm Blue Jack, at your service! Ha, ha! The serpent has got into Eden!"

"I and the boys have looked for you to join us all day," said Burke. "But of course we didn't look for you in this disguise."

Upon the morning after the counterfeit Lieut. Fallon had joined the wagon train, the camp was astir as usual at day break. The train halted at noon on the river bank, opposite a lovely island. At sunset they again halted, and for night.

In the course of the evening Lieut. Fallon approached Gay, and said:

"Miss Heber, I must say to you that you are startlingly like a former friend of mine. It is a strange, a startling coincidence, I could almost think—but no. Impossible! You are the sister of Mr. Herber, are you not?"

Gay's pure face flushed.

"Yes," she answered with same hesitation.

The disguised Blue Jack turned yet whiter. He had marked that hesitation, and his wonder at it thrilled him with a sudden fear.

"You do not look like your brother, Miss Heber?" he remarked.

"I have been told so before," said Gay dryly.

"And you are his own sister?" persisted Blue Jack, with agitation.

"I do not know your motive for making such inquiries, Lieutenant," said Gay, after a moment's thought. "I do not therefore know how to reply to you. I should like to know the name of your friend whom I resemble, but for an answer to your inquiries I must refer you to my brother."

Gay Heber seized the first opportunity to inform her adopted brother of the particulars of her singular interview with the false Lieut. Fallon.

"I told him to speak to you, Mark," she said "but my heart has been on fire ever since. What if he should have known my mother?"

"He looked like death when he first saw your face, Gay," said Mark thoughtfully. "It was as if he had seen a ghost."

Gay started and exclaimed;

"From the moment I beheld the man I shrank from him. I had an instinctive fear and abhorrence of him. Oh, Mark, dear Mark, don't let him know any more about me than he knows now."

"I will not Gay," said Mark soothingly. "If he is your father he shall not know that you are his daughter."

The promise comforted Gay, who smiled faintly through the gloom that had fallen upon her.

As some young people came toward the Hebers, Mark arose abruptly and went to look after his oxen.

Gay was about to join Mark, when the false Lieutenant Fallon approached him, offering him a cigar.

"Fine evening, Mr. Heber," said the disguised Blue Jack, courteously. "What? You don't smoke? Smoking is a vice. I wish I could break myself of it. Your sister is a lovely child, or girl, I should say. She must be fifteen years old. Is she not?

"She is but a child yet, lieutenant—only fourteen—yet she is more womanly than many girls of eighteen.

"Only fourteen," said the pretended lieutenant musingly. "I—I had a fancy that she was fifteen. I knew a child once—perhaps she's dead now—but if she were living she would be fifteen years of age, and the very picture of your sister. And, oddly edough, that child's name was the same as your sister's—Gabrielle!"

Mark repressed a start, and turned away his paling face from the keen scrutiny of the scheming villain.

"The child I alluded to," continued the false lieutenant, "had black hair and brown eyes; rather a singular combination; but her mother, poor creature, had had the same features, and had been a great beauty in her day. She was a New York belle, la belle Gabrielle! But she went insane, and wandered away with her child, and was never heard of more.

"If you had seen the New York dailies of thirteen years ago," resumed the false lieutenant, "you could not have failed to notice striking advertisements offering a thousand dollars reward for information of the whereabouts of an insane woman and her child. The reward was afterward increased to five thousand dollars. Did you never hear of the advertisement, Mr. Heber?"

"Never," said Mark. "How should I have seen it?"

"Ah, yes; true. You were but a boy at the time. Yet if you lived near New York, you might have heard of the disappearance."

"I did not live near New York."

"Why, the conductor told me you came from York State," said the false lieutenant.

"So I did," responded Mark.

"May I ask from what part?" inquired the villain.

"Certainly," said Mark. "I come from the western part of the State. May I ask the name of the lady whose disappearance called forth the advertisement of which you speak?"

"Her given name was Gabrielle," said the pretended officer evasively. "If I could get a trace of that insane woman and her child, I would give a thousand dollars out of my own pocket. Think what a start in life that sum would give a young man like you!"

Mark shrank back, as from the touch of an embodied pestilence.

"I can give you no assistance in your search, Lieutenant Fallon," he said coldly.

"Permit me to ask if Miss Heber is your own sister, born of the same parents as yourself?" demanded the pretended officer abruptly.

"I do not tolerate any intrusion into my private family affairs, Lieutenant Fallon, said Mark haughtily. "My sister has already been annoyed by your questions, in regard to her history, and I must request you to leave us alone.

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Heber," said the villain, adding maliciously, "I see this is a sore subject with you. You have not said that Miss Heber is your own sister. I presume you cannot say so truthfully.

"We will not discuss the matter, sir. Gay Heber is my sister, and while I live she shall not lack for a protector.'

"Ah yes," said the pretended officer, using his favorite phrase of assent. "Brothers are not usually so devoted to sisters as you seem to be, Mr. Heber."

That evening Gay, whose curiosity had been stimulated by what had taken place, to find out something more about her parentage, was examining some jewels which had been left by her mother, and some trinkets which she had possessed when a child. She had taken them from a little box in the bottom of her trunk, and thought herself perfectly secure under the cover of the wagon, when she suddenly detected the false Lieut. Fallon peering at her through a hole which he had cut in the canvas. All this she reported to Mark.

On the following day Mark had a violent altercation with the pretended Lieutenant.

No one had eyes or ears for anything but this exciting scene, and it thus happened that a small body of horsemen in the uniform of the United States had come up, and had dashed into the very camp before their approach was noticed.

A loud bugle call from the head of the troops was the first token the emigrants received of the new arrival.

In a moment the combatants were loosed, and all eyes turned to the newcomers.

The disguised Lieut. Fallon looked and turned faint. He knew what this visit meant, if no one else did.

"Conductor," shouted the leader of the troop, "we are here in search of Blue Jack, the noted desperado, accused of the attempted murder of Lieutenant Fallon of the United States army, whom he brutally attacked and flung into the Deep Canyon as dead. The lieutenant is now at Fort Kearney, in a critical condition, and we demand his would-be murderer!"

The emigrants had listened with breathless amazement to the announcement of the officer in charge of the small detachment of troops. They were actually spellbound. Not so the person most interested in the announcement—Blue Jack himself.

The desperado had comprehended the errand of the troops in the first moment of their appearance. After his first sensation of faintness and terror, he had recovered his coolness and courage, and was himself again.

At the very commencement of the officer's announcement, Blue Jack exchanged glances with the terrified and cowering Burk. The latter pointed one trembling finger over his shoulder to a spot at a little distance, where Blue Jack's horse stood grazing, saddled for use.

In an instant the chief desperado darted under the wagons toward the waiting horse. He reached him and leaped upon his back.

And in the next moment that desperado rose gracefully in his stirrups at the distance of a few rods, and with the fierce defiant yell of a wild Indian, dashed his spurs into his horse's side, and was away like the wind.

Blue Jack had the advantage of a good start, and was splendidly mounted, his horse being a seasoned animal, born and bred on the plains, and endowed with great life and spirit.

Blue Jack laughed aloud as the strong animal bore him onward as if he had been a feather's weight. He rose again in his stirrups, and shouted back defiantly:

"Come on. Take Blue Jack if you can!"

The pursuing officer shouted to the outlaw to surrender, but the only reply was a mocking laugh. The officer then fired a shot at the fugitive, but the bullet missed its mark, and Blue Jack, bending low to his horse's neck, and digging the spurs into the animal's sides, swept on and away with the rush of a tornado.

And after him swept the pursuers.

The emigrants watched the pursuit with breathless interest until the foremost figure upon the powerful Indian steed had passed beyond their line of vision.

During the confusion Burke escaped also.

At nightfall they halted upon the south bank of the Platte, and were at supper around their fires when the troops were seen to approach, weary and dispirited—without their prisoner.

"The fellow has escaped us," said the officer.

"You held on to the chase well, Lieutenant," said the conductor.

"I can't bear to go back to the fort without him," was the quick reply. "There's excitement all through the fort. Poor Fallon was nearly murdered, and was left for dead. He was flung over into Deep Canyon, and happened to lodge in a clump of bushes. There he came to himself, an hour or more afterward, and, more dead than alive, he climbed up to the ground above, and fell down in a dead faint. A party was immediately organized, and sent in pursuit of the outlaw."

The next day they encountered the party of soldiers that had been sent in pursuit of Blue Jack. They had found no trace of the desperado or his companion.

"No use looking for Blue Jack," said the officer in charge of the party, addressing Landford. "There has been a party of Sioux about this quarter for a few days past, and no doubt Blue Jack has fallen in with them. The party is hardly large enough to attack your train, and I understand they have gone up toward Dakota. Blue Jack has an Indian wife somewhere up there."

Upon the second day after leaving Fort McPherson, the emigrants made their midday halt in a grove of cotton woods, upon the bank of the south fork of the Platte, at its junction with a wide, tree-fringed river; which descended from the northward, and here they concluded to settle.

The site of the village was selected exactly at the junction of two rivers, upon a low bluff overlooking the two streams.

Then a public square was carefully laid out, with mathematical exactness.

Then each man's lot was assigned him.

Mark Heber's was next to Whitman's, on the eastern side of the square, facing west, and his future garden ran back to the edge of the low bluff.

Mark Heber did a man's work, and from the first day of this hard toil Whitman ceased to class the youth among the boys.

In the course of a week, eight strong log-houses, each a story in height, and pierced with loop-holes, and each provided with a single capacious chimney, were finished, and fronted the little naked square.

Mark Herber's house was simply arranged, built upon the plan generally adopted by the settlers. There were but two rooms, one being entered through the other. The inner room was to be Gay's. The outer room was to be parlor, dining-room, kitchen, library, and Mark's bed-room.

"The house is your province, Gay," said the youth, upon the morning after the house was finished. "I shall leave you to furnish it and transform it into a home while I work upon the stockade. If you need my help when the stockade and block-house are finished, I will turn myself into house-carpenter."

"I shan't need you sir," said Gay saucily. "You attend to the farm, and leave the house to me."

The shelter provided, the eight houses were left entirely to the management of the women, the men working upon the stockade, which was constructed upon strict military principles, and was a model of worth and excellence.

It required two weeks and the labor of sixteen men to complete this work.

Whitman and his family had been living in their house for a week. All the families had moved into their homes save the Hebers, but Gay with a pretty tyranny had not allowed Mark to cross the threshold of his house since he had finished it.

Now, when Mark unyoked his oxen, turning them loose in his own yard, and drew his wagon under a great cotton-wood in his back garden, Gay called to him with a bright smile, saying that he might enter the house with her.

He came pleased and smiling, but paused upon the threshold in mute amazement.

Was this the room with four rough log walls which he had given into her hands?

Was this sunny little home a log-house on the plains?

It seemed incredible.

For little clever-witted Gay, with her delicate, skillful fingers, had fashioned a lovely home out of her barren materials, such an one as would delight the eye to rest upon, and her sole helps had been two kindly boys of fifteen years, who had worked under her direction.

"It's the prettiest room I ever saw," cried Mark, with enthusiasm. "There isn't a house in town like it. Won't the people open their eyes? It's just lovely!" cried Mark delightedly. "You are a regular house fairy, Gay. You were meant for the frontier, and you are the fairest flower on all the plains! My precious little sister!"

He drew her to him and kissed her tenderly. But Gay, most unaccountably, broke from him blushing like a rose.

"I'll call Whitman in to see the house," exclaimed Mark, not noticing Gay's confusion. "We shall set up for the aristocrats of the town."

He dashed out in boyish exuberance and called in the entire population of the village.

They all came in, and there was a general request that Gay should christen the settlement.

Gay's eyes brightened, even while she shrunk from the honor thus put upon her.

"I can't," she said. "Mr. Whitman is the oldest of us all, and is our Mayor. Let him name the village."

"Then I'll call it Heber, in honor of our little Gay," said Mr. Whitman. "What do you all say, my friends."

"Heber it is!" cried a dozen voices, in acclaim.

At this moment a boy who had been playing upon the platform inside the stockade, came in gasping the words:

"*Indians!*" The above we publish as a specimen chapter, but the continuation of this story will be found in the New York Ledger. Ask for the number dated March 30, which can be had at any news office or book store. If you are not within reach of a news office you can have the Ledger mailed to you for one year by sending three dollars to Robert Bonner, publisher, New York.

Alleged Counterfeiter Arrested.

Jesse Provence, charged with having passed a counterfeit ten dollar note on Philip Pasire, was brought before Commissioner Gamble yesterday, waived a hearing and gave bail for trial. It is alleged that defendant is an old and experienced dealer, and his arrest is therefore important. He is a resident of Fayette county, and it is said that this is not the first charge of the kind that has been preferred against him.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE lock-up was crowded at four o'clock yesterday afternoon.

A TERIFIC storm passed over the city between ten and twelve o'clock last night.

NEXT, will be the last week of the Fifth Avenue Opera House.

ALDERMAN LOGAN yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of John Hesser, charged by John Leonard with assault and battery.

A DELEGATION of the Japanese embassy may be expected in this city shortly, on a tour of inspection.

THERE were a number of orange and purple cockades displayed yesterday, both in and out of the procession.

DETECTIVE SCOTT yesterday arrested a man named John Lynch, charged with seduction on oath of Bridget Reifer.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS last night preserved the dignity of a prayer meeting, and were thoroughly devoid of interest.

LAWRENCEVILLE has developed a German Ross, who is making it lively for the tavern keepers who break the law.

A WAGONER attempted to drive his team through the St. Patrick's procession, yesterday, while it was crossing Smithfield street, on Sixth avenue. Some of "the boys" in the procession quickly proved their right of way.

YESTERDAY afternoon, during the procession, one of the Marshals ordered Officer Ecoff to take the sash of one of the rank and file and lock him up. The officer obeyed, the man being drunk.

MR. JOHN S. KLINEFELTER, son of Captain Klinefelter, so well known to our steamboat men, was married in St. Louis, on the 14th inst., to Miss Emilie M., daughter of the late Captain Paschal H. St. Cyr, of St. Louis.

THE horses attached to a milk wagon, the property of C. Williams & Co., ran away yesterday on Liberty street. The animals turned into Sixth avenue where the wagon and a buggy were overturned. The former, however, suffered most damage. No one, fortunately, was injured.

DETECTIVE JOHN HERRON last night arrested a man named John Burke, who is wanted to answer sundry charges of larceny. Mr. Herron has been looking for this man for about two months on the specific charge of stealing an overcoat and a pair of valuable opera glasses from the cashier of one of our banks.

JASON COCHRAN and Gilbert Meyers reside in the same house in the Eighth ward. Yesterday, according to Jason's statement, Gilbert, who resides up stairs, broke a hole through his floor and the under lodgers ceiling to the discomfort of the latter. Gilbert was brought before Alderman Logan, and let off with costs.

IF the gentlemanly clerk of Millvale borough would furnish his report of the Council meeting at least one day after its occurrence we would take pleasure in publishing it. We cannot insert the proceedings of the body if they art not handed in until three days after the meeting has occurred, as was the case yesterday.

A DRUNKEN man attempted to force his way into a Wood street store yesterday, contrary to the wishes of the proprietor. Becoming troublesome, Officer Weisenburn was called and arrested the man after considerable of a tussle. The defendant got thirty days to the Workhouse, in addition to a badly used up head.

YESTERDAY Henry Mansfield made an information before Alderman O'Donnell, charging John Dougherty and John McNulty with having opened the plaintiff's trunk, and taken therefrom property to the value of fifty dollars. The accused gave bail for a hearing, and asserts that the charges are without foundation, in fact preferred from malicious motives. Mansfield charged the same defendants with assault and battery. McNulty charged Mansfield with the same offense. The result of the litigation, so far, has been that Mansfield was committed to jail for a hearing, and the others admitted to bail. The parties hail from Sandy Creek. They have the appearance of being respectable and honest young men, and intend, they say, to enter suit against Mansfield for malicious prosecution.

EAST BIRMINGHAM COUNCIL MEETING.

The Old Council Adjourned Sine Die—The Burgess-Elect Sworn In.

Last evening, the old Council of the borough of East Birmingham met for the purpose of closing up the business of the year.

Mr. Haberman, from the Finance Committee, reported that he had examined the accounts of the Treasurer, and found the same correct. The report shows a decrease in the debt of the borough from $107,324 11 to $101,443 17, a decrease of $5,880 94.

Mr. Haberman stated that more good had been accomplished during the year than was expected, and in view of the heavy expenditures the decrease was very gratifying. If the proper expenditures were used the debt could be further decreased $8,000 during the coming year. He thanked the members of the Finance Committee for their valuable assistance rendered him. Report accepted.

On motion of Mr. Hahn, a vote of thanks was tendered to the Chairman of the Finance Committee, and the Treasurer, for the faithful discharge of their duties.

The report of the election officers was then read on the subject of consolidation, as follows: For consolidation 382; against 418; majority against 36. Accepted and filed.

On motion, the old council adjourned *sine die*.

Mr. Wharton then administered the oath of office to the Burgess elect, Mr. Peter Dressler, after which the members elect were sworn into office.

Mr. Dressler, on taking the chair, thanked his fellow-citizens for the honor conferred upon him, expressed his confidence in the ability and integrity of the new Council, hoped that their official relations would work harmoniously, and expressed a desire to do his duty fearlessly and impartially.

Council then adjourned to meet on Friday evening next, when the first regular meeting of the new Council will be held.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

The Celebration Yesterday.

Although one day late, St. Patrick's day was appropriately celebrated in our city yesterday. About noon the following organizations fell into line at the corner of Fifth avenue and Grant street, in the order named: Donnelly Guards on the right. Ancient Order of Hibernians—Marshal, James Devery, assisted by a score of aids. Ancient Order of Hibernians—Marshal John Valady; aids, James McCann and Edward Bell, assisted by twenty-three line aids. St. James, of Temperanceville—Marshal, P. Carlan. St. Patrick's, of Brownstown—Marshal, John McTiernan. St. Joseph, of Pittsburgh—Marshal, James Jackson. St. Mary's, Point—Marshal M. Logan. St. Michael's Benevolent Society—Marshal, John Gering. St. Michael's Temperance Society—Marshal, John Gallagher. Irish Confederation, Allegheny—Marshal, Terrence McMahon. Citizens of Ninth ward, Allegheny—Marshal, John McDermott.

All being in readiness the procession moved over the route published yesterday. There was a plentiful supply of music from brass bands and drum corps, and many bright American and Irish flags were flung to the breeze. The procession must have numbered some two thousand persons and was quite orderly throughout. The entire celebration reflects credit upon those concerned, and was probably the most extensive of the kind ever witnessed in this city.

Who Killed Him?

Who Killed Him?

Fine Country Residence.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in our "for sale" column of a new brick house of eight rooms and bath room for sale. This place is very beautifully located on the second bank of the Ohio river, only a short distance below Allegheny City, and commands a magnificent view of the Ohio river and Manchester, and is entirely free from the dust and smoke of the city. The house is elegantly finished; marble mantles in all rooms down stairs, and the parlors are finished with hard wood, oiled and varnished, and the entire finish is first class in every respect. This place is but a few minutes' walk from the Manchester street cars, and not more than two minutes' walk from the station on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, and is worthy the attention of all desiring to secure a home in the country with the conveniences of the city, water and gas. Inquire of C. H. Love, real estate broker, 58 Fourth avenue.

Who Killed Him?

Who Killed Him?

Fine French Glassware

Just received at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, Wood street.

Who Killed Him?

Who Killed Him?

P. H. Hacke

Removed to 21 Fifth avenue, third door above the old store. Opening of spring goods on Monday. Some great novelties will be exhibited.

Who Killed Him?

Business Signs.

Robinson's metallic sign letters, in gold, bronze and colors. The richest sign for business houses made. Send for descriptive circular to Livingston & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents wanted. TThs.

Who Killed Him?

Watch No. 1,894, Stem Winder—

Bearing trade Mark "Frederick Atherton & Co., Marion, N. J.,"—manufactured by United States Watch Co. (Giles, Wales & Co.,) has been carried by me six months; its total variation from mean time, being eight seconds.—H. Cottrel 1,128 Front street, N. Y.

Who Killed Him?

P. H. Hacke

Removed to 21 Fifth avenue, third door above the old store. Opening of spring goods on Monday. Some great novelties will be exhibited.

Who Killed Him?

Mortgages Wanted.

The following amounts of money will be loaned on bond and mortgage: $1,000, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $4,000, $4,500, $5,000, $7,500, $9,000, $10,000, $12,000, $18,000, $20,000, also will take one of $45,000. The above amounts of money will be loaned for a term of years. W. E. Tustin, 87 Grant street, opposite Court House.

Who Killed Him?

Assorted Crates

White stone and common ware, suitable for country trade, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Who Killed Him?

P. H. Hacke

Removed to 21 Fifth avenue, third door above the old store. Opening of spring goods on Monday. Some great novelties will be exhibited.

Who Killed Him?

An Extended Popularity.

Each year finds "Brown's Bronchial Troches" in new localities in various parts of the world. For relieving Coughs, Colds, and Throat Diseases, the Troches have been *proved* reliable. TThs&

Who Killed Him?

Decorated French China

Dinner, tea and toilet sets, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Who Killed Him?

DIED:

McCALLUM—At Richmond, Va., on Sunday, 17th inst., ALEXANDER McCALLUM, formerly of McCallum Bros., of this city.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday's papers.

CONWELL—On Friday evening, March 15th, at 9:30 o'clock, JAMES, son of Chas. and Eliza Conwell, aged two years and ten months.

Funeral to take place at 2 o'clock, P. M., TUESDAY, from the residence of his parents, No. 77 Penn avenue, corner Third street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

HAMBRIGHT—On the 16th inst., at 4 P. M., FREDERICK HAMBRIGHT, in the eighty-sixth year of his age.

Funeral from the residence of R. T. Kennedy, corner of Park street and Grant avenue, at 10 o'clock TUESDAY MORNING. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

McCALLUM—On Sunday, March 17th, at Richmond Va., Captain ALEXANDER McCALLUM, late of the firm of McCallum Bros., of this city.

The funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 P. M., from the residence of his brother-in-law, John N. Shephard, No. 304 Penn street, to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WYMARD—Of consumption, on Monday morning, at 1 o'clock, CRISSIE WYMARD, aged nineteen years.

The funeral will take place from her mother's residence on Negley avenue, on WEDNESDAY, at 2 P. M.

SAMPLE—At half past 11 o'clock on Sunday night, the 17th instant, at his residence on Grant avenue, Allegheny City, Captain JOHN O. SAMPLE (late of Company I, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers), son of Sarah H. and the late Captain J. M. Sample, in the thirty-first year of his age.

The funeral will take place THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from the Arch (late Beaver) street M. E. Church, Allegheny, to proceed thence to the Uniondale Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[Baltimore and Washington City papers please copy.]

DROCOURT—On Monday morning, March 18th, at 2 o'clock, Mrs. HENRIETTA DROCOURT, in the seventieth year of her age.

The funeral services will take place at the First Presbyterian (Dr. Swift's) Church, Allegheny, on TUESDAY MORNING, at 10:30, to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CARRIAGES $3. HEARSE $5.
RODY PATTERSON, Jr.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.
Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Iron Founders, Manufacturers Light Grey Iron
CASTINGS.
(Light Cast Goods our Specialty.)
Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Latches, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. P. O. address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America
ASSETS, $3,185,219 41.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

FOOTE'S IMPERIAL BLACK VARNISH,
FOR THE
Preservation of Iron and Wood,
A Genuine First-class Article, Unequalled in Lustre, Durability and Preservative Properties.
Dries in Thirty Minutes.
Warranted to Give Satisfaction.
DEPOT, 202 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
RUSH PATTERSON, Agent.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
Henry R. Foote Civil Engineer, New Galilee, Penn'a.

DENTISTRY.
Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,
Has resumed the practice of his profession, confining himself exclusively to the Preservation of the Natural Teeth. Office, No. 106 FOURTH AVENUE, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.
V. E. BEAMER.......Lessee and Manager.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 19th, will be presented Boucicault's great sensational drama the
OCTOROON;
Or, LIFE IN LOUISIANA.
Uncle Pete.......Mr. Welsh Edwards.
Dora Sunnyside.......Mrs. Lizzie Edwards.
Grand Family Matinee Saturday Afternoon.

New Pittsburgh Opera House
JOHN ELLSLER.......Sole Lessee and Manager.
Engagement of the Young Sensational Artiste,
KATE RAYMOND.
TUESDAY, March 19, 1872.
Waifs of New York.
SEE THE DEVERE BROTHERS.
SEE THE FIRE SCENE.
SEE THE DOUBLE RAILROAD SCENE.
A WONDERFUL PERFORMANCE.
GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER
FRED. AIMS.......Manager.
FITZ SIMMONS.......Stage Manager.
New Stars: Emma Grattan, Annie Braddon, Mlle. Honriet's Three Victorellis, Lew Spencer, Herman, Ella Wester and her Female Minstrels, Flora Benton, Clinetop Sisters, Tilly Prestage, Mlle. Leo'ine, Helene Revere. Bowman and Harris Turner and Lester.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

LIBRARY HALL BUILDING.
Pittsburgh Academy of Art and Design.
SPRING EXHIBITION, 1872.
OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
Admission, 25c; Children under twelve, 15c. Special rates for Schools. tf

LECTURES.
LIBRARY HALL.
Thursday Evening, March 21,
Theodore Tilton,
WILL DELIVER HIS NEW LECTURE, ENTITLED
"HOME, SWEET HOME,"
IN WHICH HE TREATS ON
MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.
ADMISSION.......75 CENTS.

Y. M. C. A. FREE LECTURE COURSE.
The Eighth Lecture will be Delivered by
WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Esq.,
At the Christian Association Rooms, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street,
TUESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at 8 o'clock.
Subject—"GREAT INVENTIONS."
All are cordially invited. ThsMTu

THE PROPOSITION
Made by Desmond & Co., 915 Race street, Philadelphia, to furnish free of charge until a cure is effected in all cases of Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Pimples, &c., the Samaritan's Root and Herb Juices, is one which should meet with attention, for by this mode of doing business the people avoid all uncertainties both of Doctors and Medicines. All that has to be done is to furnish reference that payment will be made after a cure is effected, which of course every honest person ought to be willing to do. The following will explain:
I had been troubled with an eruption and severe itching of the skin for a number of years. I spent all the money I could spare trying to get rid of it, all to no purpose. Seeing that Desmond & Co., 915 Race street, had offered the Samaritan's Root and Herb Juices, free of charge, until a cure was effected, I procured the remedy, giving as a reference that I would pay when cured, my employers, Messrs. Charles Burham & Co., tin manufacturers, 119 South Tenth street, and in three weeks after commencing the medicine, I was entirely free the disease.
SAMUEL C. NEWBERN.
Philadelphia, December 4, 1871.
JOSEPH FLEMING,
84 Market street, Agent for Pittsburgh.

AUCTION SALES.
A. LEGGATE, 159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY
Building Lots,
IN THE
SECOND WARD,
ALLEGHENY,
FOR SALE.
The undersigned will offer at Private Sale until the 8th day of April, the following portion of the Property of Mr. Bernard Gray, proprietor of the Wm. Penn Hotel, relinquished by him for drove yard purposes, having become too valuable, and having other property at a distance more suitable for his business, 5 Lots on Fremont street, corner of Jackson street, each 21 by 91 feet; 6 Lots on south side Jackson street, between Fremont street and Irwin avenue, each 20x105; and 3 Lots on Irwin avenue, each 23x80. Also, the Properties, 91 and 93 Irwin avenue, Lots each 18x80 feet, with two Brick Houses of 6 Rooms each, one of which is used for business.
Also, a Block of Lots on north side of Jackson street. Also, a very fine Lot on north side of Gallagher street, 101x168 feet, planted in choice Fruits. Also, 2 Lots on Union avenue and Pleasant Valley Railway new car house, and 1 Lot in rear of the same fronting on New Brighton Road, each 24x99 feet.
Now that this section is opened to the public for building, a fine opportunity is presented for improvement and advantageous investment. For terms, plans and full particulars, apply to Mr. GRAY, on the premises, or to
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
159 FEDERAL STREET.

FOR SALE CHEAP—
BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE.
A new two-story Frame House, 8 Rooms, with Carriage House, Stable and Outhouses; four Acres of Ground, with Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, situated at Sloan's Station, nine miles above Steubenville, Ohio, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad. For full particulars inquire of T. M. LYONS, Esq., 53 Federal street, Allegheny city, or to D. A. SLOAN, Esq., near the premises. Possession given April 1st.
TThs E. A. BRINDLEY.

MANUFACTURERS.
HUGH M. BOLE,
FOUNDER,
Engine Builder and Machinist,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINE WORK.
Machine Shop—Corner Point alley and Duquesne Way.
Foundry—On Third avenue, near Market street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SEMI-STEEL
STEAM
GENERATORS,
Have Qualities which no other Boilers can rightfully Claim.
Complete provision for Expansion and Contraction.
A Thorough and Effective Circulation.
Securing Safety, Economy and Durability.
2 to 1,000 Horse Power.
SECTIONAL, CIRCULATING, SELF-CLEANING,
STATIONARY, PORTABLE,
STEAM HEATING ECLIPSE AND MARINE
BOILERS
AND
FITTINGS
OF ALL KINDS.
BOLLMAN, KILGORE & CO.,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH PA.
Illustrated Circulars, References, &c., furnished on application.

AUCTION SALES.
A. McILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.

CITIZENS' AND EXCHANGE NATIONALS, WESTERN SAVINGS BANK—Will be added to former lists of Valuable Stocks to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 19th, at 7½ o'clock, on Second Floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.
36 shares Citizens' National Bank;
30 shares Exchange National Bank;
30 shares Western Savings Bank.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BANK, BRIDGE AND INSURANCE—HOMESTEAD BANK, COLUMBIA OIL, PITTSBURGH COAL AND MINING CO., &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
17 shares Tradesmen's National Bank;
15 shares Wylie Avenue Savings Bank;
25 shares Homestead Bank and Life Insurance;
10 shares Hand Street Bridge Co.;
28 shares Ewalt Street Bridge Co.;
5 shares Pittsburgh Coal and Mining Co.;
20 shares Central Transportation Co.;
50 shares Columbia Oil Co.;
6 shares Allemannia Insurance Co.;
30 shares Western Insurance Co.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PHILADELPHIA.
BY SAMUEL C. COOK,
No. 124 South Front Street, above Walnut.
WRECK OF "NEW IRONSIDES."
On WEDNESDAY,
March 27th, at 11 o'clock, at the auction store, No. 124 South Front street, above Walnut, will be sold, the Wreck of "New Ironsides," now lying on the Horse Shoe Shoal, at League Island; hull 240 feet length, 58 feet 6 inches breadth; copper fastened and copper sheathed; reported from the Department as containing 53,000 lbs bolts, 58,000 lbs sheathing, 68,000 lbs composition. There is one row of 3 inch iron plating, 24 inches wide and several 4½ inch plates on the hull, with the immense iron ram on the bow. The wreck has 12 two-inch chains now under her in position for raising.
300 TONS HAMMERED PLATING.
All the plating that formed a part of the "Ironsides," now at League Island, on the stone foundation of the wall, in good situation for easy shipment; about 300 tons of the best quality hammered plating, 12 to 15 feet long, 24 to 30 inches wide, 4½ inches thick, in perfectly good condition for any use again. A number of the plates can be seen at Reed street wharf, city.
Terms at sale.

ASSIGNEES' SALE
OF
Valuable Real Estate.
By virtue of an order of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, the undersigned, Assignees of DAVID H RYALL, a Bankrupt, are directed and empowered to make sale of the Real Estate of said Bankrupt, situate partly in Westmoreland county and partly in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, free of all liens and incumbrances. Said estate consists of a Farm of 444 Acres, situate partly in Rostraver township and partly in Elizabeth township, counties aforesaid—having thereon erected a Brick Mansion House, two good Barns and other Outbuildings; one of said Barns is the largest and finest in the State.
Said Farm is first quality, and in a high state of cultivation, and is underlaid with the best quality of Youghiogheny Coal, contiguous to the Monongahela river in Pool No. 3, and within easy distance from the Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Railroad, and is also immediately on the line of the Hempfield Railroad, now being located, with Churches and Schools in the immediate vicinity, and good Markets for produce all around. A rare chance for capitalists.
It will be sold at public outcry, on the premises, on TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF MARCH, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.
The purchaser will be required to deposit with the Assignees $1,000 at close of sale. Other conditions made known on day of sale.
Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested that the Assignees will petition said Court at Pittsburgh to confirm said sale, (provided the same be sold), on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of April next.
For further particulars or information, address the undersigned, at Rostraver, Pa.
BELA B. SMITH,
E. F. HOUSEMAN,
Assignees in Bankruptcy.
TTbs

Assignees' Sale in Bankruptcy.
The undersigned assignees of the "Walls Mining and Manufacturing Company," in bankruptcy, under orders of the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of Illinois, will sell, at Public Auction, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri,
ON FRIDAY, MARCH 22D, 1872,
At 12 o'clock, M., all the property of the said Walls Mining and Manufacturing Company, as follows: About twenty-one and 6-100 (21 61-100) acres of Land, fronting 809 feet on the Mississippi river, at Grand Tower, Jackson county, Illinois, on which are eight Tenement Houses, Brick Engine House, and Frame Stock and Cast House, one Stable and the Furnace, which stands about 300 feet from the bank of the river, with a good Landing. The Furnace shell is built of plate iron, supported upon iron columns; is 26½ feet in diameter, and is at present lined to 16½ feet, 56 feet high, with bell and cone top, 8 feet hearth. The blast machinery consists of a Beam Engine, 36 in. steam cylinder, 8 feet blast cylinder, 8 feet stroke; has 8 Cylinder Boilers, 42 in. diameter, 60 feet long; 2 Auxiliary Boilers for working, hoisting and crushing engines. The hot blast consists of 8 Bed-pipes and 96 Syphons of usual size. The Coal is delivered into the Stock Houses, on cars, from the Mount Carbon Mines, and the Ore is taken from barges by means of Hydraulic Hoists, and delivered by overhead Railroad Track. The Furnace is new, and everything about it is fitted up in a substantial manner, and can be soon put in operation. Also, a quantity of Iron Ore, estimated to be about three hundred tons, more or less. A quantity of Coke, estimated to be about twelve thousand bushels, more or less. Various articles of Household Furniture in the house occupied by Wm. J. Montgomery, custodian. A Blacksmith Shop, containing Tools of various kinds; lot of Bar Iron and Steel; one large Engine, 1 Crusher, 1 small horse-power Engine, 1 Iron Tank, Crabs, Buggies, &c., for mooving iron ore, &c., about 20 tons Iron in rough state; Limestone, Fire-brick, Lumber, 2 Fairbank Scales, 1 Iron Scale, 1 Saddle, Harness for mules, 1 Wagon, 2 Carts. Also the right, title and interest of the Company in the contract between the Grand Tower Mining and Manufacturing Company and Sickle, Harrison & Co., assigned to the "Walls Mining and Manufacturing Company;" the franchises of the Walls Mining and Manufacturing Company and the franchise of the Gulver Company, a body politic and corporate under the laws of the State of Illinois. In addition to the above, and to be sold with the same, are included the tracks, trestle work, wharf—office on the same, Railroad Bars, Pipe (gas and other), Cord Wood, Lead Pipe, Tuyeres, Rope, Scrap Iron, Fire Brick, Coal and all property not mentioned belonging to the said Walls Mining and Manufacturing Company's estate. The terms of sale to be as follows: The sum of five thousand dollars to be paid cash in hand at the time and place of sale, and the remainder of one-third of the purchase money to be paid within ten days from the day of sale; the remaining two-thirds to be paid respectively in three months and six months from the day of sale, the purchaser or purchasers giving as security for the deferred payments (in addition to a vendor's lien, to be reserved in the deed of conveyance,) bond in double the amount, to be secured with two or more sureties, who shall justify in a sum of double the amount of the purchase money, or be approved by the Court; said bonds to be made and executed on the day of sale; conditioned for the payment of the promissory notes hereafter mentioned, and to be void on the full and complete payment of the purchase money and the costs and expenses of conveying the premises to the purchaser. The purchaser or purchasers shall also execute to the assignees their promissory notes for said deferred payments, bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from date until paid, with the privilege, at any time prior to the maturity of said notes, of paying off and discharging the same, and shall pay the costs of executing deed or deeds of conveyance to them.
For further information apply to George L. Huntington, one of the assignees, at Springfield, Illinois.
WILLIAM BROWN,
GEORGE L. HUNTINGTON,
Assignees.
Springfield, Illinois, January 13, 1872. TuF

For Sale or Rent.
MULVANY
Flint Glass Works Property.
The valuable Flint Glass Works Property, known as the Mulvany Glass Works, situated on the bank of the Monongahela river, in Birmingham, opposite Pittsburgh, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets; fronting on Water street 190 feet, and extending back 378 feet on front of Seventeenth street and 361 feet on front of Sixteenth street. The main buildings are nearly new, and contain TWO TEN-POT FURNACES, Mixing, Lear, Packing, Cutting, Mould and Store Rooms, Engine and Blacksmith Shop, together with Warehouse, Out-Buildings, &c., in fact, everything appertaining to a first-class Flint Glass Works, and all in complete order for immediate occupancy and business.
Possession can be had at once.
The actual wants of the factory do not require all the grounds attached, and a proposition would be entertained for the sale of that portion of the property not occupied by the factory buildings. For further particulars apply to either of the undersigned.
N. P. FETTERMAN, Attorney, No. 139 Fourth avenue.
JOHN MELLON, Attorney, Corner of Grant and Diamond streets.
JAS. E. LEDLIE, at C. Ihmsen & Sons, Nos. 133 and 135 First avenue.
PITTSBURGH, December 12, 1871.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
By virtue of an order from the Orphans' Court I will offer at PUBLIC OUTCRY the following property: 1 Farm, situate in Franklin township, Armstrong county, adjoining lands of Thomas Patterson and Michael Callahan, containing 100 acres, more or less, with a Double Log House and Barn thereon erected; about 70 acres cleared and under good fence, with a good Orchard thereon growing. The whole farm is underlaid with Coal and Limestone. Will be sold at public outcry, on the premises, on the 29TH OF MARCH, at 1 o'clock.
Also, on the 30TH OF MARCH, at 1 o'clock, 1 Brick House, containing 8 rooms, and 10 Town Lots in the borough of Freeport.
Also, seven-eighths interest in a large and complete Distillery and 17 Building Lots in Buffalo township, Butler county, at the junction of the Butler and West Penn Railroad, near Freeport.
For further information inquire of
JAMES McCONEGLY, Freeport.

TIMBER LAND
FOR SALE.
One Thousand Acres White Pine Timber, intermixed with Oak, Chestnut and Hemlock, on Little Toby and Step Creeks, three miles north of Clarion Borough, Clarion county, two and one-half miles from Clarion river. One-half the Land excellent for farming, and underlaid with Coal. This Land is near the new oil development at Clarion and Blyson's Run, but is very valuable for Timber and Coal, oil or no oil. Title indisputable.
B. J. REID, Titusville, Pa.

FOR SALE.
MANSION AND GROUNDS
Mulvany Mansion and Grounds attached for sale. The large three-story Brick Dwelling, situated on the corner of Sidney and Eighteenth streets, East Birmingham, together with the Vacant Lots adjoining, the whole fronting 120 feet on Eighteenth street, and extending back 109 feet to a 24 feet street. Would be sold as a whole or the Lots divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars, apply to either of the undersigned.
N. P. FETTERMAN, Attorney, No. 139 Fourth avenue.
JOHN MELLON, Attorney, Corner Grant and Diamond sts.
JAMES E. LEDLIE, At C. Ihmsen & Sons, No. 133 and 135 First ave.
Pittsburgh, December 12, 1871.

PLOW FACTORY
FOR SALE OR LEASE.
The attention of Manufacturers is invited to the Valuable Property which is offered for sale with GOOD WILL AND TRADE, MACHINERY AND FIXTURES, now doing a large Trade. Will be sold or Leased on very liberal terms. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. For particulars inquire at
121 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.